BRADEN'S COUGH CURE
WILL CURE YOUR COLD.
TRY A BOTTLE.
D. E. CAMPBELL, PROPRIETOR.

The Daily Colonist.

DR. FLINT'S IMPURE BLOOD. THE BEST
As a spring medicine and the speediest and most thorough method of expelling corrupt matter from the blood, use Dr. Flint's Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla.
DEAN & CRYDERMAN,
57 Yates St. Sole Agents for B.C.

VOL LXVII.--NO. 105. VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA, SUNDAY APRIL 17, 1892. THIRTY-FOURTH YEAR.

BRITISH COLUMBIA
LAND and INVESTMENT AGENCY, L'd
HEAD OFFICE, 15 Serjeant's Inn, Fleet Street, LONDON, ENGLAND.
DIRECTORS IN LONDON: T. D. GALPIN, T. ALLSOP, W. WALTER.
The business of ALLSOP & MASON has been merged in the above Company, and will be carried on by the Company from this date as a general Land Investment and Insurance Agency.
MONEY TO LOAN on Mortgage at Low Rates.
Town Lots and Farming Lands for Sale on Easy Terms.
Time deposits in large or small amounts received at interest.
LOCAL DIRECTORS: HENRY S. MASON, C. A. HOLLAND.
Victoria, B. C., May 16th, 1887. jo24-tf-dw

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.
A. W. JONES & BRIDGMAN
HAVE
Removed Into New Offices
AT
NO. 28 FORT STREET, FIVE SISTERS' BLOCK.

L. B. HAMLIN, C. E. and D. L. S. FRANCIS BOURCHIER, Notary Public.
HAMLIN, BOURCHIER & CO.
SYNDICATE
AND
ESTATE - BROKERS,
Fort Street.

The Legislature of the Province of British Columbia
Has granted a LAND SUBSIDY OF 10,240 ACRES PER MILE
to aid in the construction of the
NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RAILWAY
OF WHICH THE
CITY OF KOOTENAY
FORMS THE
SOUTHERN TERMINUS.
The plan of the City of Kootenay can be seen at the Victoria agents' office.
LEE & FRASER, TROUNCE AVENUE.

NOTICE.
If your watch wants repairing, bring it to us, and we will guarantee satisfaction.
We also make a specialty of MANUFACTURING and REPAIRING all kinds of JEWELRY at the lowest possible price. We solicit a trial.
DAVIDSON BROS.,
Five Sisters' Block, 59 Government St.

MONAVALE FARM
FOR SALE IN
10-ACRE BLOCKS.
Situate on Saanich Road, About 7½ Miles from P.O.
Good land, suitable for Chicken Ranches, Orchards or Market Gardens. Good Spring all the year round.
$50 TO $125 PER ACRE.
TERMS EASY.
SWINERTON & ODDY,
REAL ESTATE BROKERS AND NOTARIES PUBLIC,
ap9-12m N. W. Corner Government and Yates Streets.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—Manager for branch office; entirely new business enterprise in connection with World's Fair; liberal arrangements; first-class references required; enclose stamp. D. C. Boley, 358 Dearborn street, Chicago. ap17

WANTED—A neat girl of 15 or 16 years to assist with house work, one used to children. Apply 35 Fort street. ap17

YOUTH WANTED—For copying, must write well and rapidly. Apply in applicant's own writing, stating salary required, to G., Colonist Office. ap17

LOST—A pair gold cuff buttons and cuffs, at shooting match at Grant's addition, on Good Friday; finder will be rewarded by leaving them at Weiler Bros.

TWO gentlemen can be accommodated with newly furnished bay window bed-rooms; use of sitting-room and piano. Breakfast if desired. Apply, M. S., COLONIST. ap17

PURE NEW MILK.
J. A. Salt having made arrangements for a supply of milk from a Saanich dairy farm, is now prepared to supply, wholesale or retail, at the usual price. Guaranteed pure A postal card will receive prompt attention. ap17-2t

NOTICE.
All accounts due Wm. O'Reilly & Co., of the Argyle House, must be paid to Mr. John Homer, at once, or they shall be put into lawyers' hands.
WM. O'REILLY & CO.
April 16, 1892. ap17

HOTEL JANION.
Look to the left on leaving train, for Hotel Janion. No need to hire hack. One minute will find you in a comfortable room, with first-class accommodation, at moderate prices.
Rooms with or without board.
ap1 17 W. WALKER.

B. C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.
THE ANNUAL DINNER of the society will take place at the New York Hotel on Saturday next, 23rd inst., at 8 p. m.
Tickets may be obtained from the committee: H. Mansell, A. Graham, H. A. Levin, J. Hepworth, or from the undersigned.
JOHN J. AUSTIN,
ap17-td Sec'y.

B. C. Pioneer Society.
Members are requested to attend in full force at the next Regular Meeting at the Society's Hall, Broad street, on Wednesday, 4th of May, 1892. Special business (in addition to regular routine) consideration of Amendment to Article 3, of Constitution.
By order. THOS. FLEWIN, President.

VICTORIA - THEATRE.
JAMES COLLINS, Manager.
TUESDAY & WEDNSEDAY | APRIL 19 & 20
Engagement of the Original and Peerless
CORINNE
Supported by the
Kimball Opera Comique Co.
Under the sole management of MRS. JENNIE KIMBALL, presenting London and New York's latest success,
"CARMEN UP TO DATA"
60—ARTISTS—60
A great Cast. Special and Elaborate Scenery. A Superb Chorus. Grand Marches and Ballet. Prices, 50 cents, $1.00 and $1.50. ap17

VICTORIA - THEATRE.
THURSDAY & FRIDAY | APRIL 21 & 22
A Millionaire's Feast of Merriment. M. V. Leavitt's Grand Spectacular Pantomime Burlesque,
SPIDER AND FLY
Organized in Europe at an outlay of over $20,000.
46--EUROPEAN CELEBRITIES--46
Magnificent Costumes by Charles Alias, of London. Gorgeous Scenery by Martin & Young, New York. First appearance of the
GREAT ALHAMBRA BALLET
Headed by the Star Danseuse, MINNIE THURGATE, assisted by Sixteen Beautiful Dancers from the Alhambra, London. The latest Drury Lane successes, "THE TANDEM" and "ON THE ROOF." Prices, $1.25, $1.00 and 50 cents.

The Queen's Birthday Celebration.
A public meeting will be held at the City Hall on Friday, the 21st of April, at 8 o'clock p.m., to consider the best method of celebrating the birthday of Her Majesty the Queen.
ROBT. BEAVEN, MAYOR.
16th April, 1892. ap17

RUSTIC OF ALL KINDS IN STOCK —AND— MADE TO ORDER.
CHRISTIE BROS., 109 Fort St.
ap11

WALL PAPER.
ROOM MOULDINGS.
The finest and most select stock in the Province at
J. W. MELLOR'S,
PAINTER, ETC.,
76 & 78 Fort St., above Douglas.
ap12

Reduction in Milk.
Owing to the high price of milk, ask your grocer for Highland Brand Evaporated Cream and dilute to taste. It makes a delicious, rich cream for half the price of ordinary cow's cream. *

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE.

Improvement in the Spring Salmon Catch—Heavy Snow North of the Island.

Man and Wife Arrested for Suffocating Their Child—Meeting at Westminster.

WESTMINSTER.

NEW WESTMINSTER, April 16. — The spring salmon run continues to improve steadily, and yesterday was the best catch of the season. E. H. Port & Co.'s boats brought 175 fine fish, and other fishing firms report equally good results.

During the gale of Thursday night the frame of the new English church at Steveston was blown down. The contractor, however, will not lose much, as the damage was easily repaired.

A sad accident occurred on the shore of Woodward's Slough, Lulu Island, during the gale of Thursday afternoon, resulting in the death of a bright little boy, John William Victor, the seven year old son of John Green, a well-known farmer. He was playing on the dyke, not far from his father's house. A fierce gale was blowing at the time, and it is supposed the little chap was lifted from his feet by a strong gust and carried into the water, where, no help being at hand, he was speedily drowned. The drowning must have occurred between 6 and 7 o'clock, as Johnny was missed before dark, and had been seen not long previous. When it once became known that the little lad had disappeared, a search was instituted all over the neighborhood and along the shore, but no signs of the missing boy were found. The body was recovered at daybreak, yesterday.

A man named Gardner, and his wife, have been arrested on a charge of suffocating their infant child.

New Westminster beat Northfield at Association football at Queen's park to-day, in the semi-final for the championship of British Columbia and silver cup, by four goals to nil. The following were the teams: Westminster—Goal, Peele; backs, Allion, Annandale; half backs, Ryal, Field, Forin; forwards, Mails, A. Spillsbury, Smith, B. Spillsbury and Wilkie. Northfield—Goal, J. Turner; backs, B. Donelly, W. Simpson; half backs, Sim Dunsmore, J. Gaffney, A. Charlton; forwards, B. Stuart, R. Russell, J. Irwin, J. Crutchley and J. McKay. Referee, W. McKenzie; umpires, A. McBroom and C. H. Young. The first game was taken in 15 minutes by B. Spillsbury, and the second in 30 minutes by a combination of Spillsbury brothers and Wilkie; the third in six minutes by Smith, and the fourth in eight minutes by Spillsbury. At the end of the first half, Northfield continued to play under a written protest that the gaol posts were but 8 feet 10 inches and 8 feet feet 6 inches high respectively.

Surveyors were at work on the second track of the Westminster and Vancouver tramway line, to-day. To-day was reported to be the largest passenger day on record over the road.

Whetham College lacrosse team won the match, to-day, between the Westminster High school club and the former team, at Westminster, by two goals to one.

The Provincial Government sergeant-at-arms, is at the Colonial hotel, Westminster. He was a passenger on the Islander, this morning.

About a thousand people attended a meeting, to-night, held in favor of free speech and a free press. A little ancient history was read by some of the pioneers. The resolutions passed, apparently, without opposition.

Moved by Dr. Cooper, seconded by John E. Lord: Whereas Messrs. J. M. and Robt. Kennedy, publishers of the Columbian, have been summoned by a majority of the Provincial Legislature, at the instigation of the Government, to appear before the bar of the House to answer for an alleged libel against certain members and a high contempt of the privileges of Legislature, and whereas the Government is following a system of tyrannical persecution against the Columbian in this matter; be it therefore resolved, that we consider such prosecution a deliberate attack on the liberty of the press and the rights of free speech, and part of a system by which a Government, condemned by a large majority of the people of the province, hopes to silence the voice of an outraged community.

And be it further resolved, that we request Mr. J. M. and Robt. Kennedy, to consider themselves as our wards, and that we advise them to take no steps without the knowledge and sanction of the Executive committee, to be appointed by this meeting, as we consider the action of the Government, in this matter, to be directed against the people as well as against them."

The motion was carried unanimously.

A committee, consisting of a large number of prominent citizens, was appointed as the executive.

The second resolution was moved by James Beer, seconded by Thomas Turnbull, that the Premier of the Province, when he stated in the House, on Monday last, that a public meeting, held in this city two weeks ago, was packed by communists and socialists, was guilty of a deliberate falsehood, and of offering a foul and atrocious insult to this community. Carried unanimously.

NANAIMO.

NANAIMO, April 16.—Good Friday passed off in a very quiet manner. Many people availed themselves of the advantage of the excursion train to Victoria, and others went to Vancouver.

A football match between the Nanaimo juniors and the Northfield association teams, took place at Northfield yesterday. Northfield scored two goals, against no goal for Nanaimo.

A new steam shovel arrived here from Victoria, this morning, to be used in filling in on the E. & N. railroad. Engineers are making a careful examination of all the bridges.

The third anniversary ball of the Miners' and Mine Laborers' Protective Association, will be given in the opera house on Monday, May 3d.

ALBERNI.

ALBERNI, B.C., April 12.—The weather continues broken, with cold winds.

A few more men have gone to work at the paper mill site. As there is no accommodation for workers to spare, a boarding-house and lodging are needed convenient to the work.

There were a number of strangers in town last week.

Arrangements are being made for a "Mock Parliament" at the next regular meeting of the Alberni M. I. Association. The Government proposes to bring in a bill in favor of total prohibition for the Dominion, while the Opposition will defend the license system. All the members of the Mutual Improvement Association and Band of Hope will be given seats in the House.

CHEMAINUS.

CHEMAINUS, April 14.—Mr. Wilson, inspector of schools, paid his annual visit to thes chools of this district on the 6th.

Miss Mabel Palmer, who has been attending college in Victoria, has returned home to spend her Easter vacation.

Mr. Crozier's mother and sister arrived here on Wednesday last, from Ulster, Ireland.

Mr. McGary met with a misfortune, yesterday. While engaged putting machinery in the mill a falling shaft struck him on the arm, fracturing it below the elbow. Mr. Gribbson, captain of the Colorado, set it, and it is doing nicely.

The mill has been closed down for the past few weeks; but will resume operations on the arrival of the Norwegian bark Fritzoe, which is now past due, from San Francisco. The wharf extension is about completed.

Court was called, last week, to settle a difficulty among some Chinamen, but owing to the disappearance of the defendant they were unable to proceed. It seems one of them had illegally disposed of a house and decamped with the money.

Several sportsmen from Victoria have been trying their skill at angling during the past few weeks, but being so early in the season, fortune did not favor them.

"United effort is the secret to success." The I.O.G.T., organized here on February last, by Mr. Bushell, of Washington, has not been inactive in its work of moral reform, and many noticeable signs of reformation must be encouraging to its members. The membership now numbers 25. The lodge purpose holding an open meeting on the evening of the second Wednesday in May.

There have been heavy falls of snow on the mountains, and, consequently, the weather has been colder and somewhat wet. However, we should not complain, after enjoying three months of delightful weather.

The Daisy arrived, to-night, from Victoria. She will return, to-morrow, with a scow-load of lumber for the Victoria yard.

VANCOUVER.

VANCOUVER, April 16.—The Marquis of Queensberry will erect a handsome block at the southwest corner of Seymour and Pender streets, Vancouver.

The Edison Electric company are also to erect a fine block on the opposite corner.

TORONTO TOPICS.

Sir Adolphe Caron to Face His Accusers—Canadian Wheelmen's Association—The Championship Races.

TORONTO, April 16.—The Mail's Montreal correspondent says he has been informed by a prominent Conservative that, notwithstanding the declaration made by the Minister of Justice, there will be an investigation, at the present session of Parliament, into the charges made against Sir Adolphe Caron.

The board of directors of the Canadian Wheelmen's Association held their annual meeting here. Hereafter the championship will be half mile, one mile, three miles and five miles races, on safeties only, ordinaries not being recognized; coaching is prohibited. Hands off and slow races are abolished. This year's annual meet will be held at Kingston. The country was divided into new districts. Ontario is as before; Quebec, the Maritime Provinces, Manitoba, the Northwest Territories and British Columbia are made into districts.

CANADIAN.

Pacaud Becomes Sole Proprietor of L'Electeur—A Libel Suit Decided in Favor of a Newspaper.

GLENCOE, April 16.—Huston Bros'. grain warehouse, has been burned.

LANARK, April 16.—A fire destroyed the Clyde Milling Co.'s mill, and Caldwell & Sons' saw mill; loss $30,000.

LONDON, April 16.—As several boys were shooting at a mark yesterday, Fred Wilson, aged 13, went too near the target, when a bullet struck him, passing through his body. He will die.

QUEBEC, April 16.—Ernest Pacaud, editor-in-chief of L'Electeur, has purchased the complete control of that paper as well as all the interests in the Belleau & Co. firm of publishers and printers. Hereafter L'Electeur will appear only as an evening paper.

WINDSOR, April 16.—The libel suit of Mrs. Tiffany, of Detroit, against A. McNee, proprietor of the Windsor Recorder, being one of a number of suits entered against various papers by Mrs. Tiffany and Dr. Metcalfe, also of Detroit, for damages for publishing alleged libellous statements regarding the relations of the pair, was concluded in favor of the defendant.

WINNIPEG, April 16.—About six hundred settlers from the maritime provinces arrived here, to-day, also a number of delegates from Maine and the New England States. The latter will select lands for their friends, who are coming to assist in filling up the Northwest.

ST. CATHARINES, April 16.—At midnight a fire started in the Palace Ice rink, and spread in every direction. The Palace rink, together with several dwelling houses on Lake street, many residences on Wellington street, and adjoining property on James street, were destroyed. The greatest confusion prevailed. The loss, so far, will amount to upwards of $100,000.

Queen's Birthday Celebration.
A public meeting has been called for Thursday evening next to make preparations for the Queen's Birthday celebration, which, it is expected, will, this year, be conducted on a more extensive scale than heretofore. An excellent and varied programme is promised.

Easter Cards at Hibben & Co.'s.

Tennis players will do well to read the ad., of M. W. Wait & Co., in another column. *

REQUIESCAT.

Death of Hon. A. Mackenzie, Formerly Premier of the Dominion.

Brief Reference to His Career as a Liberal and Party Leader.

TORONTO, April 16. — Hon. Alexander Mackenzie, ex-Premier of Canada, died at 12:40 this morning.

Hon. Mr. Mackenzie will be well known by every Canadian as having been, at the beginning of 1873, elected, with Hon A. A. Dorion, joint leader of the Liberal party of Canada, being in November of the same year called upon to form an administration in succession to that of Sir John A. Macdonald, which had, at that time, resigned in connection with matters relating to the construction of the Canadian Pacific railway. He was born in Perthshire, Scotland, in 1822, and, having learned the business of a mason and architect, came over to Canada in 1842, where, after working some time at the former trade, he became a contractor, being practically connected with several important public works. He was, for some years, editor of the Lambton Shield, a Reform paper, his brother Hope representing Lambton county, and afterwards North Oxford, in the Canada Assembly. Mr. Alexander Mackenzie was prominently connected with military and other public movements.

The deceased sat for Lambton in the Canada Assembly from 1861 until the Union, being returned to the House of Commons for the same seat, in 1872. He was a member of Mr. Blake's Ontario Government from December, 1871, until October, 1872, when, with Mr. Blake, he abandoned the Provincial House to devote himself to Dominion affairs. After the 1872 elections there was considerable friction between the Liberals of Ontario and those of Quebec, owing to the wide divergence of opinion and local interests, Mr. Mackenzie being finally chosen to represent Ontario in the party leadership. On his assumption of office a few months later Mr. Mackenzie took the portfolio of Public Works, which department probably never had a more painstaking or better posted head. His views with regard to the Canadian Pacific Railway and the necessity for its early construction differed widely from those of many members of the House, and were at utter variance with those of the people of this province, as in his opinion neither the requirements of the Dominion nor the condition of the finances warranted the incurrence of the expenditures that it would involve. He, however, like Hon. Mr. Blake, lived to see the time when his views became much modified, and instead of a system of half rail and half water, as he had previously advocated, he was glad to find that the entire road had been built so expeditiously, and, despite his own forebodings, at so comparatively cheap a cost. In October, 1878, the Government of which he was at the head resigned, but for some time thereafter he retained the leadership of the party. Failing health, however, compelled him to retire from that position, although he retained his seat in the House.

He was a Liberal, not only in name, but in fact, having, as his biography describes, "always held those principles which, by some in England, may be considered peculiar, of the brotherhood of man, no matter in what rank of life he may have taken his origin. He believed thoroughly in party Government, and that it is utterly impossible to conduct the Government of a new country without it. While an earnest advocate and upholder of the present connection with the Mother Country, he would always endeavor to maintain Canadian rights and to bring Canada into prominence in the eyes of the world."

When in the Mother Country in 1875, he was presented with the freedom of Irvine, Dundee and Perth, and visited Her Majesty at Windsor Castle. In 1881, when again in Scotland, he was presented with the freedom of Inverness, and it has been stated it was suggested to him that it would be the pleasure of Her Majesty to confer upon him some signal mark of her appreciation of his services to Canada and the Empire. This, however, it is said, he respectfully declined, and remained plain Alexander Mackenzie until the end of his days.

He was eminently an honest and able man, albeit, when in office, the fact of his undertaking the work of so extensive a department as that of Public Works is thought to have considerably hampered him as the leader of his party.

He may be said to have been one of the best speakers in the House of Commons, there was no redundant verbiage; he was eminently practical and to the point, and of him it may well be said that he never spoke unless he had something to say. He was, while apparently hard-headed and practical, a particularly kind and considerate man, and every one who knew him held him in the highest esteem. His loss will be deeply regretted, not only by his party friends, but by people in all parts of the country, who admired him for his qualities of heart and brain.

"Prythee have done,
And do not play * * * * with that
Which is so serious. Let us bury him,
And not protract with admiration what
Is now due debt. To the grave!"

FROM MONTREAL.

Death of Senator Stevens—To Break Up the Ice Jam at Quebec.

MONTREAL, April 16.—The funeral of Mr. William Edgar, formerly of the Grand Trunk railroad, which took place this afternoon, was largely attended by railway men from all parts of Canada and the United Ttates.

An effort is to be made to break up the ice jam in the St. Lawrence, near Quebec, so as to facilitate the opening of navigation. The river opposite Montreal is clear of ice, and ocean vessels are expected to arrive next week. With the opening of navigation a hervy export of grain is expected, over two million bushels having already been consigned by Western shippers.

The Dominion Prohibition Commission, of which Sir Joseph Hickson is chairman, will commence its work here on Tuesday next.

The death of Luke Robertson (query Robinson), of Waterloo, Quebec, one of the oldest Masons in the province, is announced.

Madame Albani, the famous diva, is spending a few days in Chambly, her birthplace.

Alderman Robert, appointed chief culler for this port by the Mercier Government, has been dismissed from office by the De Boucherville administration.

Hon. Gardines Green Stevens, member of the senate, died at Knowlton, yesterday, aged 52. Deceased was a Liberal and was appointed in 1876. Senator Stevens was the son of one of the earliest settlers in the Eastern Townships and was born at Brompton Falls in 1814. He was president of the Stanstead, Shefford and Chambly Railway and once president of the Eastern Townships' Bank. He was an intimate friend and distant relative of the late Hon. L. S. Huntington.

CAPITAL NOTES.

Mr. Edgar to Formulate Specific Charges Against Sir Adolphe Caron.

Location of the Victoria Powder Magazine—Reduction of the Customs Staff.

From our own Correspondent.

OTTAWA, Ont., April 15.—Mr. Edgar says that he will prefer charges against Sir Adolphe Caron of a more specific character, and will formulate them next week.

Good Friday was generally observed here; nothing doing.

Senator Stevens died at Waterloo, Quebec, to-day.

Col. Holmes' report suggesting the location proposed for the new powder magazine at Esquimalt has reached the department. Locality suggested is a reef in West Bay, about 100 feet east of the barracks property. It is questionable whether the Government will adopt Col. Holmes suggestion, as the cost of a bridge to reach the rock would swallow the whole appropriation.

Produce dealers in Britain report that the quality of Canadian cheese which was marketed there last year was better than ever.

Three graduates of the Canadian Military College, Messrs. Panet, Adams and Harwell, have been ordered to Burmah with the Royal Engineers.

The Inland Revenue Department report that Canadian lard is adulterated with cotton seed oil. Prosecutions are to follow.

Fourteen employes of the census staff have received notice to leave. The compilation is rapidly approaching completion.

CABLE NEWS.

A New Cable.

LONDON, April 16.—Steamer Silverton sails from London, about May 1st, with over two thousand miles of telegraph cable, which she will lay between St. Louis, Senegal, West Africa, and the Island of Fernando de Noronba, about 125 miles from the Brazilian coast. This will be the beginning of a new line between Europe and South America.

Diplomatic Relations Renewed.

ROME, April 16.—Baron Fana has received instructions from the government to return to Washington and resume his duties as Italian minister to the United States.

An Assassin Arrested.

MADRID, April 16.—The police have arrested the assassin of Father Francisco Marti, who was beheaded while conducting services in a church at Anglesoa, in the Province of Lerida, on Good Friday. The murderer has been identified.

The Cotton Strike.

LONDON, April 16.—Negotiations are already on foot which it is thought will lead to a speedy settlement of the great strike in Lancashire, where nearly all the mills are shut down.

Catholicism in Germany.

BERLIN, April 16.—Count Balleslem, leader of the Catholic party in the Reichstag, speaking of the primary education bill, at Breslau, to-day, declared that the Government had yielded to a few shouting Free Thinkers, renegade Catholics, and reformed Jews. He said that the Catholics must continue their struggle to obtain an equality with the Protestants. He complained that there was not a single Catholic in the higher civil service ranks, and that not one member of the party had the ear of the Emperor. He added that one of the chief aims of his party is to secure the return of the Jesuits.

Empress of China.

HONGKONG, April 16.— The Canadian Pacific steamship Empress of China sailed from here to-day for Victoria and Vancouver.

To the Front.
Jackson's Irish tweed, serge and summer freize suitings to hand this day.

A telegram from Melbourne says that the government has acceded to a request made by the solicitor for Deeming that a medical board be appointed to make an inquiry into the prisoner's mental condition, on condition that the crown be represented on the board.

A GALAXY OF SPORTS.

Baseball, Lacrosse, Cricket and Other Athletic Games for the Easter Holidays.

To-Morrow's Attractions—The Games of Friday and Saturday—Some Fine Shooting.

AFTER a week of indifferent sunshine and storm the weather, on Good Friday, was everything that could be desired, and the streets of the city were practically deserted at midday, everyone seeking Beacon Hill to witness baseball and cricket, or betaking themselves to the Gorge, where a flotilla of pleasure craft lay till the chill evening breeze warned the rowers to return. It was the opening day of the season for cricket and baseball, and the Albion and Dockyard clubs opposed each other at the English game on the grounds of the former club, whilst the Victoria Athletic and James Bay Baseball clubs played the first match of their series at the American National game.

BASEBALL.

THE JAMES BAYS VS. THE V. A. C.'s

Colonel Sam Sea's men had a picnic in the first game of the season with the V. A. C., winning in a canter. It was a great game, and everybody seemed happy, except the gentleman that tried to catch a ball on his new Christy. The Colonel, with a beautiful bouquet in his coat, sat on the bench all smiles—for everything came his way. The usual crowd of small boys made themselves conspicuous around the different points of the diamond, and their shrill cries were rather too encouraging. Jackson and Hannon were the features of the game, their battery work being the admiration of everyone. Although suffering from a weak arm, Jackson soon gauged the form of the opposing batters, and it didn't take him a week to do it. Ball after ball sailed straight up the centre aisle into Hannan's hair mattress, there to find a secure resting place. Lenfesty pitched a very good game until the seventh innings, when something went wrong, and a concussion took place which resembled the blasting in the Douglas street sewer, and the ball went sailing away toward the bear pit. If Lenfesty was tired the batters were not, and five times it went in the same direction. Huxtable was like a full blown peach, and resembled a pea on a drum. The base playing of Wishart and Widdowson was exceptionally good, as was also that of Scott and Hayes. In fact everyone fielded well. Franklin's catch in the crowd near third, Gowen's at centre and Brunell's in the same place brought down the crowd. It is to be regretted that Capt. Gouge met with an accident just before the game and sprained his ankle. He would doubtless have been of great assistance, Taking into consideratiou the bad weather of late, which has allowed but little practice, both teams put up good ball, and continually being in the field will tend to make both teams put up fine ball as the season advances.

SCORE.

James Bay.	R.	H.	E.	V. A. C.	R.	H.	E.
Widdowson, 2b	0	0	0	Hayes, 2b	0	0	0
Franklin, 3b	0	0	0	Robinson, 3b	0	0	0
Hannan, c	0	1	0	Huxtable, c	0	1	0
Williams, s.s	1	0	0	Smith, s.s	0	0	2
Gowen, c.f	1	0	0	Burnell, c.f	0	1	1
Hewlett, l.f	1	1	1	Wrigglesworth	0	0	2
Wishart, 1b	1	1	1	Scott, J., 1b	0	2	0
Meade, r.f	2	2	0	Scott, W., r.f	1	1	0
Jackson, p	2	1	0	Lenfesty, p	0	0	0
Total	8	6	2	Total	1	5	5

James Bay.....0 0 2 0 0 1 5 0 *—8
V. A. C.....0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—1

2 base hits—Jackson, W. Scott; 3 b. h.—Hewlett; s.b—Jackson, Hayes, Scott, Brunell; b. on balls—Wishart, Hayes; b. on hit by p.—Gowen, Franklin; s.o.—Jackson 12, Lenfesty 10; p.b.—Hannan 2; w.p.—Jackson 1, Lenfesty 2.

Umpire—J. Haverlden.

THE GUN.

At their new grounds at Oak Bay the Victoria Gun club held their first meeting, and considering the slight amount of practice so far indulged in by the members the scores were very creditable. Peoria black birds were used, and quite a number of spectators enjoyed the sport. The following were the scores:

Routledge cup, final, 25 points possible. W. Bickford, 21; O. Weiler, 19; W. H. Adams, 19; J. Thompson, 14.

ROD AND REEL (Given by Short & Son).

S. Whittaker	10
A. Whittaker	11
W. Bickford	19
O. Weiler	20
W. H. Adams	14
H. N. Short	20
E. J. Wall	15
J. Switzer	8
R. Short	10
G. Giles	14
G. Wynne	16
E. Grigg	17
T. C. Smith	16
W. White	19
W. Henley	12
W. McCluskey	9
C. Weiler	15
H. O'Brien	6
R. George	12
J. Thompson	13
H. Clay	15
F. G. Norris	16
G. Stelly	9

Short and Weiler tied with 20 points apiece, and Mr. Short, being a member of the firm awarding the prize, did not wish to shoot off, and Mr. Weiler was declared the winner.

The following were the scores for the three cash prizes, $10 in each class:

FIRST CLASS.

O. Weiler	21
W. White	16
J. Thompson	16
W. Bickford	22
W. Henley	19
H. N. Short	21

SECOND CLASS.

W. H. Adams	17
J. Switzer	12
G. Wynne	16
A. Whittaker	11
E. J. Wall	15
H. Clay	14
F. G. Norris	17
E. Grigg	15

THIRD CLASS.

S. Whittaker	9
C. Weiler	16
T. Smith	19

The next shoot will be held at the club grounds to-morrow (Easter Monday).

LACROSSE.

The members of the Victoria Lacrosse Club were out in fine force at the Caledonian grounds, and a very lively practice was the result. On Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays a general practice will take place in the evening, and members are requested to attend as often as possible, as the club wishes to put its strongest team in the field against New Westminster on the Queen's Birthday. The shower bath in the club dressing room was well patronized on Friday, after the practice. Members wishing to take a little outdoor exercise can do so now without having the trouble of carrying their lacrosse suit and shoes to and from the grounds. About 20 lockers have been put in, and accommodation can be secured on application to the treasurer, Mr. Lowe.

CRICKET.

ROYAL DOCKYARD C.C. VS. ALBION C.C.

The cricket season of 1892 opened on Friday under most favorable circumstances with the above match, on the new ground of the Albion C.C., and although it was a trifle soft and slow, yet, considering that the weather of late had been altogether against practice, there were some fairly good scores made on both sides.

Goepel won the toss and decided to send the Albions to the wickets. The first two fell for three runs, and Hewitt was out by a very brilliant catch by McAnally in the long field; Pegram and Dunn played well for 12 each, the innings closing for 55.

For the Dockyard, Goodwin with 14 and Goepel with 23 showed very fair form, the latter being the last man out, with the total at 68—13 runs to the good.

In the second innings of the Albions, Schwengers (not out) 25 and Hewitt 17 played very well. The wicket keeping on both sides was very good, as the few extras will show. Pauline for the Albions and Clayards for the Dockyard filling this responsible position. The following is the score:—

ALBION C. C.

1st Innings.		2nd Innings.	
Thomas, b Goepel	3	b McAnally	9
Schwengers, c Goepel, b Wells	0	not out	25
Hewitt, c McAnally, b Goepel	6	c Excell, b Ferris	17
Martin, c and b Wells	1	b Goepel	8
Pegram, b Wells	12		
Medway, b Wells	4	b McAnally	1
Danby, b McAnally	2		
Pauline, b Wells	5	not out	4
Taylor, not out	6		
Dunn, c Goepel, b Ferris	12	c Clayards, b Wells	1
Martin, b McAnally	0	b Wells	3
Extras	4		3
Total	55		71

ROYAL DOCKYARD C. C.

Ferris, run out	3
Fuller, b H. Martin	8
Goodwin, c Thomas, b Dunn	14
McAnally, st Pauline, b H Martin	7
Goepel, b Medway	23
Innes, b Thomas	1
Clayards, c and b Thomas	0
Wells, c and b Thomas	6
James, b Medway	0
Excell, not out	2
Foster (sub.) st Pauline, b Medway	3
Extras	1
Total	68

CORRIG COLLEGE V. ALBION C. C.

Over 300 spectators assembled yesterday to watch the match between the Corrig College and the Albion C.C. at Beacon Hill. The weather was fine and the wicket all that could be desired. Corridg began the battery. The first 3 wickets soon fell to the bowling of Murray and Elliot, and things were dull for the College till Selkirk and Cartwright got together. Runs then came quickly till Selkirk was out from a very doubtful stump. Field knocked up in free style, but the last wicket fell quickly, Cartwright carrying out his bat for 31, scored by good cricket.

The Albions, who have not had the same practice as their youthful antagonists, did not make a very good show, and the side were all out for 42. Murray scored a capital 17, and B. Schwenger defended his wicket well for 5. G. Wilson bowled very well for the College, taking 5 wickets for only 13 runs. Elliot and Murray each took 5 wickets for the Albion Club.

The Albion batting was very good, but the bowling and fielding of the College boys spoke volumes for their careful coaching.

The score is appended:

Corrig College.		Albion C C.	
P. Macleod, c	1	J. Murray, r. o	0
D. Macleod, c	3	J. Brown, b	17
R. Wilson, b	0	C. Schwenger, b	3
C. Cartwright, n. o	31	J. Falls, r. o	3
R. Selkirk, s	8	B Schwenger, c	5
P. Higgins, c	0	McConnon, b	0
G. Wilson, c	0	R. Johnston, c	4
A. Field, c	8	B. Williams, c	1
F. Green, c	0	D. Williams, c	0
J. Rithet, b	0	H. Hewitt, n. o	3
S. Hartnagle, c	0	J. Elliot, c	2
Extras	11	Extras	1
Total	62	Total	42

QUOITS.

Among the seniors, this popular game will have quite a boom in Victoria during the coming season. Mr. George Fairbrother has made many improvements on his grounds at Spring Ridge, and a number of close and exciting games were played there on Friday afternoon.

TO-MORROW'S EVENTS.

The Easter Monday celebration at the Jockey Club grounds, promises to be one of the most successful ever held in this city.

Intending visitors will certainly have a plethora of amusements to choose from, as the programme is a very extended one, and for excellence can hardly be surpassed. The grounds will be open at mid-day, and the bicycle races will bring out most of the local champions, to contest in friendly rivalry, the supremacy of the tireless steed. The football contest for prizes will be hardly fought, and one of the most interesting items on the card is the tilting, by gentlemen of the city who originally hailed from the Land o' Cakes. They have been diligently practising for this event, and the novelty of the pastime will prove most attractive to those who have never seen this ancient Scottish sport. At present, there is a craze in the United States for tug-of-war tournaments, and the management have arranged one, which, from the composition of the teams, seems to be of the most open description. England, Ireland, Germany, the United States, and France, will be represented, and the strain on brawn and muscle would be sufficient, if properly applied, to raise the San Pedro.

In the evening a promenade concert will be given in the Agricultural Exhibition building. The sweet-toned soprano, Miss Heathfield, the prima donna of the Pirates of Penzance Company, will be assisted by Mr. and Mrs. Rowlands, baritone and contralto, and by Mr. J. Sterling Floyd, tenor. Mr. Rowlands will, by special request, sing "Madeline," a ballad, which has acquired a popularity greater than that enjoyed by any other song of recent composition. Selections will be given on mandolins and guitars, and a fine orchestra will perform throughout the day, making it one of complete enjoyment. That rival of the "Modern Sampson," Professor Richardes, will give exhibitions of his wonderful feats of strength, lifting enormous weights, breaking iron bars, and, by the mere contraction and expansion of his muscles, rending steel chains. Mr. Richardes is well known in the city, but the public never seem to tire of watching him emulate the feats of Cyr and Samson. Mr. Wm. Braden, the famous contortionist, is one of the finest artists in his line on the Pacific Coast, and his phenomenal tricks and eccentricities will be alone worth a visit to witness. In the evening the exhibition building and grounds will be most artistically illuminated, and the floor of the main hall has been specially prepared for those who wish to dance.

The E. & N. Railway Co. have made special arrangements to meet the expected influx of visitors to the celebration. Extra coaches will be added to the ordinary trains, and as a large number of visitors from Nanaimo and points along the line have signified their intention of coming to the city to attend the sports, a special train will arrive from Nanaimo in the afternoon, and will return with the excurtionists after the full programme at the Jockey Club Grounds has been fulfilled. If the weather will but continue to favor Victoria with its present attractiveness, Monday will be a gala day at the Driving Park.

Professor LeCroix, who has few equals on the slack wire, will give a wonderful exhibition of skill and daring in the art which Blondin made famous; but, perhaps, the most fascinating amusement of the afternoon will be the maypole dance. The revival of this pastime, a favorite one when England was "Merrie England" indeed, is sure to be successful, and will afford boundless amusement to the children who partake in it.

BILLIARDS.

A match at English billiards will be played in the city, within a few weeks, for a big stake, between ten or a dozen local players, who are well known for their powers with the cue. The match will be a handicap game, and will be played out in four runs.

FRANK L. CLINDENAN.

SOME CALL IT A MIRACLE.

Canadian and American Physicians were Defeated—A Boy's Extraordinary and Dangerous Condition—Neighbors and Friends Astonished—He is Cured—Paine's Celery Compound Does the Work.

Amongst the wonderful and remarkable cures effected by Paine's Celery Compound, during the last few months, that of young Frank L. Clindenan stands out prominently as a proof of the healing and restorative qualities of that most extraordinary remedy.

It is now a case of great prominence, owing to the fact that the boy's family is well known around the town of Welland Port, Lincoln County, Ont., and the whole story is vouched for by Mr. W. W. McKeague, the popular Welland Port druggist. The remarkable circumstances have given rise to great excitement throughout Lincoln County, and have induced the sick and suffering of all ages to use the same agent that restored to perfect health a dear son who was so terribly afflicted.

The following testimony from the boy's father, Mr. Walter Clindenan, will deeply impress the reader with the fact that no other agency on earth could have produced such astounding results:—

"Three years ago last February my boy, ten years old, was taken with what the doctors called catalepsy. Three doctors informed me that there was not any hope for him. Last April we tried a specialist in Buffalo, but he got worse and had fits—two in one day. On the 28th day of May I called on my druggist, W. W. McKeague, and he recommended Paine's Celery Compound, and when my boy had taken four bottles he was entirely well.

"Yours truly,
"WALTER CLINDENAN."

Desiring to have fuller information before publishing Mr. Clindenan's letter, we communicated with Mr. McKeague, who was acquainted with all the circumstances of the case, and can now give the reader a few extracts from the popular druggist's letter. He says: "The first time the boy came into my store his mother was with him, and told me that her boy took fits; and it so happened he had one while in the store. He stood perfectly motionless, did not fall or froth at the mouth, but you could yell at him to the top of your voice, and he could not hear. His mother told me if he was putting a cup of tea to his mouth, and got it half way up and a fit came on, he would hold it just in that position until recovered from the fit.

"The first doctor told the family it came from catalepsy; another said it came from the stomach, and treated him, but he got no better. They took him to four or five different doctors, but none of them helped him, and the fits came on more frequently. They took him to a specialist in Buffalo (specialist on fits alone); he gave them medicine for him, and after he had the bottle about half gone he got worse; he would froth and fall down when the fits came on, something he never did before. A short time after this the mother was in my shop, and told me all about it. I persuaded her to take a bottle of Paine's Celery Compound home to try it. This remedy did the good work, and it has made a wonderful change in him. I believe the diagnosis of the second physician was right, and that the trouble came from the stomach and nerves."

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

The purest Jams are O'Kell & Morris'. *

Advertisements under the heads of Lost, Found, For Sale or To Let and Situations Wanted will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTS.

WANTED—A general servant; must understand plain cooking. Apply to Mrs. E. A. Wilmot, 21 South Turner. ap15

WANTED—To rent during the summer months, furnished house having two or three bedrooms, sitting room and kitchen. Address P. O. Box 224, city. ap15

YOUNG LADY desires an engagement as nursery governess to young children; musical, and a good needlewoman. Address "E." COLONIST office. ap15

A GENTLEMAN wants board and residence with a private family, in good location. Address "H. H.," COLONIST office. ap13

WANTED—A girl to wait on table and do housework. Apply at the Goldstream House. ap13

EXPERIENCED, careful, trusty nurse, in any capacity. Address H. P. Simpson, 77 Henry street. ap10-12c

WANTED—A good live man to start a general store in Barclay; liberal inducements offered by the company. Apply at once to P. C. Macgregor, secretary, 18 Trounce Ave. ap8-tf

WANTED—Two first-class female cooks, one to act as first, and the other to act as second; also two girls for kitchen work, for first-class restaurant. Apply to G., Colonist office. ap2-tf

SALESMEN—LOCAL AND TRAVELLING—wanted to sell nursery stock for the old-established Fonthill Nurseries, comprising 700 acres; first-class hardy stock; new specialties; previous experience not essential; good pay; steady work; outfit free. Apply to British Columbia branch offices of STONE & WELLINGTON; J. Allen Clark, manager, Doan Block, Victoria, B. C. mc17-d&w

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Eleven and a half acres, three miles from city limits. Apply to "W.," this office. ap15

FOR SALE—One splendid lot, 60x120, Ontario street, near Outer wharf, $1,250, Terms. Flint & Williams, cor. Fort and Broad streets. mc17

FOR SALE—House, 5 roomed, bath room, in first-class condition, corner Niagara and Oswego streets, James Bay. Apply at 103 Blanchard street. ap13

FOR SALE CHEAP—A Weber piano almost new, also a lot of furniture and carpet. Apply 178 Yates street. ap10-t7

FOR SALE—Farm of 200 acres in Shawnigan District; level land, good soil, no rocks, 60 acres slashed, 20 acres fenced and under cultivation; over 200 fruit trees of all kinds bearing; balance of land in prop and pile timber; frame house, log house, barn 60x125, 5 or 6 chicken houses, brooding house, 3 wells of water. 1½ miles from railroad station, on good Government road, 2 miles from water front. This is one of the finest farms in Shawnigan District. Price $3,300. $800 cash, balance to suit. O'Neil & Cowie, 104 Yates street. ap8

ORANGES—Just received, a car load of Riverside oranges, large, juicy, and guaranteed free from frost. Wholesale and retail. E. A. McEachern, fruit importer, 44½ Government street. ap3-1m

FOR SALE—Steam engine, cheap; 14x20; new slide valve engine, Waters' patent regulating governor; warranted first-class in every respect. Apply to John A. Johnson, Box 313, City. mc31 1m

FOR SALE—A nearly new 54-inch tangent spoked bicycle with ball bearings, cheap for cash. For price and particulars apply to R. Maynard, 41 Pandora street. mc31-1m

FOR SALE—China silk pongees, ex ss. Batavia, at $6 per piece of about 20 yards; also fine lawn grass cloth. Apply to C. F. Moore, corner Clarke and Taunton streets, Spring Ridge; three minutes walk from tram car. mc22-3m

FOR SALE—The beautifully situated property, 49 Third street; good house, and well stocked fruit and vegetable garden, with back and front entrance. Apply on the premises. mc20-1m

FOR SALE—

We have something new to offer.

Good houses; well located; low prices, and to be sold on the instalment plan.

We believe many will be pleased with the opportunity, and we now offer houses from four to eight rooms, well-built, well finished, in different localities, at a price from $1,050 to $3,500; terms, $150 to $350 cash, the balance on monthly or quarterly payments.

These houses would be good bargains for cash, and it is worth your while seeing about them. Crane, McGregor & Boggs, 30 Broad street.

FOR SALE—

Thirty acres; suitable for market garden; a bargain. $2,200. Crane, McGregor & Boggs, 30 Broad street.

EMPLOYMENT BUREAU.

WANTED—Those in need of Girls, Hotel Waitresses and Chamber Maids, to leave orders with us.
" Those wanting Carpenters, Millmen, Laborers and Delivery Men, to leave orders with us.
" Girls to care for children, do general housework and cooking.
H. SIEPMANN, Manager,
103½ Government Street. Second Floor.

SPECIAL BARGAINS.

FOR SALE—Five acre blocks, 3½ mil from City; cleared, rich soil.

FOR SALE—Tolmie Avenue, ¼ acre and 1 acre blocks, cleared, near tramway.

FOR SALE—Two acres on Edmonton Road, cleared, fine soil, etc.

FOR SALE—Lots, cleared, no rock, Victoria West Park; terms, $50 cash, balance in monthly instalments.

FOR SALE—Fine building sites, Victoria West, on tram line, easy terms.

NELSON.

I have arranged to open an office at this rising city. I shall be prepared to act as agent for those who desire to purchase lots at the Government sale to be held at Nelson, April 27th inst.

HENRY CROFT,
SUCCESSOR TO
The Vancouver Island
LAND AND INVESTMENT COMPANY,
LIMITED LIABILITY.
Real Estate, Financial and Mining
BROKER,
COLONIST BLOCK, VICTORIA.
ja16

ROBERT HATCHER,
GENERAL SCAVENGER.
Orders left at Joseph Gosnell's, 127 Douglas St.; Sam Clay's, 116 Johnson St.; Mickle & Grice's, 106 Fort St; Wm. Thompson & Co's, corner Quadra and View Sts.; or T. Moody's, Amelia St., will be promptly attended to. Residence, 209 Douglas St. ap15

TO LET, OR LEASE.

TO LET—Five room cottage, nearly new, Michigan Street, James Bay. Apply J. A. T. Caton, 17 Yates Street. ap14

TO LET—A few gentlemen can be accommodated in a private house with first-class board and rooms, 8 minutes from Post Office. Apply Box 311. ap14

TO LET—Three large offices, ground floor, in the Victoria Theatre building. Apply 65 Wharf street. ap10.

TO LET—Furnished house, corner Belleville and Montreal streets, James Bay. Apply John J. Austin, 63 Government street. ap10-tf

TO RENT—Seven rooms, with bath and pantry, over drug store. Apply to Thomas Shotbolt, 59 Johnson street. ap8

TO LET—Neatly furnished rooms, terms moderate, by day, week or month. No. 103½ Government street. Mrs. Dow. Ap.6-1m

TO LET—The third flat in the Lewis building, Yates street, containing seven fine rooms, suitable for offices. Apply to H. F. Heisterman & Co. mc6-tf

TO LET—Comfortable room, with use of kitchen if desired, at 139 Michigan St. m5

MISCELLANEOUS.

REMOVED.—Mrs Randall has removed her Dressmaking Parlors to 37 View street, and is prepared to take orders for Spring and Summer Dresses. A perfect fit guaranteed. mr30-1m

FREDRICK S. ROPER, Provincial Inspector of Contagious Diseases among Horses and other Domestic Animals. 6 Kane Street, Victoria, B.C. ja9-tf

PERSONAL—George, call around and let me see that new suit you got from the Canadian Co-operative Supply Co. Sadie. mc23-1m

ARCHITECTS.

A. MAXWELL MUIR, ARCHITECT, Rooms 3 and 8, Turner Block, corner Douglas and View Streets. ap18

COLE WOODALL, Architect and Superintendent Belmont Block, Yates Street, Victoria, B ap18-1m

JOHN TEAGUE, ARCHITECT, CORNER of Broad Street and Trounce Avenue Established, 1862. f-1

THOS. C. SORBY.
mc16 8 Bastion Square.

MR. E. MALLANDAINE,
Architect,
mc19 Room 4, Bank B. C. Building.

SOULE & DAY,
Rooms 1 and 20, Turner Block.
C. J. SOULE. mc16 R. S. DAY, B. E.

MR. R. ROSKELL BAYNE,
Mem. Ryl. Inst. British Architects,
mb26 6m Rooms 7 and 8, Williams' Block

BAKERS.

VICTORIA STEAM BAKERY, M. R. SMITH & Co, 57 Fort Street. Factory 91 Niagara Street. P.O. Box 289. Telephone call 121. f-1

CLOTHING AND GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

McLEAN & STEWART, CLOTHIERS & Outfitters, 31 Fort Street. f-1

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

F. C. DAVIDGE & CO., COMMISSION Merchants, 131 Government Street. P.O. Box 318, Victoria. Agents Samuel Samuel & Co., Rice, Silk and Curios, London, Yokohama and Kobe; and The Tokio Leather Paper Mills, Japan; Chas. Cammell & Co., L'td., Cyclops Steel and Iron Works, London, Sheffield, Worthington, etc.; Compania Gral, de Tabacos de Filipinas; The Canvas Mills of Kobe. f-1

DOCTORS.

HOMOEOPATHY.—DR. JOHN HALL, 98 YATES st., over Cochrane & Munn's drug store, Chronic and Children's Diseases a specialty. Office hours from 1 to 4 p.m., only excepting Sundays and holidays. f1

DENTISTS.

A. R. BAKER, D.D.S. SPECIAL CARE given to all diseases of the teeth and mouth. Gold, crow and bridge work a specialty Office, cor. Yates and Douglas Sts. mc10 6m

DRAUGHTSMEN

W. B. WOODS—(Late chief draughtsman Fairhaven and Southern Ry.) Blue prints of all kinds. Room 4, Five Sisters' Block. mc17

DRESSMAKING.

LADIES' TAILOR SYSTEM, ALMOST perfect without trial, guaranteed after once fitting. Lessons given free. Mrs. Niles, 83½ Yates street. mc16

GUNMAKERS.

HENRY SHORT, GUNMAKER, IMPORTER of Sporting Goods, Turner Block, Douglas St., near Yates. Established 1862. f1

HOTELS.

COLONIAL METROPOLE—HAS BEEN entirely rebuilt, and refurnished with all modern improvements. Rates from $1 to $2 per day. Best moderate price hotel in city. 31 and 33 Johnson street. Thos. Tugwell f1

HARNESS MAKERS.

W. DUNCAN, MANUFACTURER AND dealer in saddles, harness, etc. English and domestic goods of the very best quality. Repairing promptly done. 88 Johnson Street. mc10-6m

HAY, FLOUR AND FEED.

BRACKMAN & KER MILLING CO., LTD. Dealers in Hay, Oats, Flour, etc. Office and warehouse, 125 Government street. f-1

LAND SURVEYORS & CIVIL ENGINEERS

GORE, BURNET & CO.
Rooms 1 to 3, Five Sisters' Block.
T. S. Gore. H. Burnet. J. H. McGregor
mc17

LOANS.

VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE, cor. Govt. and Pandora Sts. Money advanced on all kinds of Approved security. Unredeemed pledges for sale cheap. my5-1y

MERCHANT TAILORS.

GEO R. JACKSON, (SUCCESSOR TO J C. Leask). The leading Tailor, Turner Block, 68 Douglas street. Fine dress suits a specialty. f-1

MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS.

KINGHAM & MINOR, THE LEADING Manufacturing Jewellers and Diamond Setters, 49 Government street, opposite Bank of B. C. f-1

PAINTERS AND PAPER HANGERS.

R. LETTICE—DEALER IN PAINTS, OIL, varnish and window glass. Agent for Brilliant Sign Letter Co., and Aspenall's Enamel. 40 Fort street. mc17

PHOTOGRAPHERS.

MAYNARD'S ART STUDIO, 41 PANDORA Street. Dealers in all kinds of photographic material, views of British Columbia and Alaska.

Same Block—Maynard's Shoe and Finding Store, 41 Pandora St., Boots, Shoes, Leather and Shoe Findings. "K" boots a specialty. f-1

WHOLESALE DEALERS.

HENRY SAUNDERS, IMPORTER AND Dealer in Grocerier, Provisions, Liquors, &c. 39 and 41 Johnson street. P.O. drawer H. Telephone No. 28 f-1

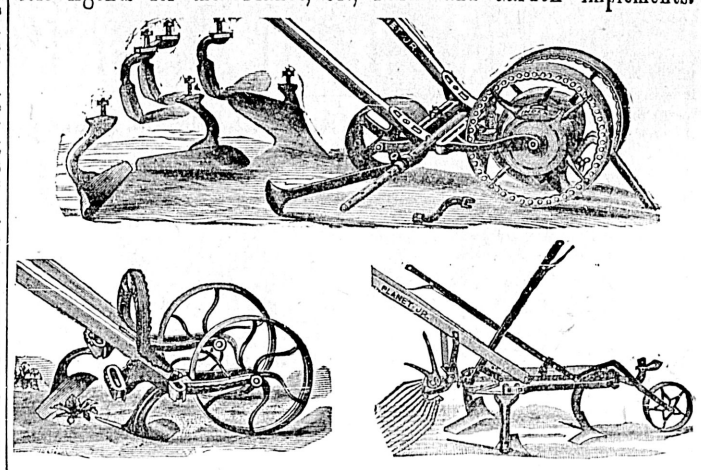
SCAVENGERS.

ED. LINES, General Scavenger. 222 Yates street. Yards, etc., Cleaned. Orders left at Munro & Hughes', 32 Douglas street; J. P. Matthews', cor. Douglas and Fort; or W. Blair, cor. Menzies and Michigan, will be promptly attended to. de3

MISCELLANEOUS.

E. G. PRIOR & CO.,
(LIMITED LIABILITY).
Importers of Iron, Hardware, Agricultural Machinery and Vehicles of All Kinds.

Sole Agents for the Planet, Jr., Farm and Garden Implements.



WAREHOUSES AT VICTORIA AND KAMLOOPS.
Write for Special Catalogue and Prices. mr 1

MRS. WHITLAW'S FORT STREET.
FORT STREET. MILLINERY PARLORS
OPENING DAY, MARCH 21ST.

First selection of Spring and Summer Novelties made in London and Paris by Miss Whitlaw.

French Pattern Hats and Bonnets, the most fashionable styles. The greates. Novelty in Bonnets is the "New Poke," The "Spa" Hat is to be the great favorite A large variety of Untrimmed Toques, Bonnets and Hats, Mixed Straws in the new coarse plait, Fancy Velvets, Ribbons and Plumes, new Gold, Steel, Jet, Lace, Straw and other Fancy Trimmings. Very fine assortment of Mourning Flowers and Embroidered Trimmings. mc18-1m

$6,000.
AN EXCELLENT BARGAIN.

The undersigned have now for sale Two and Three-Quarter Acres of Land, situated on St. Charles Street, adjoining Government House Grounds and Dr. Davie's residence. It is finely located for one, two or three residences. The property has a large frontage on St. Charles Street, is on a gentle slope, and commands a splendid vision of the Straits and Mountains. It is in every way a fine bargain, the price being, for the whole, $6,000. Terms, half cash.

PEMBERTON & SON,
REAL ESTATE AND FINANCIAL AGENTS,
FORT STREET, - VICTORIA, B.C.
mc12

NICHOLLES & RENOUF,
81 YATES ST., VICTORIA, B. C.
DEALERS AND IMPORTERS IN ALL KINDS OF
HARDWARE, - FARM
AND DAIRY IMPLEMENTS,
GRIST and SAWMILL and MINING MACHINERY,
Brick and Tile Machinery, Cutlery, Paint, Varnish and Oils.

Country orders promptly and carefully filled. my22

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.
Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.)
CAPITAL PAID UP.....£600,000, $3,000,000.
RESERVE FUND.....£245,000, $1,225,000.
(With power to increase.)
HEAD OFFICE: - - - - 60 LOMBARD STREET, LONDON ENGLAND.
BRANCHES:
IN BRITISH COLUMBIA—VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, NEW WESTMINSTER, NANAIMO, KAMLOOPS AND NELSON (KOOTENAY LAKE).
IN THE UNITED STATES—SAN FRANCISCO, PORTLAND, SEATTLE AND TACOMA.
Agents and Correspondents in Canada and the United States:
Bank of Montreal, Canadian Bank of Commerce, Imperial Bank of Canada; Bank of Montreal, New York and Chicago.
SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT—Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 4 PER CENT. PER ANNUM.
Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking business transacted.
NELSON, Kootenay Lake, B. C. This branch is now open for business.
Victoria, B.C., April 4, 1892. ap 5 W. C. WARD, MANAGER.

BANK OF MONTREAL
Established in 1817. Incorporated by Act of Parliament.
CAPITAL, (all paid up).....$12,000,000
RESERVE FUND.....6,000,000
UNDIVIDED PROFITS.....506,371
HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL
SIR DONALD A. SMITH, President.
HON. GEO. A. DRUMMOND, Vice-Pres.
E. S. CLOUSTON, General Manager.
Branches and Correspondents in all the Leading Cities of the World.
Victoria Branch: Corner Bastion and Government Streets.
Every description of banking business transacted. Savings Bank Department—Deposits of $1 and upwards received and interest allowed at the highest current rates.
NELSON, KOOTENAY DISTRICT, B.C.—A branch of the Bank at this point is now ready for business.
ap8 A. J. C. GALLETLY, Manager.

THE KENNEDYS.

A "Colonist" Representative has an Interview with Them—Their Views and Intentions.

They Affect to be Fighting for the Liberty of the Press and People.

(From our own Correspondent.)

VANCOUVER, April 15.—George Kennedy talked to your reporter, to-day. He thought it indiscreet to define his prospective movements in detail. He might say, however, his brothers would not at any time obey the mandate of the Government. Should they appear before the bar of the House it would be to deny, formally, the right of its members to assume for the Provincial Legislature such powers with respect to alleged breaches of parliamentary privileges made outside the House, and to re-assert their right to criticise the conduct of any body of men acting for the public.

They felt assured they had the sympathy of nine-tenths of the people of British Columbia, an assurance that had given them courage to act firmly. The vote on the question had shown it to be a Government matter; strong party assent, two turn-coat Independents, and a member of the Opposition who, as a member of the Private Bills committee, had fallen under the criticism of the paper. His brothers had not acted independently in leaving Westminster, but through the advice and counsel of the best constitutional lawyers in Canada. As peace-loving citizens they willingly consented to avoid coming in contact with the Government officials, as a large number of sympathisers had gathered in the Columbian offices on the day of the alleged prospective arrest to prevent the materialization of the Government's plans. His brothers, whose names appeared on the summons, could not be interviewed. He declined to mention there whereabouts.

LATER.

VANCOUVER, 15 April, 1892.

Acting on certain information, subsequent to yesterday's interview with Geo. Kennedy, your reporter was this evening in conversation with George's fugitive brothers, James and Robert. Robert was still clothed in the official garments of the press room, while James was attired in the suit worn when he walked out of his office three days before on his way to freedom.

After the first shock of meeting your reporter the boys seemed genuinely glad to see him. The brothers Kennedy were on their way to the dining room of the hotel when first accosted and readily volunteered to be catechised by the COLONIST, who was cordially invited to break bread with the fugitives. It is noticeable that the funniest side of the gravest questions will appear uppermost when a man's attention is divided between weighty matters of state and the discussion of some tempting condiment. Mr. Jas. Kennedy's thoughts reverted to his attempted arrest. "Were you aware," said he, "that the Sheriff, the Governor of the Jail, the Superintendent of Police, and six special peelers were sent to arrest us? In spite of legal advice to the contrary, at that time Robert and I had decided to submit to arrest under protest, but when we were made aware of the ridiculous situation we decided that 'nine against two wasn't fair.' So we matched our cunning against theirs. The six specials were lined along the street to prevent our escape. We only feared one of them, a particularly belligerent individual, and immediately before our departure we sent a scout out to decoy him into a saloon. The ruse succeeded."

"How did you evade the others," was asked. "We did not evade them," was the reply. "We walked by them, dressed as you see us. *Sans* top coats, *sans* grip, *sans* everything necessary to the comfort of travellers, and they did not attempt to detain us. They were presumably tricked."

After dinner, James and Robert freely answered the queries advanced by the COLONIST reporter, the following being the result, condensed for publication:

"We have been travelling from place to place. After to-morrow our present habitation will know us no more. We have decided, when an unusual opportunity like this is afforded to see the country to take advantage of it, and will get to more congenial surroundings as soon as we can replenish our wardrobe. We did not run away to shirk the issue. We claim that we are being persecuted by the Government. When the Provincial Legislature made a law to ostensibly cover our alleged offence, by this action they tacitly acknowledged themselves in the wrong in serving the first summons. The second summons was received by wire. We are advised that this in itself is not legal. Supt. Hussey then visited us; walking in and out of the office several times in the course of the day. On being questioned he said he just dropped in to see us; we concluded that they feared violent resistance, and were choosing their time to pounce upon us. In consequence we fenced them with their own weapons and disarmed them.

"We have no programme to define. We are waiting for a summons from our lawyers to appear and fight our rights in the courts. We will meet the Government half way, but will not not submit to what we consider their illegal action. Our plans for the future depend on the plains of the Government.

"We have the people on our side, and the law. Had we yielded to the mandate of the House, the power of the independent press of the province would have been crippled, as from a blow, and its influence, looking to the safety of the people, when the toredo of fraud worms its way into the great hulk of the ship of state would have been annihilated. Should we have been locked up for a few days, the dignity of the Government would have been satisfied, and Kennedy Bros. would have gained cheap notoriety as martyrs in the cause of freedom. But we are not seeking notoriety, simply justice for ourselves, and license for the provincial press. We evaded arrest to suit our personal convenience."

"Where will you eventually locate should the Government not relent?" asked your reporter.

"Possibly Russia," was the evasive answer. "A wider field, you know."

Continuing, Mr. James Kennedy said that they expected the Government would decide to try the matter in the Courts, as the affair could not be well postponed until next session of the House. The Government, no doubt, realized at this stage that every right thinking man judged them behind the age, in their semi-despotic action. Even the gentlemen of the Government press, whose pens were, they had reason to believe, all too unwillingly wielded against them. Why the Government had taken the action they had was well known to the reading public; but, perhaps the time had not yet arrived for them to refer to this phase of the question, unreservedly. They had nothing more to add except that they were in sympathy with the people of the province, whose Government had been placed in such a pitiful condition.

The Kennedys' seemed to be enjoying themselves in an extremely quiet way, in fact, for the past three days, at any rate, resigning themselves to innocuous desuitude, in the quietest retreat your reporter ever longed to get away from.

MINING IN COLORADO.

Harper's Weekly of the 9th inst., contains a very interesting account of Creede, a new mining district in Colorado. This is what the writer says:

N. C. Creede was a prospector who had made some money in the Monarch district before he came to Willow Gap; he he began prospecting there on Campbell, now Moses Mount, with G. L. Smith, of Salida. One of the two picked up a rock so full of quartz that they sunk a shaft immediately below the spot where they had found the stone. According to all known laws, they should have sunk the shaft at the spot from which the piece of rock had become detached, or from where it had presumably rolled. It was as absurd to dig for silver where they did dig as it would be to sink a shaft in Latimer street, in Denver, because one had found a silver quarter lying in the roadway. But they dug the shaft; and when they looked upon the result of the first day's work, Smith cried, "Great God!" and Creede said, "Holy Moses!" and the Holy Moses Mine was named. While I was in Creede that gentlemen was offered $1,250,000 for his share of this mine, and declined it. After that my interest in him fell away. Any man who will live in a log house at the foot of a mountain, and drink melted snow any longer than he has to do so, or refuse that much money for anything, when he could live in the Knickerbocker Flats, and drive forth in a private hansom with rubber tires, is no longer of public interest. But his past history is the history of the town. Creede and his partner knew they had a mine, but had no money to work it. So they applied to David S. Moffatt, the president of the Rio Grande Railroad, which has a track to Wagon Wheel Gap only ten miles away, and Moffat and others formed the Holy Moses Mining Company, and secured a bond on the property at $70,000. As soon as this was known, the invasion of Willow Gap began. It was the story of Columbus and the egg. Prospectors, and provisions with which to feed them, came in on foot and on stages, and Crede began to grow. But no more mines were found at once and the railroad into the town was slow in coming, and many departed, leaving their posts and piles of rock to mark their claims. But last June Creede received a second boom, and in a manner which heaps ridicule and scorn upon the scientific knowledge of engineers and mining experts, and which shows that luck, chance, and the absurd vagaries of fate are factors of success upon which a prospector should depend. Ralph Granger and Eri Buddenbock ran a butcher shop at Wagon Wheel Gap.

THE LAST CHANCE.

"The" Renninger, of Patiro, a prospector with no tools or provisions, asked them to grubstake him, as it is called when a man of capital furnishes a man of adventure with bacon, flour, a pick, and three or four donkeys, and starts him off prospecting, with the understanding that he is to have one tenth of what he finds. Renninger asked Jules Haas to join him, and they departed together. One day the three burros disappeared, and wandered off many miles, with Renninger in hot and profane pursuit, until they reached Bachelor Mountain, where he overtook them. But they liked Bachelor Mountain, and Renninger, failing to dislodge them with either rocks or kicks, seated himself to await their pleasure, and began chipping casually at the nearest rock. He struck a vein showing mineral in such rich quantities that he asked Creede to come up and look at it. Creede looked at it, and begged Renninger to define his claim at once. Renninger, offering up thanks to the three donkeys, did so, and named it the "Last Chance." Then Creede located next to this property, shoulder to shoulder, and named his claim the Amethyst. These names are merely names to you; they mean nothing; in Colorado you speak them in a whisper, and they sound like the Standard Oil Company or the Koh-i-noor diamond. Haas was bought off for $10,000. He went to Germany to patronize the little German village from which he came with his great wealth; four months later Renninger and Buddendock, who had staked him, sold their thirds for $70,000 each, a few days later Granger was offered $100,000 for his third, and he said he would hold on to it. When I was there, the Chance was putting out $180,000 per month. This shows that Granger was wiser in his generation than Haas.

BARBED WIRE FENCES IN GOVERNMENT GROUNDS.

TO THE EDITOR:—Sir.—I observe in the COLONIST of this date, a correspondent calls attention to the barbed wire fence in the Government grounds in James Bay. What is said therein regarding ladies having their dresses torn, is only too true, for two instances of ladies having their gowns so damaged has occurred within the last day or two, within the writer's knowledge. During the high winds prevailing at this time of year, ladies are liable, especially when passing others walking in an opposite direction, to have their skirts blown against those barbed atrocities. The spectacle your correspondent also draws of little children being lacerated, and probably disfigured for life, is enough to send a chill through the veins of all parents. The light at night is often such that even sober church goers might fail to follow the narrow way, and might, peradventure, fall among thorns (or barbs). That there are Goths who will walk where they should not, is surely hardly sufficient reason why decent citizens should be punished, physically and financially, in this manner!

As so eminent an authority as the Hon. Mr. Higgins refers occasionally to "May," regarding points of procedure, etc., in the House of Legislature, possibly I may be pardoned for referring to a recent decision in an English court of justice, where a man was mulcted in damages in a case where, having put a barbed wire fence between his and his neighbor's field, a valuable horse in the latter's was lacerated by the barbed wire fence. The learned judge, in his decision, laid down the broad principle that a man has no right to endanger another's property or life in such instances It is not to be supposed that those responsible, whether it be the Corporation or the Government, will prove less inclined to protect the interest of our fellow-townsmen and townswomen, now that the danger is apparent.

PUBLIC SAFETY.

April 14th, 1892.

Easter Cards at Hibben & Co.'s.

Awnings for stores and residences made to order at Weiler Bros.

Easter Cards at Hibben & Co.'s.

E. M. JOHNSON,

37 Government Street, Corner of Broughton.

ESTABLISHED 1879.

REAL ESTATE AGENT, CONVEYANCER AND NOTARY PUBLIC

MONEY to lend on Freehold Security at Current Rates.
RENTS AND INTEREST punctually collected and accounted for.
CONVEYANCES, Leases, Mortgages prepared and transactions of every nature in connection with Real Estate expeditiously carried out.
PROPERTY SALES effected strictly on Commission.

FOR SALE:

AN IMPROVED ESTATE—480 acres more or less; 250 acres cleared; 250 acres alluvial deposit, with clay subsoil; 80 acres alder, maple, cedar and balsam, vegetable deposit, clay subsoil; 150 acres level park-like land, some pine woods, etc.; water power Sawmill in full running order; Houses, Barns, Blacksmith's Shop, Poultry Houses, Orchards, etc. 0-3

Corner lot on Tramway line, Victoria West, $1,200. 133-1

151 acres, Alberni, sawmill and water power, dwelling, stables, 20 acres plowed, opposite Anderson & Co's townsite, a fine speculation, $6,500. 130-4

Building Lot, Niagara St., ½ cash, ½ time, $650.

15 acres, City Property, suitable for sub-division, easy terms. 130 3

98 acres, 30 cropped, 25 chopped, log house, 2 barns, stable and outbuildings, half mile from school, near railway, $3,000. 128-4

House and 2 lots, Pembroke St., easy terms, $1,000. 110-1

30 acres and improvements, within City limits, long sea frontage, suitable for sub-division, 10 minutes drive from Post Office. 128-3

5 room house, 2 lots, stables, woodshed and improvements, $2,000. 128-3

324 acres farm land, about 70 acres in clover and timothy, small house, well, good spring, etc., per acre, $45. 0-2

SHEEP FARM,

2,000 acres, more or less 30 acres; 1,000 acres grazing, 3 houses, barns, Orchard of 350 trees, pigsties, poultry houses, 2 horses, 2 oxen, 1 cow, 30 pigs, 250 sheep (about), wagon, cart and farm implements, £1. 2. 0. per acre, including everything; over 3-5 of purchase money can be left on the property for 4 years at 7 per cent per annum. 135-1

4 building lots, Cedar Hill Road, near the gold mines, $1,500. 135-2

47 acres, with water power, near Shawnigan Lake, 5 minutes' walk from station, $10 per acre. 134-3

80 acres, Alberni, next Anderson townsite and close to townsite where lots are said to be selling at $150 each, per acre $50. 136-1

7-room house, conservatory, out-houses, modern conveniences, etc.; ¼ acre of land; facing the sea; beautiful view of Straits and Olympians, $6,000 —terms. 137-1

6-room house, bath, etc.; corner lot, Henry and Turner streets, $3,500. 136-4

9 lots—to close a deal—for sale; a bargain; close to residences of Messrs. H. Saunders and W. Dalby; $5,250 for the whole; assessed for a Larger Amount. 136 3

3½ acres, Building Site, old Esquimalt Road, near Lampsorse, $4,000. 144-1

4 acres, Craigflower Road, near Mr. Dunsmuir's residence. 143-1

5½ acres, Victoria West, a bargain, $1,250 per acre. 143-2

103 acres, Comox District, $30 per acre. 143-3

160-acre Farm, Comox District, $3,000. 143-4

310 acres, Newcastle District; House, Barn, Clearing, Salt Meadow, Oyster Bed, Good Water, etc. $3000 has been spent in improving, $6400. 143 5

100 acres, Lake District, cheap, $2500. 143-6

120 acres, Lake District, close to the lake, $2500. 143-7

Building lot, Victoria West, 50 x 90, $500. 142-2

97 acres, South Saanich; dwelling, barns, stable, out-houses, etc. $4200. 142 3

40 acres, South Saanich. $1400. 142-4

Building lot, 60 feet by 132 feet, Chatham street, near Blanchard. $1650. 141-2

10 acres; house, stables, sheds, etc.; all fenced; near the junction; good orchard land. $3000. 140-2

30 acres; house, 17 acres ploughed, 100 cords of wood cut; stables, etc. $3000. 140-1

7-Room House and double lot; a bargain. $1400. 139-1

237 acres, Somenos Lake. 138-5

8-Room House and lot; easy terms. $2000. 138 1

6-Room House and lot, Spring Ridge. $1250. 133-3

TO LET.

One Acre Garden Land, near Fountain, 5 years' lease or less; lowest rent to approved tenant. 4

Large Hall, suitable for sample room, central. 5

Six Cottages, Spring Ridge, each $10 per month. 26

Eight-room House, fully furnished, with piano, etc., for 12 months, near the Park and Sea front; $50 per month. 136—2

6-Room House (corner) Pandora street, $20 per month. 1

7-Room Flat, Yates Street, close to business. 2

6-Room House, Princess Avenue, $17 per month. 11

7-Room House, Dallas Road (water front), $20 per month. 12

2 Rooms, Government Street (offices), $20 per month, 13

5-Room House, bath, etc., Erie Street (corner), $20 per month. 1

2-Room House, facing the Park, $6 per month. 19

8-Room House, Belton Avenue, $15 per month. 21

6-Room House, Hillside Avenue, $18 per month. 22

4-Room Cottage, North Park Street, $12 per month. 25

2 Houses, each 9 rooms, Oak Bay Avenue, $17.50 per month. 27-28

8-Room House, new, James Bay, near the sea, $35 per month. 29

5-Room House, Frederick Street, $16 per month. 30

4 Rooms and Kitchen (Furnished), Pandora Street, $25 per month. 31

Office---37 Government Street, Corner Broughton.

A BARGAIN:

For immediate sale---Two Lots, North Park Street; valuable Business Block, double frontage, Pandora Street; Two valuable Blocks, Douglas Street.

The Colonist.

SUNDAY, APRIL 17, 1892.

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY EXCEPT MONDAY BY

W. H. ELLIS, A. G. SARGISON. } ELLIS & CO.

THE COLONIST BUILDING, GOVERNMENT ST.

TERMS:

THE DAILY COLONIST

Per Year, (Postage free to any part of Canada)..... $10 00
Parts of a year at the same rate.
Per week (if delivered)..... 25

THE WEEKLY COLONIST.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING.

Per Year, (Postage Free to any part of the Dominion or United States)..... $ 2 00
Six Months..... 1 25
Three Months..... 75

Subscriptions in all cases are payable strictly IN ADVANCE.

ADVERTISING RATES:

REGULAR COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING as distinguished from everything of a transient character—that is to say, advertising referring to regular Mercantile and Manufacturing Business, Government and Land Notices—published at the following rates: Per line, Solid Nonpareil, the duration of publication to be specified at the time of ordering advertisements:—

More than one fortnight and not more than month—50 cents.
More than one week and not more than one fortnight—40 cents.
Not more than one week—30 cents.
No advertisement under this classification inserted for less than $2.50, and accepted only for every-day insertion.
Theatrical advertisements, 10 cents per line each insertion.
Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted till ordered out.
Advertisements discontinued before expiration of special period will be charged as if continued for full term.
Liberal allowance on yearly and half yearly contracts.

TRANSIENT ADVERTISING—Per line solid nonpareil:—First insertion, 10 cents; each subsequent consecutive insertion, 5 cents. Advertisements not inserted every day, 10 cents per line each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than $1.50.

WEEKLY ADVERTISEMENTS—Ten cents a line solid Nonpareil, each insertion No advertisement inserted for less than $2.

SPECIAL NOTICES—Nonpareil, in the first column of third page, 20 cents per line each insertion, or $1.50 per line per month. If inserted among local or other reading matter, 30 cents per line each insertion, or $2 per line per month. No special notice inserted for less than $2.

☞ Where Cuts are inserted they must be ALL METAL—not mounted on Wood.

A BENEFICENT ORGANIZATION.

The Ancient Order of United Workmen has quickly risen to importance in this province. There must be something in the spirit and the principles of that organization which recommends it to the good sense of intelligent, well-disposed and well-conducted citizens, for the increase in its membership, in a short time, not only in British Columbia but all over this continent, has been truly wonderful. In 1872, just twenty years ago, the Order could count only 250 members. It had, last year, a membership of 251,862; and, although it is but a short time since it was first known in this province, it has grown so rapidly as to justify in it the establishment of a Grand Lodge. It is the principle of brotherhood and of mutual help that attracts men to the A.O.U.W. The importance of man to man is incalculable. Men in these days feel the necessity of united action and of close relationship. They find that it is hurtful to them, that it prevents their healthy, moral and social development, to allow distinctions of class and nation, and even of race, to keep them at a distance from each other. The Ancient Order of United Workmen has found a way to satisfy this yearning for fellowship, this longing for closer and more kindly and helpful intercourse, and this, we believe, accounts for the unparalleled rapidity of its growth. Men find in it what they want; they consequently join the Order, and they remain in it. The Workmen in this province have been peculiarly fortunate in their selection of Grand Master. Mr. G. Leiser is an energetic business man, of high character. Under his direction, the Order in this province will be certain to flourish. His administration of its affairs will be kindly and judicious, yet firm and business-like. The interests of the "infant" Grand Lodge could not be placed in better hands than his. Having made such a good beginning, we have no doubt but that the growth and prospects of the A.O.U.W. will be such as will exceed the most sanguine expectations of its most hopeful members.

FLEET-FOOTED PUBLISHERS.

The Columbian has been indulging lately in any amount of swagger over the action of the Legislature in connection with the "infamous libel" it published some time ago, and, in order to make capital out of the matter, it represented the Government as having employed a whole regiment of "specials," who were picketed at every corner of the streets in the Royal City, and formed a cordon round the Columbian office, in a vain endeavor to catch the delinquents.

Now, as a matter of fact, the Superintendent of Provincial Police was the only officer employed on the occasion referred to. True, he invited Mr. Moresby to accompany him, for the purpose of identifying the culprits, as they were strangers to him; but not another officer, special or otherwise, was employed. We append a leading article from the Vancouver World, of Tuesday last, which will indicate pretty clearly how the matter is regarded in the neighborhood of where the childish little comedy is being played.

"The Kennedy Bros, who have been posing as martyrs of the press, have, it is said, fled to the United States in order to prevent the summons of the local Legislature from being served on them. The aureolas have faded from their brows, and, like any other wrongdoer, they have crossed the border in order to evade the laws of the country in which they were born and have heretofore lived and moved and had their being. Nobody at any time ever invested the libellers of the Private Bills Committee of the House of Assembly with heroic proportions, but it was felt by some that, in justice to themselves, having taken a stand they should stick to it. Instead of that, they turn tail and run away out of the jurisdiction. We are sure that whatever sympathy may have been extended to them in the past—although we could never see any reason why they deserved it—will now turn to contempt in view of their latest manœuvre. Better far for the reputation of the individuals in question had they gone to the Capital under duress, appeared at the bar of the House, and either maintained their charges or retracted them. In the event of the summons of Mr. Speaker and the action of the House being illegal, the Columbian could take advantage of the machinery of the law in order to justify itself. For our part we would have been glad, if we could, to have supported our contemporary in its contentions, had it been in the right; but believing, as we do, that the article in question was an unfair as well as an infamous attack, and that the Legislative Assembly has the power to protect its own dignity, we can only denounce its conduct throughout as discreditable in the extreme, and a reflection upon the entire press of the province. Some people were foolish enough to imagine that a lion was roaring in the newspaper office on Columbia street in the Royal City; but now that the skin has been removed, the asinine bray readily undeceives them. It is true that 'He who fights and runs away, may live to fight another day'—but he is a despicable coward just the same."

"PRO-DI-GI-OUS."

The Columbian is very fierce just now. It is as full of fight as a Blackfoot warrior with his war paint on. It asked someone the other day if this is a free land. When we undertook to answer its question in the affirmative and to give a few reasons for believing that British Columbians are free men our combative contemporary flew into a rage and called us names. Not content with that, but it annihilates us with the following dose of the Queen's English:

"Yes, this is a free country; but it is in spite of our paternal Czarocratic government that it is so. Thank heaven! even that government cannot shackle men's minds; and so long as they are free, the great energizing volcanic force remains intact, which in all ages has overturned and shattered the stronghold of tyranny and usurpation. The petty tyrants and usurpers of this fair province will soon recognize to their dismay and confusion that this is indeed a free land."

This is terrible. If the Columbian fires such a valley at a contemporary that agrees with it, what will it do to the unfortunate newspaper that is so depraved and so abandoned as to differ with it in opinion. It is altogether too bad for the Columbian to crush us for giving a civil, and, by its own admission, a true answer to its very simple question. We must, we suppose, get over the injuries we have received as best we can. We trust that the Legislative Assembly will be careful how it notices the Columbian again, for if it continues to pay attention to its editorials it will become so consequential and so self-important, and at the same time so combative, that it will be impossible for any other paper to exist in the province.

A NEW BOOK.

We have received from the publisher, Albert B. King, New York, a very neat volume of one hundred pages entitled, "The Behring Sea Controversy," by Stephen Berrien Stanton, Ph. D., of the New York bar.

Mr. Stanton discusses this very important question in a remarkably clear and logical manner and, as far as we can judge, with perfect impartiality. It is easy to see that he is master of his subject, and that he has studied it carefully. He discusses it in all its aspects, and he has at his command all the information necessary to enable him to arrive at intelligent and sound conclusions. He quotes the treaties and other documents connected with the controversy largely, and his citations from authorities on international law are numerous and full.

The spirit in which Mr. Stanton discusses this, to Americans, tender subject, is very different, indeed, from that in which most of his countrymen who have undertaken to deal with it appear to be imbued. There is not an unkind expression or an injurious epithet in the whole book. His references to Great Britain are invariably respectful, and he does not once attempt to misstate a fact or wrest an argument in order to give an advantage to his own country. No judge could be more dispassionate than he, and but few can state an argument more clearly or more fairly.

The first chapter of the brochure is historical. The author states every material fact fairly, and quotes largely from documents. In the second chapter he defines the American position, and in discussing it shows where it is weak. He quotes a passage from one of Mr. Blaine's letters to Sir Julian Pauncefote, in which the Secretary of State asserts that the American Government never maintained that Behring Sea is *mare clausum*. Here it is:—

The repeated assertions that the Government of the United States demands that the Behring Sea be pronounced *mare clausum* are without foundation. The Government has never claimed it and never desired it. It expressly disavows it. At the same time the United States does not lack abundant authority, according to the ablest exponents of International law, for holding a small section of Behring Sea for the protection of the seals. Controlling a comparatively restricted area of water for that one specific purpose is by no means the equivalent of declaring the Sea, or any part thereof, *mare clausum*.

It is evident that very few American editors of newspapers have seen this disavowal, for by far the greater number of them write as if it is admitted by all the world except Great Britain, that the expanse of Behring Sea is as much the property of the United States as the area of the State of California Mr. Stanton, however, is not of this opinion. His reading and his reasoning lead to the conclusion that Behring Sea is a free sea, and that the United States has not in law, or by prescription, the shadow of a right to exercise sovereignty over it. He says:

"Disguise the claim to *mare clausum* as you will, openly and expressly repudiate it, as the United States has done, the assertion of jurisdiction over a land of one hundred Italian miles around the shores of Behring Sea, or over any distance beyond three miles, is nothing less than a revival of the old-time doctrine of *mare clausum*. Base that jurisdiction on its long continued recognition by another nation as you will, call its present denial *contra bonos mores* and a discrimination against the United States, as Mr. Blaine has done, and you only re-echo the cry of the Middle Ages, prescription of the sea. Of greater moment than the winning of an argumentative point, is the duty the United States owes to its national honor to justify its acts and validate its claims in Alaskan waters with full knowledge of, and in strict conformity to the established principles of International Law."

It is Mr. Stanton's opinion that the United States Government cannot justify its acts and validate its claims in Alaskan waters by an appeal to international law, for he says:

"The application of these principles of international law to the Behring Sea, permits but one conclusion. It is a free sea. A strait it obviously is not, nor does the marginal belt jurisdiction include the fishing ground of the Canadian sealers. In the character of a closed sea, it is deficient in the necessary complete enclosure by land. For not only is the Behring Strait 36 miles wide, and the distance between the many islands forming the southern boundary of the sea, far in excess of that, but the distance between the last of the Aleutian chain and the nearest Russian island of the Commander group, is 183 miles."

Although Mr. Stanton does not believe that the United States has a right to exercise sovereignty over Behring Sea, and is convinced that its Government has no property in the seals which frequent that sea, he believes that the preservation of the fur seal should be a matter of international concern, and he seems to think that Lord Salisbury was wrong in not consenting to a renewal of the *modus vivendi* pending the settlement of the question by arbitration. We are not concerned to enquire whether he is as unprejudiced and impartial in arriving at this conclusion as he was in coming to the other and more important ones involved in the Behring Sea controversy.

EDITORIAL COMMENT.

The appointment of Mr. A. E. Wilmot to the office of Water Commissioner and City Surveyor is a most judicious one. Mr. Wilmot is a competent man professionally, and he is active and energetic. He will no doubt do his work well and the city will benefit greatly by his services. He occupies a very important position, and if the Council is to derive the greatest possible benefit from his ability and his skill they will place that confidence in him which judicious men generally place in their professional adviser. By doing this they will give Mr. Wilmot the opportunity which ought to be afforded him to prove his ability and they will enable him to do his very best for the city.

From New York To-Day.

Children's fancy muslin bonnets in the latest American styles at THE WHITE HOUSE. 88-w.

VOCAL.

MISS EDE, an experienced vocal teacher, trained by Signor Casano, principal of the Bayswater College of Music, London, gives lessons in Singing, privately and in classes. 22 Quebec Street. ap14

PARTNER - WANTED.

Wanted, a third partner in an established Real Estate, Financial and Brokerage Business.

Must have no objection to travelling. Capital required. Apply to

BELYEA & GREGORY, Solicitors.

Dated this 14th April, 1892. ap14

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

KEEFER & SMITH,
CIVIL AND HYDRAULIC ENGINEERS
TURNER BLOCK, VICTORIA, B.C.
G. A. Keefer, M.I.C.E. H. B. Smith, M.I.C.E.

THOMAS HOOPER,
ARCHITECT.
☞ Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government Street. tf

HERBERT CARMICHAEL,
Official Analyst for the Province.
OFFICE, - 32 GOVERNMENT ST.
mc9 3m

MR. VICTOR AUSTIN
Teacher of Violin, Guitar & Mandolin.
Application can be made at the Conservatory of Music, 95 Douglas St. oc11

MRS. E. TEMPLE,
London Academy of Music, England, formerly Pupil of Signor Garcia,
Gives Lessons in Singing, Voice PRODUCTION, ETC.
Advanced pupils taken. Terms on application.
90 NORTH PARK ST., VICTORIA.
ap1-1m

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
ESTABLISHED 1803.
INVESTED FUNDS OVER $8,000,000
LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED.
Agent, H. E. CROASDAILE, 42 Fort Street.
oc29

ASSAYS AND ANALYSIS OF ORES
W. PELLEW HARVEY
GOLDEN, - BRITISH COLUMBIA
1881-1885 — With Messrs. Vivian & Sons, Swansea.
1885-1890—Chief Assayer and Chemist to John F. Penrose & Sims, Assayers to the Rio Tinto Co., etc., Cornwall.
Price card on application. mc12

KOOTENAY - INVESTMENTS.

E. C. CARPENTER begs to inform intending purchasers that he will be in Kootenay after March 5th.
Information given on Mines, Claims, and Real Estate in Nelson, Ainsworth and Slocan (Slocan especially).
Correspondence solicited. Confidential enquiries answered promptly. Address—P. O. Nelson, Kootenay, B. C. fe28-tf

GEO. W. FUGGLE
Pianoforte Maker and Tuner.
VIOLINS, MANDOLINS AND GUITARS REPAIRED
Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess Ave., also at Jamieson's Bookstore, next Post Office. mc13 tf

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE

Russells Station, Esquimalt District

PART OF

SPRINGFIELD ESTATE.

J. P. DAVIES & CO.

Are instructed by R. J. Russell, Esq., to offer for

SALE - BY - AUCTION

At their Salesroom, Wharf street, at 21 o'clock, noon, on

Tuesday, May 3rd, 1892

the balance of

27 LOTS

OF THE

SPRINGFIELD -:- ESTATE

This choice residential property is most eligibly situated, adjoining Russells Station, on the Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railroad.
The Electric Car Line runs along the south side of the property.
The soil is very well suited for gardening purposes. Water is laid on from the Esquimalt water works.
Maps, with full particulars and terms and conditions of sale, can be obtained at the office of the auctioneer.

JOSHUA DAVIES, Auctioneer.

ESTATE JOSEPH DOUGAN,
DECEASED, INTESTATE.

Subject to the approval of the Supreme Court of British Columbia,

J. P. DAVIES & CO.

WILL SELL ON

TUESDAY, 3rd day of May,

AT 12 O'CLOCK, NOON,

SHAWNIGAN DISTRICT:

The West half of Section 19, Range 3.
The East half of Section 19, Range 3.
The East half of Section 20, Range 3.
The South half of Section 20, Range 4.

COWICHAN DISTRICT:

The East half of Section 1, Range 3.
Section 1, Range 4, containing 350 acres.

☞ Particulars with maps to be had of Messrs. DRAKE, JACKSON & HELMCKEN, SOLICITORS, OR THE AUCTIONEERS.

J. P. DAVIES & CO.

have received instructions from the executors in the estate of Catherine Hotz, deceased, to sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION

the property known as

—THE—

Colonist Hotel,

The Good-will of Business, Furniture, Bar Fixtures, Stock of Liquors, Etc., Etc.

—THE—

CORNER - LOT

opposite the Colonist Hotel, fronting on

BEACON - HILL - PARK

Maps containing full particulars to be had from Messrs.

DRAKE, JACKSON & HELMCKEN, SOLICITORS, OR THE AUCTIONEERS.

MISCELLANEOUS

MANCHESTER HOUSE

JUST RECEIVED

LACE CURTAINS in all the latest patterns.

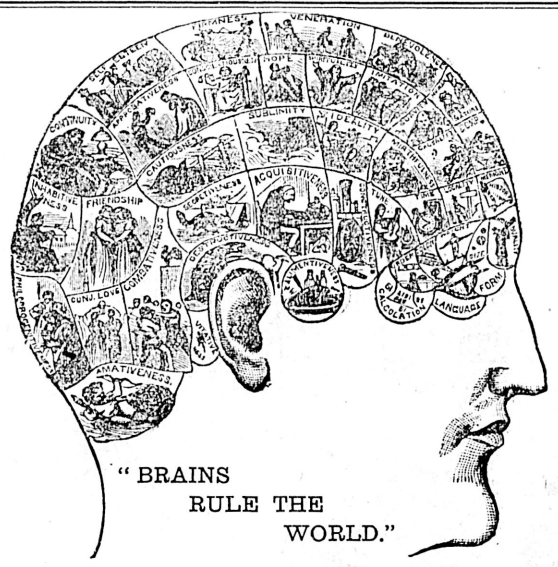
WHITE DRESS LAWNS in the Coin spot patterns---the newest thing out.

TWO CASES OF LADIES' BLOUSES in all styles and patterns. Both White and Colored.

A N W LINE OF DRESS GOODS received to-day. These are beautiful in texture and pattern, and bought 25 per cent. below the usual price.

THOSE KID GLOVES will still be sold at 75 cents per pair.

T. HAUGHTON & CO.,
88 YATES STREET, VICTORIA.



"BRAINS RULE THE WORLD."

Prof. W. G. ALEXANDER
(MEMBER OF FOWLER & WELLS' INSTITUTE, N. Y.)
Has the honor to announce

A COURSE OF LECTURES
—ON—
HUMAN CHARACTER
And the art of reading it in
THE HEAD AND FACE
Illustrated by a Collection of Life-Sized Oil Paintings, Photographs and India Ink Sketches of the World's Most Eminent Characters.

Professional Men, Mechanics, Mothers and Orphans struggling without aid in the world will find something in each of these lectures too valuable to be lost.
Parents will hear something about how to train, and how NOT to train a child.
Teachers will hear of natural methods of teaching which no other science explains.
As an experienced teacher, Prof. Alexander does not speak from a theoretical but practical point of view.

BEGINNING AT THE
Imperial Theatre, Wednesday, April 20, at 8 p.m.
ap17

DAINTY, FASHIONABLE TANNED SHOES

Reflecting the brightness of our spring weather are now in stock at

ERSKINE'S

A large supply just received for both Ladies and Gentlemen. They are

THE - FINEST - GOODS - IN - THE - CITY.

IMPORTANT NOTICE

CLOSING OUT SALE,
SCOTCH HOUSE, - 31 FORT STREET
COMMENCING MONDAY, MARCH 28TH.

The entire stock of Clothing and Gents' Furnishings will be sold at cost for cash, as the business must be closed out at an early date.

TENDERS

will be received for the purchase of the entire Stock in Trade, Fixtures and Good-will of the business. The business has been established for thirty years, and is well-known in the province. Any person purchasing the business can secure a lease of the premises on favorable terms. For full information apply on the premises.

McLEAN AND STEWART.

Dated the 25th March, 1892. mc26

FIRE INSURANCE.
PHŒNIX INSURANCE CO., Of Hartford, Conn., ESTABLISHED - - - 1851. Cash Capital, - $2,000,000.
CANADA BRANCH: Head Office, 114 St. James St. MONTREAL.
GERALD E. HART, - - - - - - - - General Manager.
A share of your Fire Insurance is solicited for this reliable and wealthy company, renowned for its prompt and liberal settlement of claims.
J. J. AUSTIN, H. M. YATES, } Victoria Agents, 63 Government St.
au29

J. P. DAVIES & CO.
AUCTIONEERS.

GOVERNMENT SALE
—OF—
121 LOTS 121
—IN THE TOWN OF—
NELSON

Under instructions from the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, on behalf of the Province of British Columbia, we will sell by Public Auction, at 11 a.m., at the Town of Nelson, Kootenay, on

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 27,

Particulars, with maps, can now be obtained at the office of the auctioneers.
Terms of Sale—⅓ cash, ⅓ six months, ⅓ twelve months, with interest on deferred payments at the rate of six per cent per annum. Crown Grants $5 each.

JOSHUA DAVIES, Auctioneer.
mc9

AUCTION SALE
CITY REAL ESTATE.
YATES ST., (South Side),
Between Blanchard and Quadra.
THURSDAY NEXT, APRIL 21,
at 12 o'clock noon, at the salesrooms, corner of Fort and Langley streets, Mr. George Byrnes will offer for sale in two lots of 30 feet each, by a depth of 120,
Victoria City Lot No. 322.
This property is in a rising locality, and will soon be business property. Terms cash.
GEO. BYRNES, Auctioneer.
Cor. Fort and Langley streets, Victoria. ap14

Cadboro Bay Property.

Sale of Valuable Property at Cadboro Bay, and some Choice Water Fronts.

The undersigned will sell by Auction
ON THE 7th DAY OF MAY,
At his salerooms, 40 Yates street, a portion of the above valuable property, and as soon as a certain portion of the above property has been sold and the first $15,000 paid for on account thereof, a bonus of twenty acres, more or less water front lots, being lots 41, 42, 43 and 44 of Sec. 3, subdivision of Sec. 44, Victoria District, will be given away in the following manner:—The purchaser who shall pay in the aggregate for or on account of their purchase money, in accordance with their agreements, or to the satisfaction of the vendor, the vendor will then have the bonus land surveyed into lots and sold by public auction to the highest bidder, and the proceeds will, after paying expenses of survey, etc., be distributed or placed to the credit of such purchasers who have paid between them the first $15,000, in proportion to the amounts paid by each of them respectively.
Nearly one-half of the amount has already been sold, and a great part of the money paid. Those who wish to make money easily, safely and without risk, should purchase some of this beautiful property.
Easy terms will be given those who desire.
Plans and all particulars can be seen at my office, 40 Yates street, or at the office of C. T. W. Piper, 43 Fort street.
Sale will be held at 12 noon and 7.30 p.m. on Saturday, May 7th, 1892.

W. R. CLARKE, Auctioneer.
ap13

F. G. RICHARDS, Notary Public. HERBERT CUTHBERT late Auctioneer for Chas. Green & Co. P. O. Box 823.

RICHARDS —AND— CUTHBERT
REAL ESTATE, FURNITURE,
—AND GENERAL—
AUCTIONEERS

Auctions conducted in Town or Country, on owners' own premises or in the Auction Mart, corner Broad Street and Trounce Avenue. Goods received on consignment.
Real Estate Sales a Specialty.
Furniture Auctions Settled Day of Sale. Cash Advanced on Furniture, Stock, etc.
BEST SITUATED AUCTION MART IN THE CITY
RICHARDS & CUTHBERT,
Cor. Broad St. and Trounce Ave.

FOR SALE.

ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTY ACRES OF rich bottom land in Somenos District, Cowichan, two miles from railroad station. Apply to C. BEAUMONT, Cor. Gov't and Bay Streets, Victoria, B.C.
February 20, 1892. fe21-tf

CARD TO THE PUBLIC!

We have decided to discontinue our Tailoring Department at an early date and devote our attention to Ready-Made Clothing only. We intend to enlarge this branch of our business second to none in Canada.
The balance of our cloth will be sold at cost, either in the piece or made to order, for Cash only.
Parties wishing Cheap Suits or Cloth by the yard will do well to give us a call.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS,
37 Johnson Street.

AUCTION SALES TO BE HELD.

April 16th—Sale of Fine Horses. James Mortimer.
April 21st—Yates street Property. George Byrnes.
April 27th—Government Sale of Nelson Town Lots. Sale in Nelson, Kootenay. J. P. Davies & Co.
May 1 3rd—Springfield Estate, 27 Lots. J. P. Davies & Co.
May 13rd—Estate of Joseph Dougan. Farm Lands in Shawnigan and Cowichan Districts. J. P. Davies & Co.
—Colonist Hotel and Property. No date fixed. J. P. Davies & Co.
May 7th—Real Estate sale of Cadboro Bay Property, and choice Water Front Lots. W. R. Clarke.

THE CITY.

A New Company.

The Union Ice Co. of Tacoma, Seattle, & Whatcom, have signified their intention of within a short time erecting a large plant in this city.

No Communication.

The high east wind has blown down the telegraph poles between Carmanah and here, and communication is interrupted. The wire will be repaired immediately.

Methodist Church Arbitration.

There was a short conference of the arbitrators in the Methodist Church matter yesterday morning, but as yet no award has been made. The evidence has been very voluminous and is in the main of a technical character.

Passengers by the Puebla.

The following is the list of passengers for Victoria by the City of Puebla: Capt. J. Irving, Wm. Harvey, H. B. Snyder, F. St. Bungey, Mrs. J. B. Gardner, R. Ross, S. R. Dyer, W. A. Doble, G. K. Marks, W. S. Harding, Thos. Kershaw, J. Tanton.

Quick Work.

Mayor Beaven got through his consolidation of the Municipal Act in two days and a half, and the printers of the government office have been working steadily at it ever since he concluded. They will have it ready when the House meets on Tuesday. It now contains 300 sections and 250 subsections.

Choice and Seasonable.

Several of the friends of Messrs. A. Ewen, Thos. Ladner and D. J. Munn, of Westminster, were pleasantly surprised, on Thursday evening, at receiving some fine spring salmon, intended for their Good Friday dinner. The fish were of exceptionally choice quality, and the recipients were highly pleased with the gift.

On a Fishing Expedition.

A small party, composed of the following fishermen, went up to Chemainus, on Friday. They will probably return to-day: Capt. Cox, Capt. Lawrence, Richard Hall, Walter Adams, Capt. Wm. Cox and F. Adams. It is thought that when they reach Victoria, the market price of fish will be considerably reduced.

Laid at Rest.

The remains of the late Captain Munroe were, yesterday, interred in Ross Bay cemetery, in the presence of a large number of friends. The funeral left the family residence early in the afternoon, and later on from the First Presbyterian church, where service was performed by the Rev. Dr. Smith. The following gentlemen acted as pall-bearers: Messrs. R. McLellan, Waterson, Roberts, Munsie, Fullerton, and Beckwith.

A Pleasant Surprise.

Last Friday evening the members of St. John's choir presented their leader, Mr. Clement Rowlands, with a beautiful silver mounted ebony baton, which was suitably inscribed as a mark of their esteem and appreciation of his untiring efforts on their behalf. The baton was presented in the vestry with a few happily chosen remarks by Mr. Ross Munro on behalf of the choir in the presence of the Rev. Percival Jenns and all the choir; after which Mr. Clement Rowlands replied, thanking them, and saying how pleased he felt at such an unexpected token of their regard for him.

A Chapter of Accidents.

Three upsets were reported from the Gorge, yesterday, but luckily none of them terminated seripusly, a result brought about by sheer good luck and not from any merit of the parties. One boat load of five young men, who were attempting to pull through the Gorge bridge at a fancy stroke, suddenly found themselves minus their craft and were whirled into the hand bridge, where they held on until pulled up by the people above. It is suggested that as the boating season is now approaching, a notice should be posted in a conspicuous position at the Gorge warning strangers of the danger of going through the narrow passage without the exercise of special care.

A Noted Lecturer.

Prof. W. G. Alexander, of New York, widely known as a phrenologist of marked ability, will deliver a series of lectures at the Imperial theatre, beginning on Wednesday evening next. The lectures are illustrated with several hundreds of life-size illustrations. At the close of each lecture the audience is given the privilege of selecting prominent citizens, to whom will be given public examination, in order to test the Professor's ability, and, at the same time, afford an interesting entertainment. Victoria has not been favored by an exhibition of this nature since the memorable visit of the late Prof. O. S. Fowler, some ten years since. The science of phrenology, to-day, is claimed to be a most popular factor in determining the bent of youthful lives, and its presentation by Prof. Alexander is in every way instructive and entertaining.

An Abandoned Voyage.

About 3 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon two men went to MacIntosh's boat-house and hired the "Plug" for the afternoon. The "Plug" is a well known sail boat, and although old is a perfectly staunch seagoing craft. Towards evening the boat was seen off Brotchie Ledge, and at that time, as there was little wind, the occupants, had they so desired, could easily have rowed back into harbor. As the boat was found next morning drifting around Ross Bay with her sail still set, it is supposed that the men allowed her to drift with the current and after stepping ashore at Ross Bay left the craft to her devices. That is the story they told to their friends in the city that evening, previously to leaving on the City of Kingston for Seattle. The boat, when found, had been badly damaged by striking the rocks, and it will cost her owner about $40 to repair her, and perhaps $25 more to bring her back to the boat house. It was evidently the intention of the men that hired her to sail across the straits in the "Plug," and it is very probable that they intended to carry as passengers on the plunger several man-o'-warsmen who wished to pay a visit to Uncle Sam's domains. The presence of a naval picket around Beacon Hill and Ross Bay probably interferred with the plans of the intending excursionists, and the organizers of the scheme thought it advisable to escape an inquiry by a hurried departure.

For Caulking the Warspite.

Two tenders were received, on Wednesday last, from local firms, for the caulking of H.M.S. Warspite. As yet they have not been opened.

The Verandah Gone.

The unsightly verandah at the corner of View and Broad streets has been removed. As it was at the same time an eyesore and a danger to passing pedestrians its loss will not be greatly felt.

Gospel Meeting.

This afternoon a Gospel meeting meeting will be held in the Association Hall, 40 Broad street, at 4 o'clock. A warm welcome will be extended to any men who go. Mr. Waites will address the meeting. Strangers are invited to attend.

A Three-Weeks' Tour.

Mr. George Berry and his Imperial Theatre Stock company have said good-bye to Victoria for three weeks, during which they will visit Vancouver, Nanaimo, and New Westminster, and produce plays in each city. They will open here again early in May.

Two Pictures.

It is estimated that, on completion, the new Driard hotel will have cost fully $150,000. Every day the building is becoming more and more an attractive and graceful object. Incidentally, it may be mentioned that standing directly opposite it, on Broad street, is a broken down, disgraceful looking stable, not worth carrying away. The contrast is remarkable.

One from the Clouds.

A prominent real estate man met an official of the Supreme Court at Goldstream yesterday. "Is this your vocation now?" he asked. "No," said the angler, "This is my *va*-cation." "There was no o cation for giving me a reply of that character," said the R.E. man. A dead body was picked up in the trout pond an hour later with prominent features of the face cracked, as if by a fifty candle power smile.

The Fire Department.

Victoria has enjoyed particular immunity from fire of late, and if no alarm be sounded up to Wednesday next there will be a clean record of two months during which the brigade has not been called out for active service. There is some trouble just at present with the alarm system, the gong striking several times each day without indicating the location where the supposed trouble has arisen.

An Obstruction to be Removed.

In front of nearly every hardware store and plumbers' shop in the city may be noticed heavy rolls of lead, placed, it is true, not very far out on the sidewalk, but just far enough to nearly cut off the toes of an unwary pedestrian on a dark night. A city alderman met with an unfortunate accident of this nature, the other day, and the public may expect, before long, to see the ordinance, relating to obstruction of the sidewalks, carried out rigorously. As has been remarked by great philosophers, "To what small accidents may we owe a grand revolution in public affairs!"

What Will They Do for Coal?

It will be remembered that last year, had it not been for the presence at Sitka of the Costa Rica, a collier chartered specially by the British Government for the supply of H.M.S. warships, many of the American revenue cutters would have been without coal. This year, as far as can be learnt, although many cutters will go into the sea, no more adequate arrangements for coaling them than existed last year have been made. It is probable that the matter of expense attached to their obtaining coal from foreign colliers, will be made the subject of an official communications from Consul Myers to his Government, and that before July, matters will have been fixed so as to do away with the necessity for United States vessels depending on the courtesy of British officers in the future.

Will this Pleasure be Withdrawn?

A great many lovers of music were disappointed yesterday afternoon when on visiting Beacon Hill, which, by the way, looked beautiful in its new spring dress, they found that no band occupied the rotunda, and that during the afternoon no sweet strains were wafted over the lake beyond it. The Warspite's band was generally expected to perform and the reason for their non-appearance cannot be learnt. Several of the City Aldermen were spoken to yesterday regarding a small appropriation for the purpose every Saturday, and the opinions expressed varied a great deal, one member of the Finance Committee speaking very strongly against such action, another prominent member of the Streets Committee and Fire Wardens supporting the project very heartily. The matter will probably come up for discussion during the week.

An Unfortunate Occurrence.

An accident that might have had serious consequences occurred on Fort street, yesterday evening at 8 o'clock. Mr. Wilson, of Spring Ridge, was driving, in a buggy, over James Bay bridge, when his horse took fright and bolted up Fort street. Opposite the Bee Hive saloon the buggy collided with an electric light post, and one of the wheels was broken off. The horse continued his mad career, and, when opposite Weiler's furniture establishment, a large cobble-stone by some means or other, was thrown into the air and against the large plate-glass window of the store. The glass was badly cracked, and will have to be repaired, at a cost of about $16). The horse was finally stopped, and though the driver had a very lucky escape from injury, the buggy was in a very dilapidated condition. The damage to the plate-glass will fall on the Plate Glass Insurance Compahy.

A Handsome Edifice.

The Gorge Road Methodist Church is fast approaching completion, and, when handed over by the contractors, will be as neat and comfortable an edifice as there is on the island. The site of the new church adjoins that of the old one, and it will probably be opened within the next month. The basement is of stone, while the outer walls are of brick. There are three main entrances, the doorways being of cut stone, approached by a series of steps. The front and side doors lead to a spacious vestibule, and the inside arrangements are all of the most approved style. The pulpit, reading desk and chair are located in a horse shoe, the style of church arrangement so popular now, and can be viewed with advantage from any quarter of the church. The main floor is an amphitheatre, with a gradual and graceful incline, affording good seating accommodation, which is also added to by a comfortable gallery. The building is heated by steam and lighted by electricity, a beautiful chandelier being suspended from the centre of an arched ceiling. The furnishings are got up in the most comfortable style possible, and with stained glass windows and everything new and good, the Gorge Road Church will be a model in its way. The present old building will be used as a Sunday school and assembly hall.

Ladies' Aid Society.

On Tuesday the 19th inst. the Ladies' Aid Society of the Presbyterian Church, Cedar Hill, will have a sale of useful and fancy needle work. The ladies will receive visitors in the afternoon and evening, and everything will be done to entertain their guests. In the evening a musical and literary programme will be given, and the Victoria Glee Club and many amateurs will assist. 'Busses will leave the Fountain at 7:15 in the evening.

A Useful Publication.

The 139th volume of the U. S. Postal Guide has been received at this office. It contains, as usual, a great deal of interesting and valuable information, among which is the following item: The number of postmistresses in the United States is now 6,335. Pennsylvania, with 460, heads the list, and Alaska comes at the bottom with one. The Guide contains a long discussion concerning better post-marking, and a letter from Mr. John Wannamaker, P.M.G., on the service generally, for the receipts of which he shows an enormous increase over March of last year.

The Orange Ball.

The ball in the Assembly Hall, to-morrow night, promises to be one of the most interesting of the season. The hall is being very tastefully decorated for the occasion, as a large working committee spent Friday and Saturday in cleaning it up. The supper is being got up by private individuals, and those attending may expect something worth sitting down to. The splendid orchestra that Mr. Bantly has secured is sure to be a credit to himself and also to the Orange Association. The grand march will begin at 8:30 p.m., sharp, as there is a very large programme to be gone through.

A Well-Known Pioneer Dead.

Henry Fry, sr., J.P., an old pioneer of Cowichan district, and for one term a member of the Provincial Legislature, died at his home at Duncan's station, yesterday morning, at the age of 66 years. Deceased was for many years Government agent for Cowichan, and was highly respected by all who knew him. He was born at Barnstaple, England. His family of sons and daughters included the wife of Mr. J. C. Prevost, registrar of the Supreme Court, and his eldest son, the well-known provincial land surveyor. Mr. Fry was a typical British Columbian, and was a man whose death will be greatly regretted by all who knew and honored him. The funeral takes place to-morrow.

Regular as Clockwork.

An instance occurred yesterday evening which shows how strictly the Sunday Closing Act is complied with in Victoria. As the town clock boomed forth the first stroke of eleven, Sergt. Levin was standing at the corner of Yates and Government streets. The clock had hardly finished striking the hour, when the Sergeant remarked to a bystander, "The Monarch's closed, so is the Adelphi, and the Pritchard House as well. Now for the rest. Ten seconds ago the doors were wide open, and business was all rushing. Now they are all empty. When people observe the law like that, the policeman's life is a happy one," and swinging his cane the sergeant walked towards the Bridge.

They tell a good story on Mrs. Stannard (John Strange Winter), author of "Bootle's Baby," and Sir Morell Mackenzie. It appears that the great physician was being lionized in a London drawing-room, and in the course of the evening was introduced to the lady novelist whose acquaintance he had not previously enjoyed. "I feel that I ought to know you," said the doctor. "I'm John Strange Winter," replied the lady. But the medicine man was no wiser. "I'm Bootle's Baby," declared the indignant novelist, naming her popular little story. Sir Morell smiled pleasantly, and approaching his host, whispered: "You know, of course, that you have a mad lady among your guests? That Mrs.—— is quite mad, but I should say harmless. First of all, she told me that she was a man and then somebody's infant, and evidently quite believed it!"

Cafe Royal

For Oysters, Ice Cream and Ladies' Lunch.

Elegant lines of Curtains, Art Muslins, Cretonnes and Upholstery goods at Weiler Bros. *

Ladies are saying O'Kell & Morris' Jams re excellent. *

Business Change.

Having bought my late partner's interest the business of Brown & White will be carried on in my own name. EDWARD WHITE. ap1-1m

A Positive Fact.

Lange & Co. are selling their choice stock of jewellery at cost. Ill-health obliges them to retire from business as quickly as possible. Any one wishing to make bargains in their line should call early, ere they dispose of the entire stock to some one in the trade. All work done by them during their stay in business will be guaranteed, as usual. The guarantee will hold ood after retiring from business. tf

Skill Brought to Perfection.

Prof. Dorenwend, of Toronto, the greatest Hair Goods Artist on this Continent, is now visiting Manitoba, N.W.T. and British Columbia, with his immense stock of fine Hair Goods Coverings for either Ladies or Gents in Wigs, Toupees, Switches, Bangs; Curly, Wavy and Plain Fronts, etc. See his advertisement in this paper, also large Posters and Hangers for Dates, Days, and Places where he is stopping. Don't miss this chance; go and see how natural and attractive looking you can be made, and baldness, plain and thin hair will be with you a thing of the past. In Victoria, he will be at the Driard House Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, and Saturday, April 18, 19, 20, 21, 22 and 23. *

A Rare Opportunity.

It is seldom in the history of any city that such an opportunity presents itself for all to supply themselves with jewellery, as here at the present time. Challoner & Mitchell, 47 Government street, who have purchased the entire stock, formerly owned by A. A. Clayton, at less than half of the original wholesale cost, are selling, for a limited time, anything and everything in the place, at figures away below any thing ever known here before, and will guarantee everything sold to be exactly as represented. All kinds of jewellery, medals, etc., are manufactured at short notice on the premises, and watch repairs carefully and promptly executed; while all work done by them is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. *

Miss Lettie Huntley

Is the sister of Mr. W. S. Huntley of Cortland, N. Y., a well known carpenter and builder. Her frank statement below gives only the absolute truth concerning her illness and marvelous recovery by the aid of Hood's Sarsaparilla. She says:

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Dear Sir: Twelve years ago I began to have hemorrhages and four years ago became so low that the physicians told me

There Was No Hope

and I should soon die. I could not be moved from my bed. Under my face were napkins continually reddened with blood from my mouth. **I could eat nothing** and had no action of the bowels for a week. The doctors said the cause was ulcers in the stomach. At this time my mother said she wanted to make one more trial, and asked if I would take Hood's Sarsaparilla. I told her it would be

A Waste of Money

but finding it would comfort her, I began taking it. In a few days the bloating began to subside, I seemed to feel a little stronger, but thought it only fancy. I was so weak I could only take ten drops of Sarsaparilla at first. In two weeks I was able to sit up a few minutes every day. In a month **I could walk across the room.** One day I asked what they were to have for dinner, and said I wanted something hearty. My mother was so happy she cried. It was the

First Time I had Felt Hungry for Two Years

I kept on with Hood's Sarsaparilla and in six months was as well as ever in my life. It is now four years since I recovered, and I have not had a day's sickness since, nor any hemorrhage. If ever a human being thanked the good Lord on bended knees it was I. I know that Hood's Sarsaparilla, and that alone, unquestionably **Saved my Life.**"

Messrs. Sager & Jennings, the well known druggists of Cortland, say that Miss Huntley "is a highly respected lady; her statement of what

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Has done for her is worthy the highest confidence." Hood's Pills cure Liver Ills.

FOILING
THE ROBBERS.

The tape line tailors from the east have been robbing the city of its circulating medium.

D. CAMPBELL & CO.,
88 Government St.,

Have decided to fix their prices for the next 30 days at figures below anything known in this city.

Tweed Suits, $20 & Upwards

All other goods sold proportionately.

They employ only the best class of white labor at good living wages. Their stock is the largest and best assorted in the province, and they are determined to outstrip all competition.

CALL AND SEE

them before the rush.

ap13

MEETINGS.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R.—Regular Communication first Thursday each month at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets, at 7:30 p. m. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
ja28 tf C. DUBOIS MASON.

L. O. L., NO. 1610—Meets first and third Fridays in each month, in Sons of St. George Hall, cor. Government and Bastion Sts. Visiting brethren invited to attend.
ap12 JOHN WALLACE, Sec.

ACME LODGE, NO. 14, I. O. O. F., meets every Friday evening in the Odd Fellows' Hall, Douglas street, at 7:30 o'clock. Sojourning brethren are cordially invited to attend.
S. W. EDWARDS, Rec. Sec.
W. H. CULLIN, N. G ja20-6m

PEMBERTON & SON,
REAL ESTATE
—AND—
FINANCIAL - AGENTS.

Half-acre lots in the City, beautifully situated, best of land, for sale, from $650 upwards, on very easy terms.

MONEY TO LOAN ON APPROVED SECURITY AT CURRENT RATES
mc26 VICTORIA, B. C.

W ARE — "NOW THERE." — THE BEST GOODS AT RIGHT PRICES.

WITH
FINE FOOTWEAR
Fresh from the East, including
MANY FASCINATING NOVELTIES
FOR EASTER
—AT—
MANSELL'S,
Coming 95 GOVERNMENT ST. mc27 to the Front

THE WESTSIDE

37 Dozen Ladies' and Children's
Parasols, - Sunshades - and - Umbrellas
JUST RECEIVED.

PARASOLS—Prices from 50c. to $25.00.

A MAGNIFICENT ASSORTMENT, consisting of the very latest styles. Some very beautiful Hand Painted Lace Parasols in black and colored.

LADIES' SILK UMBRELLAS

In Natural Wood, Ivory and Sterling Silver Mounts. Durable Silk, warranted not to cut. Prices from $2.25 to $17.50.

Gentlemen's Durable Silk Umbrellas.

Natural Wood, Ivory and Sterling Silver Mounts. Prices from $3.00 to $20.00.

The above goods were PURCHASED DIRECT from the BEST MANUFACTURERS IN THE WORLD, so that quality and prices can be relied on.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.
April 14th, 1892. fo25

THIS HAND IS A POINTER.
WHAT DOES IT POINT TO?

To the fact that the finest Grocery Store in British Columbia is that of

SAUNDERS.

SIMPSON, HALL, MILLER & Co.
TRADE MARK FOR 16 AND 18 DE BRESOLES ST. TRADE MARK FOR
MONTREAL.
MANUFACTURERS OF THE FINEST QUALITY
ELECTRO-PLATED WARE.
WM. ROGERS KNIVES, FORKS AND SPOONS.

SPENCER'S ARCADE.

SPECIAL TO-DAY.

EASTER MILLINERY OPENING

NEW PARIS PATTERN HATS.
Very latest shapes in Chip and Straw.

NEW - FLOWERS - AND - TRIMMINGS
JACKETS AND CAPES.

The whole stock is now complete in all departments.

DAVID SPENCER, - Government Street.

JAPANESE GOODS
Just received by last steamer, consisting of
All Kinds of Silk Goods
TEA SETS, VASES, TRAYS,
Cabinets, Writing Desks, Screens, Chairs, Tables, Toys of all kinds, great variety of Curios, Bronzeware, etc. The finest lot of Goods in the city.

ROKUBAN CO.,
150 Government Street.
ja6-1y

Pianos and Organs
Best assortment and best makers at
LOWEST PRICES & EASIEST TERMS.
SEE THE
RAGLAN BICYCLES
JUST IN.
WAITT'S MUSIC STORE,
64 GOVERNMENT ST. mc6

AMUSEMENTS.

—ON—
EASTER MONDAY, APRIL 18
An Apron Sale will be held by the
W. C. T. U.
IN - TEMPERANCE - HALL.
It will open at 2 o'clock.
A Promenade Concert in the evening. Refreshments will be served. Admission free.
ap13-w,f&su

GRAND BALL,
Under auspices of L. O. L. Nos. 1,426 and 1,610, will take place in
ASSEMBLY HALL
—ON—
EASTER MONDAY, APRIL 18TH,
TICKETS, - - $2.50.
There will be four prizes given to Ladies in the best set of Lancers, also a medal for the best Highland dancer. The prizes will be on view in the window of Jackson & Mylius, Government street. Any prize can be exchanged, if so desired, by the winner.
mc23-td GEO. BRIMSTON, Sec'y.

Jockey Club Grounds
GRAND GALA DAY!
Easter Monday, April 18
HALF HOLIDAY
FOR EVERYBODY.

Athletic Sports,
May Day Festivities,
Bicycle Races,
High Rope Performances,
Invisible Wire Display,
Tug of War,
Scottish Highland Dancing,
and other attractions too numerous to mention
SEE BILLS.
Admission, 50cts. and $1,00.
School Children, 25c.
Prizes on view at Messrs. Davidson Bros'l jewelry store, Government street. ap10

Gentlemen, Save Dollars!
TAKE A MEMO OF MY ADDRESS!!
AND COME AND SEE ME!!!
The Latest Fashions. The Best Material.
The Highest Standard of Excellence
IN WORKMANSHIP
For the Least Money.
JOHN McCALLUM,
The Fashionable Tailor,
42 Broad Street,
Has decided to give for the next 30 DAYS to his numerous customers a chance to secure their SPRING SUITS at such close prices as will startle the most inveterate bargain hunter.
Scotch Tweed Pants to order from $5.00 to $9.50.
Scotch Tweed Suits from $20.00 to $36.00.
Indigo Blue Serge Suits from $28.00 up.
Fit, style and workmanship guaranteed, as none but those who are artists at their trade are employed.
Every garment has the personal supervision of
JOHN McCALLUM,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
42 Broad Street.
ap8-1m

NOTHING NEW UNDER THE SUN.
MR. & MRS. CARL KOSCHE, ARTISTS IN hair work, 31 Government St., Victoria, where they are prepared to show the most artistic variety of Hair Goods; also Ladies' Hair Cutting and Dressing. All work guaranteed.
mc31

SMOKE
"McLeod's Own"
The best 10c. cigar in the city.
For sale only at the
WHITE -;- ELEPHANT,
19 TROUNCE AVENUE. ap9

IN THE CITY CHURCHES.

How Lent will End—A Grand Easter Celebration in the Episcopal Parishes.

News of Interest to Ministers—Some Coming Events Among Members of Various Congregations.

CHURCH news, this week, is naturally full of the great event in the whole Christian world that is celebrated to-day. From time immemorial, Easter Sunday has been the day of all days among religious people and congregations of every sect. No doubt reference will be made, to-day, from every city pulpit to the solemnity of rejoicing and the reasons that the Christian world has for throwing off the gloom and silence of the Lenten season, and rejoicing heartily for the meaning conveyed in the term "Christ has risen."

As is the custom among them, the Episcopal churches are most beautifully decorated, and still another time have these columns to chronicle the beauty of the new designs conceived in flowers and evergreens by the ladies of the congregations of Christ Church, St. Johns, St. James, and St. Barnabas.

IN CHRIST CHURCH CATHEDRAL.

Order of Services for Easter day:

MATINS.

Processional Hymn—"Jesus Christ is risen to-day.
Easter Anthem — "Christ our passover"—Preston.
Special Psalms.
Te Deum—Simper.
Jubilate—Troutbeck.
Anthem—"Awake thou that sleepest"—Simper.
Hymn 131.
Kyrie—Simper.
Hymn 136.

EVEN-SONG:

Processional Hymn—"Come ye faithful."
Special Psalms.
Magnificent and Nunc Dimittis—Ebdon.
Anthem—"If we believe that Jesus died"—(Soprano, solo and quartette)—Simper.
Hymn 138.
Offertory Anthem—"Jesus Christ is risen today" (with Soprano Solo.)
Hymn 135.
Stainer's seven fold Amen.
Recessional Hymn—"The Church's one foundation."

On Tuesday a Special Easter Festival will be held in the Cathedral, commencing at 8 o'clock. Several new Anthems will be sung by the full choir, and Solos will be sung by Messrs. Rhodes, Rowlands and White.

For some days past the ladies of this church have been busy picking lilies, and gathering wild violets and moss for the decoration of the chancel, font, and pulpit, as well as the beautifying of the altar. Their work has been done well, and seldom has the artistic taste of the workers been displayed to more effect than on the present occasion. The font, as usual, is a masterpiece. It is smothered in a huge bank of fern moss, and in its deep, green bed repose lines of white violets, forming crosses and other figures, which stand out bold and clear from the surrounding color. On the top of the pillar, rising from the centre of the moss, is a sheaf of high grass mixed with beautiful Easter lilies, which droop over in all directions, half hiding the masses of fragrant violets below. The chancel is beautifully arranged with moss, lilies, jonquils, and even the lowly but shapely nettle leaves are brought into requisition. Last year, it will be remembered, the fair workers were compelled to do their decorating without lilies, which were not then in season, but now that they are fortunate enough to have obtained them, they have not stinted the display with this pure-looking emblem of nature, so well-fitted to Easter and its surroundings. Lilies are everywhere, and nowhere do they seem overcrowded or out of place.

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH.

MORNING SERVICE.

Processional Hymn 134.
Christ Our Passover—Preston in A flat.
Proper Psalms—Cooke, Rimbault and Humphreys.
Te Deum—Garret in F.
Jubilate—Bridgewater in A.
Anthem—"He is Risen," by Clare.
Kyrie—Bridgewater in A.
Hymn 135.
Sermon—Mark xvi., 6.
Offertory Hymn, 322.
Holy Communion.

EVENING SERVICE.

Voluntary from Judas Maccabeus—Handel.
Processional Hymn, 138
Psalms—Battishill, Tonus, Peregrinus, Goodson and Walmisley.
Magnificat, Nunc Dimittis—Marks B flat.
Anthem—"He is Risen," by E. A. Clare.
Hymn 131.
Sermon—St. John xiv., 19: "Because I live, ye shall live also."
Offertory Hymn, 133.
Quartette and Choruses from Messiah—"Since by Man Came Death," etc.
Benediction.
Voluntary—(a) Offertoire — Hainworth; (b) Offertoire—Edouard Batiste.

Mr. and Mrs. Clement Rowlands will each sing a solo during the service. Mr. Rowlands has trained his choir up to a special effort for to-day, and no doubt the beautiful list of anthems will be done full justice to.

Owing, probably, to the abundance of flowers, the result of a mild winter, St. John's church has never—if memory is correct—looked so gay in its Easter robes as it does this year. The whole church is one mass of floral beauty, and as well might one endeavor to pourtray the contents of a fine conservatory as to give an adequate description of it in detail. On entering the church at the south door, the first object that strikes attention is the font. Round the base of its marble columns are numerous calla lilies, while the upper part is aglow with lovely hyacinths and other spring flowers, so designed as to symbolize the fragrance and beauty of a holy life, which the Spirit of God alone imparts. Passing up the nave aisles are seen beautifully decorated with baskets filled with wild flowers, chiefly lilies, but in profuse abundance. At the entrance of the chancel is a rood-screen, which has an extremely pretty effect. It is composed entirely of flowers—wild lilies and jonquils—placed in glass globes, covered with moss. These, some two hundred in number, are suspended by invisible wire, producing very light and artistic arches, the whole having the appearance of fantastic orchids, suspended in mid-air, and as fine as if made of delicate brass, but with the additional charm of Nature's matchless beauty and fragrance. At the base of the reading desk is a large anchor, wholly of flowers of various colors, while the lectern and pulpit are perfect gems of art, being wrought with the most choice flowers that modern floriculture can produce. Passing over works less striking, though all are excellent, and facing the East, one stands before a lovely cross, composed entirely of African lilies, grown in Southern climes. It is three feet in length and placed over the altar; while on either side of it are large shields, with crowns of glory and all the symbols of the Resurrection, standing out in bold relief. All about the altar rails are choice palms, ferns and libonias, and other plants in full bloom. The ladies of St. John's, whose zealous work and refined taste have yielded such an imposing effect, deserve to be heartily congratulated.

ST. JAMES.

There will be special services in St. James church, to-day, and never did the building look better. The members of the congregation, assisted by their pastor, have spared no pains to make St. James present a festive appearance on Easter Day, and the choir have also been busy in the preparation of that special portion of the service which devolves upon them. The floral decorations are a credit to those having charge of the work. The Ven. Archdeacon Scriven will officiate.

ST. LUKE'S (CEDAR HILL ROAD).

The decorations this year in this sacred edifice are worthy of admiration. At an early hour many ardent members of the congregation might be seen wending their way to join in the labor of love and beautify the house where He who is risen has promised to meet and bless those members of the church militant. The chancel, by an experienced and devoted member, shows design and taste, while the pulpit, by Miss Tolmie, assisted by Miss Gordon, the lectern, by Mrs. Brownlee, and the font, by Jean Tolmie, assisted by Misses King, Brown, Pollock, Mebius, Holmes, etc., as well as the prayer desk by Miss Ettie Tolmie, assisted by Mary Browne, bear the marks of arrangement skill and practice in decorating The following is the choral service for the day:

MORNING.

Responses, Festal.....Barnby
Christ, Our Passover.....P. Humphrey
Psalms.....Cook, Reinbault and Humphreys
Te Deum.....Jackson
Jubilate.....Crotch
Anthem.....Christ is Risen from the Dead.....G. J. Elvey.
Kyrie.....Mendelsohn
Hymns 134, 135, 137, 322.

EVENING.

Responses, Festal.....Barnby
Psalms. Battershill, Tonus, Pregrinus, Goodson
Magnificat.....Hopkins
Nunc Dimittis.....Havergail
Hymns 135, 140, 131, 134.

After Good Friday's service the choir and members of the Guild, through Miss Tolmie, the president, waited on the rector in the vestry and agreeably surprised him by a thoughtful gift, consisting of canonicals and vestments. In reply to Miss Tolmie's address Mr. Brown expressed his thanks and remarked the gifts bestowed evidenced the worth of those to whom he ministered, and hoped coming years would more and more confirm the unity and good will which has so long and happily bound them together.

The Sunday school children meet at the rectory, Cedar Hill, on Easter Monday, and will be entertained by the Ladies' Guild.

A special choral service has been prepared for St. Barnabas' Church to-day.

St. Saviour's Church, Victoria West, has been very prettily decorated during the past week in honor of Easter. There will be holy communion at 8 a. m. and 11 a. m. At 3 p. m. there will be a childrens' flower service, and an hour later a baptism service will be performed. There will also be service at 7 p. m.

Christ Church Cathedral—Morning, The Lord Bishop. Children's service, 3 o'clock. Evening, the Rev. J. B. Hewetson.

St. Barnabas — Morning, Rev. G. W. Taylor. Evening, Rev. E. F. Lipscombe.

St. Saviour's — Morning and evening, Rev. W. D. Barber.

St. Paul's, Esquimalt—Morning and evening, Rev. S. C. Scholefield.

Tolmie's—Morning, at 11, Rev. W. H. P. Arden.

Cadboro Bay—Afternoon, at 3 o'clock, Rev. W. H. P. Arden.

A BIG FESTIVAL.

The United Children's service, for which all the Church of England schools have been in preparation during the past few weeks, takes place at Christ Church cathedral, at 3 o'clock next Sunday afternoon, the 24th inst. Arrangements have been made for the reception of over 700 children, and it is expected that even a greater number than this will be present. The service will be throughout one for children, and needless to say the hymns, etc., have all been admirably chosen, with this object in view.

STILL ANOTHER CONGREGATION.

St. Mark's church, Cloverdale, will be opened by the Lord Bishop of Columbia, with the usual ceremonies, on April 25th. The largely growing community in this locality will in a few months have a handsome little church, the want of which has been felt in the district for some time.

THE R. C. CATHEDRAL.

Good Friday saw crowded congregations in the R.C. Cathedral, when the solemn services of the church were gone through with all due ceremony. The music was particularly good, and those officiating were Bishop Lemmens, Rev. Father Heynen, and Rev. Father VanGoethem. There were also special services yesterday, and to-day, Easter, will be observed as usual. Mass will be celebrated at 8 and 9 o'clock, and special pontifical mass at 10:30, the building being beautifully decorated for the occasion with flowers.

St. Joseph R.C. church, at Esquimalt, will have its first solemn high mass, to-day, and the choir will render the fine music, which its members have been practicing for the past couple of weeks. Rev. Father Van Goethem will officiate.

THE CHURCH OF OUR LORD.

(Reformed Episcopal.)

Morning service at 11. Preacher—The Rt. Rev. the Bishop.

Evening service at 7. Preacher—Rev. C. E. Dobbs.

Bible Class, for young men, at 10 a.m.

Sunday School and Bible Class, for young ladies, at 2.45 p.m.

Bible readings on Wednesday at 8 p.m., and on Friday at 3.30 p.m., in the schoolroom.

Holy Communion after the morning service.

PANDORA AVENUE METHODIST CHURCH.

MORNING.

Processional March—Batiste.
Anthem—Sound the Loud Timbrel.
Anthem—"Arise, Shine, for Thy Light is Come."
Anthem—"Te Deum, Laudamus."
Offertorie in E Flat—Lefebre Wely.

EVENING.

Processional—Batiste.
Anthem—I am Alpha and Omega.
Solo—"I know that my Redeemer liveth"—By E. H. Russell.
Offertorie—Batiste.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church—Rev. P. McF. Macleod is home again, and will occupy his pulpit to-day at both services.

First Presbyterian Church, Pandora avenue—Preaching at 11 a.m., and 7 p.m. Rev. J. K. Smith, D.D.

St. Paul's Presbyterian Church, Victoria West—Rev. D. MacRae, pastor. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Christadelphian Hall, 209 Douglas street, at 11 a.m., for the Breaking of Bread; and 7 p. m. Reading subject: "The Father, Son and Holy Spirit, according to the Scriptures of truth." All welcome.

WHARF AND WAVE.

The Batavia from China and Japan—Immigration of Japanese Largely Increasing.

Sand Head Lighthouse Troubles—Along the Water Front—The Bear Comes North.

THE Upton line's steamship Batavia, Capt. Hill, arrived from the Orient, Friday morning, being only twelve days from Honolulu, her last calling place. She had a very pleasant passage across the Pacific, until she came in the vicinity of the Cape, when a terrific gale struck her, severely testing her seaworthiness. She carried 1,150 tons of freight, including seventy-eight tons for Victoria and Sound ports and about 1,072 tons for Portland. She had 42 Japanese for Victoria, and about 200 for other points, principally for Portland. Her entire passenger list consisted of 240 Japanese, and the following in the cabin: Rev. W. H. and Mrs. Barnes, two children and nurse, J. Foster and Mrs. Yates. The Batavia sailed for Portland, yesterday morning.

The C. P. N. Co.'s steamship Danube, Capt. Meyers, sailed for Port Simpson and way ports, last evening, having a large quantity of freight on board, and the following passengers: Rev. T. C. P. Pyemont, Mrs. Carthew, Wm. Gordon, G. S. Butchers, Mrs. and Miss Lockerby, J. Moir, J. Goss, Alexander Noble, E. Ferness, J. H. King, W. F. Bullen, H. M. Price and A. Robertson.

Steamer Falcon brought in a scow load of coal from Nanaimo on Friday.

Steamer Daisy yesterday had a scow load of lumber from Chemainus.

Steamer City of Puebla arrived from San Francisco yesterday afternoon, having several passengers and 114 tons of freight for Victoria. She also landed at this port 59 tons of freight for Vancouver.

The Norwegian barque Fitzer, in tow of the American tug Pioneer, passed up to Chemainus from San Francisco last night, where she will load lumber for Melbourne, Australia. On the way from San Francisco she sighted three large vessels, and in the straits, on Friday last, he sighted a two-masted schooner.

The British steamer Rushmills sailed from Liverpool on the 13th inst. for Victoria, Vancouver and New Westminster, and is consigned to Baker Bros. & Co. (Ltd.) Vancouver. This makes the third steamer loaded by the Liverpool house of Baker Bros. & Co. (Ltd.). She is to be followed by other vessels at regular intervals.

The U.S. warship Mohican left the dry dock, Friday morning. The damage to her false keel was repaired, the copper sheathing, which had been torn off, being replaced by the ship's own men. The work was neatly done, and the officers speak very highly of the capabilities of the dock.

Captain Lewis returned from the Sand Head lighthouse, on Thursday evening, where he had gone on the Government steamer Quadra, to settle the trouble which had arisen between the keeper and his assistant. The affair was brought to an end by the appointment of Mr. John Donally, of Lulu Island, to the position of keeper. The assistant, who had escaped to Vancouver to get away from the late keeper's peculiar actions, still remains there, and it is at his own option whether he returns or not. Anticipating no further trouble, Captain Lewis returned home on the steamer Princess Louise, and the Quadra proceeded to Nanaimo, to again take charge of repairing and painting the buoys at that port. After that is done, she will go to Baynes Sound, and there perform a similar duty.

Steamer Maude left for Barclay Sound points, last evening, with a full cargo, consisting of a large quantity of general merchandise and several tons of coal, which she will sell to any sealing schooners that may be in need of it. Only a few passengers went down the Coast on her. Mr. Pemberton was one of the number.

Tug Hope brought in a boom of logs, from Valdez Island, on Friday.

The steamer City of Puebla passed the American revenue cutter Bear in the straits, yesterday. She was on her way up to some of the Sound ports.

Steamship Umatilla sails for San Francisco, on the 18th inst.

The C.P.N. Co.'s freight shed, alongside which the Islander docks, is now more crowded than for some time, as the result of two day's accumulation of freight. Yesterday, nearly every local truck and dray was taxed heavily all day, and the wharf presented a very busy appearance.

Steamer Isabel arrived in from Comox and the islands, last evening, with a large general cargo.

Steamer Princess Louise discharged a car load of wheat, and a car load of flour, at the outer wharf, before coming into the inner harbor from the Fraser river, last evening.

A gang of machinists from the Albion Iron Works were yesterday, at work making some slight repairs to the steamer Mystery's machinery.

ENTERED.

Str. Islander.....from Vancouver.
" City of Kingston.... " Port Townsend.
" City of Puebla..... " San Francisco.
" Batavia..... " Honolulu.
" Princess Louise..... " N. Westminster.
" Maude..... " Nanaimo.
" Hope..... " Valdez Island.
" Daisy..... " Chemainus.
" Isabel..... " Nanaimo.

CLEARED.

Str. Islander.....for Vancouver.
" City of Kingston.... " Port Townsend.
" City of Puebla..... " " "
" Princess Louise..... " N. Westminster.
" Batavia..... " Portland.
" Hope..... " Horne Island.
" Daisy..... " Chemainus.
" Maude..... " Barclay Sound.
" Phantom..... " Saturna Island.

Hood's Sarsaparilla absolutely cures where other preparations fail. It possesses medicinal merit peculiar to itself.

The Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that John W. Fleming, of the City of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia, contractor, has by deed dated the 25th day of March, 1892, executed by both parties on the day of the date thereof, assigned all his real and personal estate except as therein mentioned, to William Parsons Sayward, of the said City of Victoria, manufacturer, for the benefit of his creditors. All persons having claims against the said assignor are required to send them in on or before the 25th day of April, 1892, to the said assignee or to his solicitors, with full particulars in writing, signed by the party claiming; and notice is hereby given that after the said date the said assignee will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate among the creditors, having regard only to the debts, claims and demands of which the said assignee shall then have had notice.

BELYEA & GREGORY,
Solicitors for Assignee.
Dated at Victoria, B. C., this 28th day of March, 1892. mc29

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore subsisting between us, the undersigned, Henry Coppinger Beeton and John Herbert Turner, carrying on business as wholesale dry goods and general merchants, cannery proprietors and commission agents at 33 Finsbury Circus, in the City of London and in Wharf Street, Victoria, Vancouver Island; British Columbia, and at the Inverness Cannery, Skeena River, British Columbia, under the style or firm of H. C. Beeton & Co. in London, and Turner, Beeton & Co. in British Columbia, has been dissolved by mutual consent as and from the thirty-first day of December, 1891. All debts due to and owing by the said late firm will be received and paid by the said John Herbert Turner and Robert Arthur Lawrence Kirk, trading in London, aforesaid, as H. C. Beeton & Co., and in British Columbia, aforesaid, as Turner, Beeton & Co.

H. C. BEETON,
J. H. TURNER,
R. A. L. KIRK,
By his attorney in fact,
J. H. T.

Witness,
H. DALLAS HELMCKEN,
Notary Public for B. C.
Dated 31st day of December, 1891. mc25-1m

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership lately subsisting between the undersigned under the firm or style of Braden & Stamford, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. The business will henceforth be carried on by the undersigned, James Leonard Stamford, who will receive all accounts and pay all liabilities.

JOHN BRADEN.
J. L. STAMFORD.
Dated the 26th March, 1892. mc29-1m

Castoria

For Infants and Children.

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep **natural. Castoria** contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
H. A. ARCHER, M. D.,
111 South Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"I use Castoria in my practice, and find it specially adapted to affections of children."
ALEX. ROBERTSON, M. D.,
1057 2d Ave., New York.

"From personal knowledge and observation I can say that Castoria is an excellent medicine for children, acting as a laxative and relieving the pent up bowels and general system very much. Many mothers have told me of its excellent effect upon their children."
DR. G. C. OSGOOD,
Lowell, Mass.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

jy28-t-t-su

Lyon & Healy

GUITARS
The Marquette,
Quarter-sawed Sycamore $7.50
The Lakeside,
Quarter-sawed Oak, - - $9.00
The Arion.
Solid Mahogany, - - $11.00
The Conservatory.
Solid Rosewood, - - $13.50

MANDOLINS
The Lakeside.
Variegated Birds-Eye Maple $12
The Arion.
Maple and Mahogany - - $15
The Arion.
Same as preceding, inlaid, $20
The Conservatory.
Solid Rosewood, - - - - $20

Fully warranted and the best for the price the world affords. We manufacture all the component parts and are the largest makers on the globe. 100,000 of our instruments now in use. Sold by all leading dealers. Genuine have name burned on the inside. ☞ Take no other. ☞ Illustrated pamphlet mailed free.
LYON & HEALY, 156 to 164 State St., Chicago.
sun-d&w

PR. HILLIGER,
Teacher of VIOLIN, PIANO AND GERMAN.
Apply 56 Pandora Street.
ap 3-w&su-3m

LADIES who have to earn their living can make it easier by selling our
HYGEIA Electro-Magnetic Corsets than anything else. For terms apply to WESTERN CORSET CO., ST. LOUIS, MO.
we6-su-13t

KOFF NO MORE
WATSONS' COUCH DROPS
WILL GIVE POSITIVE AND INSTANT RELIEF TO THOSE SUFFERING FROM COLDS, HOARSENESS, SORE THROAT, ETC., AND ARE INVALUABLE TO ORATORS AND VOCALISTS. R. & T. W. STAMPED ON EACH DROP. TRY THEM
fa1-6m

SHERIFF'S SALE.

In obedience to a writ of fieri facias, issued out of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, at Victoria, on the 17th day of April, 1891, and to me directed, in the suit of John William Carter v. Alfred Augustus Clayton, for the sum of $2,047.50, and interest on the said sum at the rate of 6 per centum per annum, from the 16th day of April, 1891, besides Sheriff's poundage, officers' fees, and all other legal incidental expenses, I have seized, and will sell at public auction, at the office of the Sheriff, Court House, Bastion Street, Victoria, on Tuesday, the 19th day of April, 1892, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, the undermentioned property, or sufficient thereof to satisfy the judgment debt and costs, viz.: A lot of sterling silverware, consisting of fish knife and fork, in case; baker, in case; 4 child's cups; puff box; 2 cigarette cases; 3 bon-bon boxes; orange knife and spoon, in case; 2 tea balls; jelly dish and sugar tongs; child's knife, fork and spoon, in case; 2 flasks, in case; pie knife and fork; child's enamelled set, in case; engraved coffee spoon, in case; 2 plain coffee spoons, in case, pie knife, in case; sugar bowl, cream and sugar tongs; toilet set, glass, comb and brush, in case; 2 shoe-horns and button-hooks, in case; 4 vinagrettes; Berrie set, Berrie; sugar and cream spoons, with case; fork and spoon, in case.

Terms—Cash.

JAMES E. M'MILLAN, Sheriff.
Victoria, April 13th, 1892. 4t-ap14

TENDERS.

TENDERS.

Tenders for the erection of a brick or stone PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, in Nanaimo, B.C., will be received by Mr. Alexander Shaw, secretary of Building Committee, up to 6 o'clock p.m. of the 25th inst.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Plans and specifications will be open for inspection at Mr. Thos. McConnan's book store, Fort street, Victoria, from the 15th to the 25th inst.

ap7-td

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned for the erection and completion of the Board of Trade Building, on or before Friday, 22nd of April, at 12 o'clock noon.

The lowest or any offer not necessarily accepted.

Plans and specifications can be seen at my office.

A. MAXWELL MUIR,
Architect,
Turner Building,
ap1 Douglas Street.

FOR SALE.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to the 23rd day of April, next, for the purchase of Lot Eleven (11), Alberni District.

The highest tender not necessarily accepted.

The terms and conditions of sale can be obtained from

CHARLES E. POOLEY,
Solicitor,
47 Langley Street, Victoria.
Victoria, 23rd March, 1892. mc24-1m

PURE TEAS.

Assam, Ceylon, Japan, China,

Straight or Blended.

BLENDING

is my speciality.

THE "DEVLIN BLEND

COFFEE

is the best in Victoria for the price; is sold a 40 cents per pound, and can only be obtained from

ROWBOTHAM

"THE GROCER,"

Corner Yates and Broad Streets.

P. O. Box 476. Telephone 108.

POODLE DOG
Hotel and Restaurant.
LOUIS MARBOEUF, PROP.
OPEN ALL NIGHT.
je23-1m

USE
Benton County Flour
HUDSON BAY COMPANY,
Sole Agents for British Columbia. ja28tf

SYDNEY HOUSE
SYDNEY, NORTH SAANICH.
Fine Shooting, Salmon Fishing and Boating. Excellent accommodation and the best of everything in season.
W. A. BISSETT, PROPRIETOR.
ap9-1m

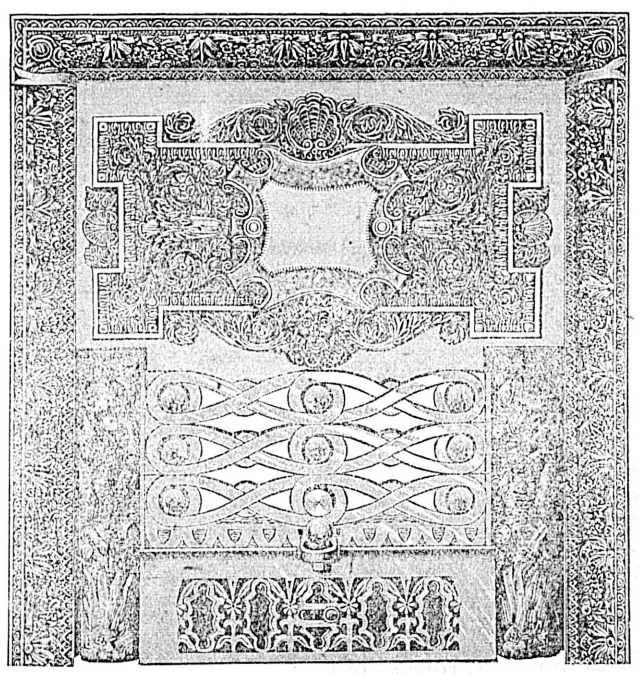
TO BUILDERS.

We have a large quantity of thimbles which we will sell at a great sacrifice.

Tenders will be received for the whole or part.

ALDERLEY POTTERY CO.,
ap3-1m Store Street.

FOR MANTELS, GRATES & TILES
RECOMMEND ME TO



McLENNAN & McFEELY,
ap10 Corner Government and Johnson Streets.

EASTMAN & CLERIN,

COOPERAGE

Manufacturers of Barrels and Kegs for Fish, Beef, Beer and Whiskey; Patent Coiled Elm Hoops for Lime Barrels Constantly in Stock. Packers' Correspondence Solicited.
P. O. BOX 784. SHOP—POWELL ST., EAST.
VANCOUVER, B. C. ap2-tf

VICTORIA COLLEGE.

LADY PRINCIPAL—MRS. WASTIE GREEN.
MASTERS—MR. HENRY GOWARD, MA., LLB., Double Honors Prizeman, University of London, England.
MR. L. H. FULLAGER, B.A., Caius' College, Cambridge, England.
MR. E. P. LEAKEY, Queen's College, Cambridge, England.
Thorough preparatory training for the Universities, Public Schools and Business.
Boarders are admitted at the age of 9.
Terms on application. Address
LADY PRINCIPAL,
Victoria College,
ap1 Victoria, B. C.

THE TIME FOR
PLANTING TREES
Having now arrived
P. T. JOHNSTON & CO.
are prepared to supply in any quantity desired, Fruit Trees, Ornamental Trees and Shrubs Evergreens, etc., at lowest prices.
Their Nursery Business is still carried on in the same premises, St. Charles St., Cadboro Bay Road, the frontage only having been sold. At their Store, removed to
52 DOUGLAS STREET,
Grass, Clover and all other kinds of Seeds, best quality. For further particulars see Priced Catalogues, which will be sent post free on application. c20 6m d&w

Choice German Flower Seeds

I have just received an invoice of very fine

Asters, Stocks, Wallflowers, Etc.,

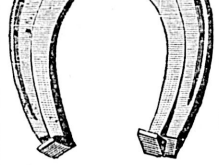
IN GREAT VARIETY.

Plant these now if you want to compete for prizes at the Agricultural Exhibition next autumn.

G. A. McTAVISH,
9 Park Road. VICTORIA.
au21

PREPARE FOR SPRING
LEAVE YOUR ORDERS FOR
Repairs, -:- Alterations
Office and Store Fittings or Other Carpenter Work, With
J. P. BURGESS,
10 Broughton Street.

The Westminster Slate Co.,
LIMITED,
Manufacturers and Dealers in
ROOFING SLATE
New Westminster, B. C.
above Company are now prepared to receive and fill orders (March delivery) for Roofing Slate of all sizes, from 24x12 downwards. Our Slate is of the very best quality and our prices moderate. All orders sent to the undersigned promptly filled.
A. G. GAMBLE, Secretary.
New Westminster, B.C. de1



Horse Shoeing
TWENTY YEARS EXPERIENCE.
Satisfaction Guaranteed.
WM. HODGE, 92 Johnson St.
w-f-su

SIMPLEX
CASH - REGISTER,
—THE VERY—
LATEST AND BEST.
Nothing to get out of order.
$45 ONLY $45
For information and circulars apply to
H. G. ROSS & Co.,
New Westminster, B. C.
Agents wanted. mc20-tf

CHAS. HAYWARD
ESTABLISHED 1867
FUNERAL DIRECTOR & EMBALMER
64 GOVERNMENT ST. VICTORIA

Rice Lewis & Son,
(LIMITED).
SHELF AND HEAVY
HARDWARE
TILES,
GRATES,
MANTELS,
—FINE—
BRONZE - METAL - HARDWARE
RICE LEWIS & SON, LIM'D.
TORONTO
ONTARIO au28

RAILWAYS.

Esquimalt & Nanaimo R'y

TIME TABLE No. 15.

To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Tuesday, Oct. 20th, 1891. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

GOING SOUTH. HEAD UP. No. 1 Passenger Daily.			No. 3 Passenger Saturdays and Sundays.			STATIONS.	Miles from Wellington	Miles from Victoria	GOING NORTH. HEAD DOWN. No. 2 Passenger Daily.			No. 4 Passenger Saturdays and Sundays.	
						VICTORIA	78		Do 8.00	A.M		Do 2.30	P.M
Ar 2.4	P.M					RUSSELLS, Vic. W	77	1	" 8.01	"		" 2.31	"
" 12.20	"					ESQUIMALT	74	4	" 8.11	"		" 2.41	"
" 12.10	P.M					GOLDSTREAM	67	11	" 8.29	"		" 3.06	"
" 11.45	"					SHAWNIGAN LK.	59	19	" 8.34	"		" 3.11	"
" 10.40	"					COBBLE HILL	54	24	" 9.57	"		" 4.29	"
" 10.27	"					COPPERSMITH	47	31	" 10.07	"		" 4.39	"
" 10.17	"					KOKSILAH	46	32	" 10.12	"		" 4.44	"
" 10.12	"					DUNCANS	38	40	" 10.22	"		" 4.54	"
" 10.02	"					SOMENOS	35	43	" 10.33	"		" 5.16	"
" 9.35	"					CHEMAINUS	26	52	Ar 11.50	"		" 6.14	"
Ar 8.25	"					NANAIMO		73	De 11.50	"		"	—
De 8.34	"					WELLINGTON			Ar 12.14	"		Ar 6.32	"
De 8.1	A.M		De 1.30	P.M				78					

On Saturdays and Sundays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a single fare, good for return not later than Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all point good for three days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a Single Fare, where such fare is twenty-five cents. Through rates between Victoria & Comox.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Sup
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agt
my29

From Terminal or Interior Points the

Northern Pacific Railroad

Is the line to take To all Points East and South.

It is the Dining Car Route. It runs through Vestibuled trains every day in the year to

ST. PAUL and CHICAGO
(NO CHANGE OF CARS)

Composed of Dining Cars unsurpassed, Pullman Drawing Room Sleepers, Of Latest Equipment

Tourist Sleeping Cars.

Best that can be constructed and in which accommodations are both Free and furnished for holders of First or Second Class Tickets, and

Elegant Day Coaches.

A continuous line connecting with all lines, affording direct and uninterrupted service.

Pullman Sleeper reservations can be secured in advance through any agent of the road.

THROUGH TICKETS To and from all Points in America, England and Europe can be purchased at any ticket office of this Company.

For full information concerning rates, time of trains, routes and other details furnished on application to any agent, or

E. E. BLACKWOOD,
Freight and Ticket Agent,
82 Gov't St., cor. Bastion, Victoria
A. D. CHARLTON,
Ass't Gen. Pass. Agt.,
121 First st., corner Washington, Portland, Or
feb11

UNION PACIFIC — THE OVERLAND ROUTE

Tickets ON SALE —TO—

OMAHA
KANSAS CITY, ST. PAUL
CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS,
AND ALL POINTS
East, North and South

PULLMAN SLEEPERS,
COLONIST SLEEPERS,
RECLINING CHAIR CARS
AND DINERS.

Steamers Portland to San Francisco Every Four Days.

TICKETS TO AND FROM EUROPE

For rates and general information call on or address

HALL, GOEPEL & CO.,
Agents,
100 GOVERNMENT ST.

W. H. HURLBURT, Asst. Genl. Pass. Agt.,
54 Washington St.,
ap15 PORTLAND, OREGON.

Puget Sound & Alaska Steamship Co

TIME CARD NO. 7.

Subject to change without notice.

Speed 18 knots. VICTORIA ROUTE. S.S "City of Kingston" Tonnage 1117.

8.00 a.m	Lv	M	.. "Tacoma ..	110	Ar	5. 5 a.m.
10.15 a.m.	Lv	28	... Seattle ...	82	Lv	3.00 a.m.
1.30 p.m.	Lv	72	Pt. Townsend	38	Lv	11.15 p.m.
4.30 p.m.	Ar	110	.. Victoria	M	Lv	8.30 p.m.

Strs. "City of Kingston" and "Premier" make connections at Port Townsend for passengers going from Bellingham Bay points to Victoria and return.

For further particulars apply to

E. E. BLACKWOOD,
Freight and Passenger Agent,
ap15 79 Government St., Victoria.

THE GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION.

A successful Medicine used over 30 years in thousands of cases. Cures SPERMATORRHŒA, NERVOUS WEAKNESS, EMISSIONS, IMPOTENCY and all diseases caused by abuse, indiscretion or over-exertion. Six packages GUARANTEED TO CURE when all others fail. Ask your Druggist for the Great English Prescription, take no substitute. One package $1. Six $5, by mail. Write for Pamphlet. Address EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH.
For sale and mailed by LANGLEY & CO., Victoria, B. C jly17-d&w-eod

MILITIA AND DEFENCE.

General Herbert's Close Criticism of the Condition of Canada's Military Establishment.

No Sufficient Reserve of Ammunition—The Guns Antiquated and Unfit for Service.

(From our Own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, April 8.—The Annual Report of the Department of Militia and Defence was presented to Parliament by Hon. Mr. Bowell to-day. It embodies the first Report of the Major General Herbert and his criticisms on the condition of the force are of a most important and valuable character. He deals first of all with the permanent military establishments, namely, the schools of instruction, and those corps enlisted for permanent service, which furnish their personnel. Deducting transfers and re-enlisted men, the waste of the year is shown to be 497 out of a total establishment of 966 non commissioned officers and men. The greater part of the men in the ranks are recruits of less than one year's service. The presence of so large a proportion of recruits at the schools of instruction, is a serious disadvantagli, he says, to their efficiency, since the small staff of instructors has to be constantly employed in drilling them, while their ignorance of discipline is apt to act as a bad example to the attached men of the active militia. Of men under two year's service there are 524, or 54.24 per cent. and these men with a very few exceptions are incapable of imparting instructions. When the number of artificers, officers, servants, bandsmen and others employed on duties not connected with instruction are deducted, there are only 17.76 per cent. from which selection can be made of trustworthy non commissioned officers for the administrative work of the permanent corps and as acting instructors for the active Militia. The value of the instruction, at the different schools, varies very much. Their administrative system is in many particulars defective and is marked by want of uniformity. This produces an evident evil result in the active Militia. General Herbert insists, therefore, that the establishment of a uniform, practical and sound system of instruction both in drill and administration, is absolutely necessary. While he cannot express himself as satisfied with the condition of the permanent force the Major General nevertheless bears witness to the excellent work it has done in spite of many disadvantages. The faults noted are, in the majority of cases, due to primary defective organization. General Herbert says it is desirable that a higher standard of instruction should be exreted from the officers of the permanent corps, in order to fit them for the highest duties of instruction, which should be performed by them in time of peace; and to qualify them for staff duties in the event of war. The provision of military books, at the schools of instruction, is indispensable. A small anuual allowance would enable each school to form a military library to the great advantage of the active, as well as of the permanent, Militia. The practice of military exercises at the schools of instruction, likewise requires encouragement in order that the active Militia may be induced to cultivate them. Proceeding to criticize the constitution of the active Militia force the general points out that the Militia Act of Canada recognizes no distinction between rural and city corps, but lays down the terms of service and liabilities of the Militia generally. In practice it has been found necessary to relax the conditions of service in certain cases, and thus gradually, two classes have sprung up in the Militia different from one another in their constitution, as completely as in England, the volunteer force differs from the Militia. The broad distinction between the volunteer and the Militia system is thus defined; In the former the volunteer, by attaining a certain standard of efficiency, earns a capitation grant from the Government, payable not to himself but to the regimental fund, whereas in the latter, the voluntarily enlisted militia men is entitled to receive, personally, a fixed rate of daily pay for service performed. General Herbert says that the volunteer system is the best adapted to the conditions existing in the large cities By adopting the principal in its entirety in Canada, and giving the force of law to a system which now exists only by mutual consent between officers and men, a great benefit would be conferred on the city corps. An error he saos was undoubtedly committed in attempting to blend incongruous elements under one Act, and one set of militia regulations. He believes also that the rural militia would likewise benefit by the charge he proposes. In the rural militia he believes there is the best possible material for a national defensive force, and to it the militia system is alone applicable.

Continuing his criticisms of the force and dealing with the subject of training General Herbert says the relative degree of efficiency of the three arms is as follows:—Artillery 1, Cavalry 2, Infantry 3. The inferiority in every respect of the last, and most important arm, is very marked. He strongly urges the reorganization of the so-called engineers' companies., and believes that the population of certain districts could provide probably the finest material in the world from which to organize pioneer battalions. The superiority of the artillery and the marked inferiority of the infantry, are traceable to the same cause, namely, the manner in which the duty of inspection is carried out. In the artillery, the system instituted by General Strange, when Inspector of artillery, and still efficiently carried out, makes the inspection at once a test of efficiency, a means of instruction and a source of emulation. The inspection of other arms has degenerated into a mere parade or review, which is productive of no good result at all, but, on the contrary, frequently directs the efforts of commanding officers into a wrong channel. Another cause which tends to give a superiority to the artillery is the fact that the majority of the officers of that arm, having attended the schools of artillery, have been well grounded in the first principles of their duty. They are consequently more capable of imparting systematic instructions than are the officers of other arms. With regard to the city militia the General suggests that an appropriation should be made annually, in aid of the efforts now being made by individual corps, to remedy the disadvantage they are now laboring under in learning the practical application of the different forms of drill. He recommends also that the present skeleton battalions should be filled up, and believes this could be done by the adoption of the volunteer system and issuing to every battalion arms and accoutrements for its full strength. The General believes that a considerably larger force of the rural militia could be annually trained than has hitherto been the case, without any increase in the vote for drill and training, by the adoption of a carefully prepared programme. He advocates the issue of allowances (1) for "recruiting," to be given to captains of companies in lieu of that for drill instruction. (2) A contingent allowance to captains to meet certain expenses in connection with their companies which are now unprovided for, this allowance to gradually replace the "care of arms" allowance. He suggests that the Martini-Henry rifles at present in store should be issued to the permanent corps and be gradually introduced throughout the Militia. The equipment in use in the active Militia is obsolete in pattern and a large proportion perishing from age and severe usage. General Herbert advocates that the necessary equipment be always kept in store so as to be available promptly in the event of grave emergency. He has not inspected a single battalion in which the men's boots would have stood one month's active service, or a regiment of cavalry or a battery of artillery, in which the saddlery and harness could be expected to bear a similar strain. In the matter of artillery material the militia is very deficient. The 18 field batteries are armed with guns which are still good, but there is no reserve of guns, nor is there a spare gun wheel to be had nearer than Woolwich; of heavy guns the Dominion does not possess a single modern specimen. Of the armament handed over by the Imperial Government a large portion could not be mounted, and a part could not be fired. Those at Victoria, B. C. loaned by the Imperial Government are not at present fit for service. There is no sufficient reserve of ammunition. The clothing is fairly good in quality, but the system of issue is open to very great objections.

General Herbert suggests, on the subject of pensions, that in order to secure and retain the services of officers possessing the required qualifications, such provision for the future should be made as would place their professional prospects at least on a level with those of the Civil Servants of the Government.

On the subject of defence the General states that he submitted proposals during the past year for the appointment of a committee of militia officers to collaborate with him in the preparation of a scheme bearing on this question. Those proposals have met with the approval of the Government and the work will shortly be commenced. The problem involved the consideration of the measures to be adopted, not only for the protection of a very extensive land frontier, but for that also of certain points on the Pacific coast, which have recently acquired a more than ordinary importance to the commercial prosperity of the Dominion. General Herbert thinks the time has arrived when a fresh inquiry should be made into the working of the Militia Act, in order to ascertain how far it has provided an organization capable of adapting itself to ever changing conditions and increasing responsibilities. Such an inquiry would furnish a fresh starting point and firm ground, for those who are called upon to guide the policy of the Dominion on the question of the defence of its territory. Powerful in physique, intelligent and eager to learn, the militia of Canada at present contain the unorganized elements of a strong national force. Morover, in the men of the rural militia, there exists that capacity for adapting themselves to circumstances, and "handiness," engendered by practical acquaintance with camp life, in their ordinary vocations which is a most valuable quality for a solder in the field. What is required is system and organization in every department.

IMPERIAL CREAM TARTAR BAKING POWDER

PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.

Contains no Alum, Ammonia, Lime, Phosphates, or any Injuriant.

E. W. GILLETT, Toronto, Ont.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

The firm of Joyce & Meyer, Real Estate Agents, have, this day, dissolved partnership by mutual consent. The business will be continued in the same place, Room 6, Bank of B. C. Building, by Mr. Meyer, Victoria. ap14.

RESIDENT - PHYSICIAN.

UNION COLLIERY CO., UNION, B. C.

Applications will be received by the undersigned up to 15th April, 1892, for the position of Resident Doctor for the Union Colliery Co. Union, B. C. All papers and certificates as to standing must be sent, per registered etter, to the undersigned, and all information as to salary, etc., may be obtained at the Union Colliery Co.'s office, Victoria, B. C., or the undersigned.

G. W. CLINTON, Secretary, Union, B. C.

mc20-td-d&w

Cocoas MADE BY THE DUTCH PROCESS are "Treated with Carbonate of Soda, Magnesia, Potash or Bicarbonate of Soda."

To partially supply the loss of natural flavor and color caused by this treatment, fragrant gums and dyes are used.

DR. SIDNEY RINGER, Professor of Medicine at University College, London, and Physician to the College Hospital, perhaps the greatest English authority on the action of drugs, states in his "Handbook of Therapeutics" that "the sustained administration of alkalies and their carbonates renders the blood it is said, poorer in solids and in red corpuscles, and impairs the nutrition of the body." Of ammonia, carbonate of ammonia, and spirits of ammonia, he says: "These preparations have many properties in common with the alkaline, potash, and soda group. They possess a strong alkaline reaction, are freely soluble in water, have a high diffusion-power, and dissolve the animal textures. . . . If administered too long, they excite catarrh of the stomach and intestines."

For more than 100 Years the house of Walter Baker & Co. have made their Cocoa Preparations ABSOLUTELY PURE, using NO Patent Process, Alkalies or Dyes.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

fe13-d-9m-sat

VICTORIA ROLLER FLOUR MILLS

SELF-RAISING PATENT FLOUR

Manufactured by the Hungarian Roller Process from the best Manitoba Hard Wheat for

BREAD, BISCUITS, PASTRY, ETC.,

Prepared on scientific chemical principles, and no deleterious substance used in its manufacture.

For the Housekeeper, Sportsman, Rancher, Mining Camp or Seafaring man it is an invaluable article for producing in a few minutes wholesome Bread, Biscuits, Cakes, etc., only Cold Water is needed to be added, and, for convenience and wholesomeness,

IT - CANNOT - BE - SURPASSED.

ja17-1m

VICTORIA RICE MILLS

Store Street, Victoria, B. C.

Millers of China and Japan Rice,

RICE MEAL,

Rice Flour, Chit Rice, Etc

VICTORIA ROLLER FLOUR MILL!

Delta Brand Family Flour, Superfine Flour, Bran and Shorts

Nos. 64 and 66 Store Street, Victoria.

"How are you?" "Nicely, Thank You." "Thank Who?" "Why the inventor of SCOTT'S EMULSION Which cured me of CONSUMPTION."

Give thanks for its discovery. That it does not make you sick when you take it.

Give thanks. That it is three times as efficacious as the old-fashioned cod liver oil.

Give thanks. That it is such a wonderful flesh producer.

Give thanks. That it is the best remedy for *Consumption, Scrofula, Bronchitis, Wasting Diseases, Coughs and Colds.*

Be sure you get the genuine in Salmon color wrapper; sold by all Druggists, at 50c. and $1.00.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville.

HENRY FRY, Jr., Civil Engineer, PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, REAL ESTATE AGENT, DUNCAN'S STATION, E. & N. R'Y. (COWICHAN DISTRICT.)

Complete Plans of the District can be seen, and intending purchasers of Agricultural Lands or Town Lots in DUNCAN'S, MACPHERSON'S, KOKSILAH OR CHEMAINUS will receive full information by calling at the office, corner of Government and Craig Streets, Duncan's, where a full list of desirable properties can be seen.

Loans negotiated and insurance effected. no28 6m

NOTICE.—On and after this date I will not be responsible for any debts contracted in my name, without a written order from me. WM. A. STEELE.

Victoria, April 2, 1892. ap5-1m

I WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR any debts contracted by my wife or any other person on her behalf. JOHN J. RUSSELL, Strawberry Vale Farm

Victoria, Dec. 11, 1890. de18.

Drs. Merrill & Merrill SPECIALISTS

Treat SCIENTIFICALLY and SUCCESSFULLY, cure QUICKLY and PERMANENTLY, PRIVATE BLOOD, AND SKIN DISEASES, NERVOUS DEBILITY, Loss of Power through Indiscretion and all Disorders of the Generative Organs. HYDROCELE, VARICOCELE and STRICTURES radically and safely cured without pain or detention from business, and cures guaranteed. All deformities and impediments to marriage quickly removed. No matter what your complaint, consult these successful specialists, who are able to effect cures in many cases that have been pronounced hopeless. Consult personally the OLDEST and most EXPERIENCED SPECIALISTS on the coast, or write, sending stamp. Consultation free and confidential. Tremont Block, 614 Front Street, Seattle, Wash. ja9-3m-d&w

GEO. A. SARGISON NOTARY PUBLIC, Accountant & Agent, 48 LANGLEY ST. ap27

BALD-HEADED THIN AND GRAY HAIRED PEOPLE

Prof. DORENWEND

The Leading Hair Goods Artist of Canada IS COMING With Beautiful Wigs and Hair Goods Coverings of Every Description

I will have with me Ladies' and Gent's Wigs, Toupees, Switches, Bangs, Wavy and Plain Fronts and Hundreds of Different Styles, manufactured of Finest Human Hair.

I WILL BE AND HAVE MY SHOWROOMS AT THE FOLLOWING PLACES

KAMLOOPS, B.C., Dominion Hotel Mon., Tue., and until Wed. noon, Mar. 28, 29, and 30

NEW WESTMINSTER, B.C., Colonial Hotel Fri., Sat., Mon., and Tue., Apr. 1, 2, 4, and 5

VANCOUVER, B.C., Manor House Thu., Fri., Sat., Mon., Tue., and Wed., Apr. 7, 8, 9, 11, 12, and 13.

NANAIMO, B.C., Central Hotel Fri. and Sat., Apr. 15 and 16.

VICTORIA, B.C., Driard House Mon., Tue., Wed., Thu., Fri., and Sat., Apr., 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, and 23.

Also Lotions for Hair, to produce blonde and other shades; Hair Ornaments in Cut Steel, Real Tortoise Shell, etc. This is my first trip to Manitoba, N. W. Territories, and British Columbia. These provinces being a long distance from Toronto, I have made extra preparation in order to SUIT ALL WITH ANY STYLE AND COVERING required. No matter if you are bald, have thin, gray or discolored hair, I will be able to suit you. DO NOT MISS THIS RARE CHANCE of seeing the finest and most practical contrivances for the head manufactured on this continent. Have your heads remodelled. Old made young, and young made beautiful. Every article tried on free of charge to show the effect my goods give, and the benefit derived from wearing them as to appearance and health. I shall arrive and leave sharp on time at hotels in places as announced here, accidents excepted. *Call as early as possible and make sure that you don't miss this rare chance.*

A. DORENWEND

Established 1863 103 and 105 Yonge St., Toronto, Can.

HERE IS A WAY

Buy your household goods from the Sehl-Hastie-Erskine Co., the finest, largest and cheapest house in the city, and the one that can be depended on for giving you satisfaction in every particular.

TO SAVE YOUR DOLLARS.

COLUMBIA MILLS

Manufacturers of all kinds of Rough and Dressed Lumber, Lath, Shingles and Pickets.

A million and a half feet of lumber to select from.

SHIP LUMBER

A general assortment always on hand and cut to order.

WHARF AND BRIDGE BUILDERS

Are especially invited to come and inspect our stock. We also make a specialty of WELL SEASONED DRY CEDAR.

Prices as low as any,

D. F. ADAMS, PROPRIETOR.

Corner Bridge and David. Three blocks from bridge. P. O. Box 515. Telephone 426.

ap3 6m

He Has Rheumatism Bad!

ATWOOD'S MAGIC LINIMENT IS A SURE REMEDY FOR RHEUMATISM OR GOUT SAMPLE FREE.

68 DOUGLAS ST. ap10

HAGYARD'S "YELLOW OIL" Cures Rheumatism.

Freeman's Worm Powders

Are pleasant to take. Contain their own Purgative. Is a safe, sure and effectual destroyer of worms in Children or Adults.

CURTAINS CLEANED.

Lace curtains cleaned equal to new French system; reasonable rates, according to size. Those wishing curtains called for please send postal. MRS. McLEAN, 21 Rithet Street.

ap3-1m

FROM AND AFTER this date I shall not be responsible for any debts contracted without my written authority. W. F. TOLMIE.

Dated the 2d day of September, A.D. 1891.

sep3-tf

THE BEST IN THE WORLD. TRADE MELISSA MARK. WARRANTED RAINPROOF REGISTERED

MELISSA —THE— Original and Only Reliable - Porous Rainproof - Cloth in the World!

IMITATION is the Sincerest Flattery, but some of the imitation rainproof cloths now on the market, although very flattering to MELISSA, will prove anything but satisfactory to the wearers.

Melissa Cloth is the Best and most suitable fabric ever produced for Ladies' Cloakings as well as for Men's Wraps. A large range of beautiful patterns, embracing the Newest Designs and most Fashionable Colorings is now being placed on the counters of all the leading dealers throughout the Dominion.

All genuine Porous Rainproof Cloths are stamped in wax with the Melissa trade mark seal, and Melissa Garments have the above trade mark label attached.

THE MELISSA MANUFACTURING CO., MONTREAL.

ALBERNI TOWN EXTENSION

ANDERSON PROPERTY.

A survey of this property is now being made, and the proprietors propose to offer a number of Lots for Sale by Public Auction during the month of May.

The Anderson property commands all the deep water frontage suitable for shipping, at the head of Alberni Canal, where there is a splendid harbor, and where vessels of large tonnage loaded lumber cargoes when the Alberni Mills were in operation.

The townsite is the shipping point for the rapidly-growing Settlement of Alberni, which is extending towards, and will in time be connected with, Comox, and the Coal Mines of that District; and it is the natural outlet for the shipment, Foreign, of Coal and other products from the North-east part of the Island.

Maps of the townsite will be distributed as soon as the survey has been completed

MATTHEW T. JOHNSTON, AGENT FOR ANDERSON, ANDERSON & CO., - WHARF STREET.

ap3-1m

Weiler Bros.

Art Silk Draperies, Fringes and Loops. Chenile Curtains in Latest Shades. Fine Ivory and Carved Oak Picture Mouldings. Elegant Furniture Plushes and Silk Tapestries.

Call on us and we will show you

500 - IDEAS - IN - DECORATION.

SHOWROOMS: 51 TO 55 FORT STREET.

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

FRIDAY, the 15th day of April, and Monday, the 18th day of April, instant, being statute holidays, the Public Offices will be closed on those days.

By Command, JOHN ROBSON, Provincial Secretary.

Provincial Secretary's Office, 9th April, 1892.

PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE, 9th April, 1892.

HIS HONOUR the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to make the following Rules of Court:—

1. There shall be a vacation in the Supreme Court from Thursday, the 14th day of April, 1892, until Tuesday, the 19th day of April, 1892, both days inclusive, during which vacation no pleading shall be delivered or cause tried.

2. Nothing in these Rules shall interfere with the trial of causes triable elsewhere than at Victoria.

3. These Rules may be cited as the "Easter Vacation Rules, 1892."

By Command, JNO. ROBSON, Provincial Secretary.

ap10

AMENDED NOTICE.

TABLE

Showing the Dates and Places of Courts of Assize, Nisi Prius, and Oyer and Terminer, for the Year 1892.

SPRING ASSIZES.

(On Vancouver Island.)

Victoria	Monday	16th May
Nanaimo	Tuesday	7th June

(On Mainland)

New Westminster	Wednesday	1st June
Kamloops	Monday	6th June
Clinton	Monday	13th June

FALL ASSIZE.

(On Mainland.)

Richfield	Monday	12th Sept
Clinton	Wednesday	28th Sept
Kamloops	Monday	3rd Oct
Lytton	Monday	10th Oct
New Westminster	Wednesday	9th Nov

(On Vancouver Island.)

Victoria	Monday	28th Nov
Nanaimo	Tuesday	6th Dec

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that thirty days after date I shall make application to the Hon. Minister of Public Works at Ottawa for permission to erect and extend a wharf fronting my property, lot 570 A on Laurel Point, in Victoria Harbor, to be used in connection with the furniture factory. Plans of the said wharves are deposited with the Department of Public Works at Ottawa and in the Land Register Office at Victoria, B. C., April 2nd, 1892.

ap 2-1m J. SEHL.

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that my wife, Mrs. E. Rowland, and my son, J. W. Rowland, now hold my power of attorney until further notice.

mc19 MATHIAS ROWLAND.

Emanuel Cook, Deceased.

Pursuant to the "Trustees' and Executors Act," notice is hereby given that all persons having any claims against the estate of Emanuel Cook, late of the City of Victoria, B. C., deceased (who died on the 21th day of February, 1892, and whose will was proved in the Supreme Court of British Columbia on the 22nd day of March, 1892, by the undersigned, Helena Cook, the executrix therein named), are hereby required to send the particulars in writing of such claims to me, the undersigned, on or before the 25th day of June, 1892, after which date I will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which I shall then have had notice.

Dated this 25th day of March, 1892.

HELENA COOK, Executrix of the will of E. Cook, deceased.

m30-1m Victoria, B. C.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Licensing Court at its next sitting for a transfer of the license held by me to sell wines and other liquors by retail on the premises situate on the Northeast corner of Fort and Douglas streets, on Victoria City Lot No. 403, to Benjamin C. Pettingill.

WILLIAM CROFT.

Victoria, B. C., March 29, 1892. mc31-1m

NOTICE is hereby given that Wong Mee Why has sold his share in the Yee Yuen Co., 28 Cormorant Street, to Wing Lee Tong. The business in future will be carried on by Wong Si Hoy and Wing Lee Tong.

YEE YUEN CO.

Victoria, B. C., March 24, 1892. mc25-1m

NOTICE is hereby given, pursuant to the provisions of "An Act Respecting Certain Works Constructed in or on Navigable Waters," chapter 92 of the Revised Statues of Canada, 1886, that the Cowichan Company, limited liability, intend to apply to the Governor-General in Canada in council, for his approval of certain works and improvements to be constructed, made and done by the said company in and about the Cowichan river between Cowichan Lake and Cowichan Bay, in the Island of Vancouver, in the Province of British Columbia, and have, in accordance with the provisions of the said Act, deposited a description of the proposed site of said works and improvements, and a description of such works and improvements, together with the plans thereof, with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa, and also with the Registrar General of Titles at the Land Registry office in the City of Victoria in the said Province.

BODWELL & IRVING, Solicitors for the Cowichan Improvement Company, Limited Liability.

Dated this 18th day of February, A.D. 1892.

mc5-1m

MORTGAGEE'S SALE.

By virtue of a warrant under a chattel mortgage, I have seized and will sell by private sale the following chattels, belonging to the firm of Turnbull & Co., of New Westminster:

17 Horses, 8 sets Double Harness, 6 sets Cart Harness, 10 Wagons, 2 Drays, 4 Carts, 36 Brick Boxes, 1 6 ton Polson Hoisting Engine, 1 1½-ton Doty Hoisting Engine, 2 Derricks and outfits, Land Pile Driver and outfit, a quantity of Stone and about 500,000 Bricks. The above or any of them will be sold in lots to suit purchasers. T. J. ARMSTRONG, Deputy-Sheriff,

ap2-td New Westminster, B.C.

PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I, John T. Pierre, have this day taken my father, T. W. Pierre, as partner into the business lately carried on by me as the Victoria Tailoring and Dyeing Establishment, at 100 Douglas street, and the said business will in future be carried on by us under the firm name of John T. & T. W. Pierre. All liabilities will be paid by the said John T. Pierre, who will collect all bills.

Signed, JOHN T. PIERRE, T. W. PIERRE.

Victoria, B.C., April 5th, 1892. ap6 tf

The Colonist.

SUNDAY, APRIL 17, 1892.

ASTRONOMICAL.

VICTORIA, B. C., April 17th, 1892.

Sun rises.....5:05 a.m. | Sun sets.....6:51 p.m
Moon sets at 00.4 a.m.

Day of the year, 108th.

N.B.—The above calculations are based on mean solar time, which is 13m. 32s. *slower* than Victoria standard time.

THE THERMOMETER.

ESQUIMALT STATION, Apr. 15, 1892.
Report for 24 hours ending 9 p. m.

1 a. m.,	46°	Mean 46°	The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:
5a. m.,	40°		
9 a. m.,	42°	Highest 53°	5 a.m.—4 miles S. W.
1 p. m.,	47°		1 p.m.—8 miles S.
5 p. m.,	51°	Lowest 40°	9 p.m.—8 miles S.
9 p. m.,	50°		Rain—0.00.

Average state of weather—Cloudy.

ESQUIMALT STATION, April 16, 1892.
Report for 24 hours ending 9 p.m.

a. m.,	49°	Mean 45°	The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:
5 a. m.,	43°		
9 a. m.,	47°	Highest 52°	5a.m.—Calm.
1 p. m.,	52°		1 p.m.—8 S.
5 p. m.,	48°	Lowest 38°	9 p.m.—Calm.
9 p. m.,	42°		Rain—0 00.

Average state of weather—Cloudy.

E. BAYNES REED, Observer.

PASSENGERS.

Per Steamer ISLANDER, from Vancouver—F M Black, S C Burns, G A Keefer, J H Duncan, C Mowat, T H Langley, F C Cotton, J H Brown, Miss L Walker, J Edwards, Capt Collister, C Wylde, W Butterway, R Couth, T S Hall, R G Harvey, C B Innes, Geo McFarland, J Wrigglesworth, C K Vernon, G Cunningham, W S Patterson, J G Wilkinson, W J Gibbons, D McRae, Albert Old, W Tuffts, H Walker, A Sanderman, Byron Johnson and wife, J H Kerr, Thos Fennell, W H Finlayson, S Saunders, H L Beattie, Miss West, Isaac Summers, Mrs Hammond, Mrs Dupen, S Crosby, J J Loutil, G M Mince, Mrs Morrison, P Lyons, E H Roome, Master Summers, C J Koefoed, Miss Addie Van Volkenburgh, C B Wilson, G A Henderson, A Edwards, T Kaye, Harry Stone, Miss Dupen, D A Upper, J M Sparrow, G Burns, C W McCain, Miss Moffat, F C Gamble, F A Allan, J W Horne, Dr G L Milne.

Per Str. CITY OF KINGSTON from the Sound—Robt Evans, J L Wise, R R Johnson, J G Coughrom, A Storey, Geo Hill, W Marriott and wife, Mrs Vaughn, W Ross, J M Rice, W L Kitchen, Wm Riley and wife, C F Brown, M Katzour, S C Carne, W Johnson, R O Farren, A L W Begg, Mrs Orr, Miss Reedman, J B Johns, E Jose, W L Kitchen, F E Williams, O Klocker, Capt Jones, Wm Miller, Miss Show, E C Brown, Wm Collingwood, Jas Ross, W J Harlow, J F Morrison, J Cozzert, J Markham, G L Palmer R M Hall, Miss Woodstock, Mrs Plummer, E La Monte, Mrs Kohn, C Herthy, W H Fife, E W Murray, W O Bobe and wife, Gus Tager and wife, J E Nichol, S Gouge, Mrs McDonald, Lewis Heuther and wife.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer ISLANDER, from Vancouver—D Spencer, Hudson Bay Co, J Mellon, J Sears, E Morris, Lenz & Leiser, J Innes, Creamer & Langley, Coll In Key, Wm Agnew, Cyrus Dean, Geo Morrison, Mrs Sansome, C E Jones & Co, Marvin & Tilton, S Leiser, J S Hansen, Wm Brown, W J Jeffree, Cowan & Wilson, McLennan & McF, Kerr & Begg, Geo McCulloch, J Piercey & Co, Nicholles & Renouf, H Saunders, J Fullerton, Taylor Mill Co, Langley & Co, W G Cameron, A Gregg & Son, Cochrane & Munn, Dean & Cryderman, T Shotbolt, D E Campbell & Co, Gilmore & McC, Powell & Co, Beckwith T & King, Davidson Bros, Vic V Wks, H Mansell, R P Rithet & Co, C Strouss & Co, F Allice & Co, Miss L Foote, R Baker & Son, Johns Bros, J H Todd & Son, R H Jameson, Dom Ex Co, Weiler Bros, Victualling Storekeeper, Lenz & Leiser, Burrell & Co, Schl H & E, Wm Gardner, Armour & Co, Marvin & Tilton, U S Jones, Dom Ex Co.

Per Str. CITY OF KINGSTON from the Sound—J Anderson, J Phoenix, T Allice & Co, J McDowell, Loewen & E, A Lewis & Co, B & Ker Mfg Co, C Gowan & Sons, Hutchins & R, McLennan & McF, Langley & Co, P McQuade & Son, Alb Ir Wks, G Powell & Co, Schl H & E, M R & Tye, Wm Grice, C Haywood, C E Tisdale, A Robinson, J Meston, Union B Co, S Leiser, J H Todd & Son, B C P & R Co, Cowan & W, R A Brown & Co, Ed Gen El Co, T W Fletcher, Weiler Bros, A B Erskine, T N Hibben & Co, J J Hartz, D K Chumgranes.

Per SS. CITY OF PUEBLA from San Francisco: Ames Holden Co, A Lewis & Co, Albion Iron Wks, A McGregor & Co, Cowan & W, Carne & M, Colbert & W, C McDonough, Dixie H Ross & Co, E B Marvin & Co, E G Prior & Co, Fell & Co, H Saunders, H Mansell, J & A Clearihue, J Barnsley & Co, J Marling, J L Stamford, Matthews R & T, M Cohen, Nicholles & R, Armour Pkg Co, Wetmore Bros, P McQuade & Son, Power & Collins, R Baker & Sons, R H Jameson, R Maynard, R P Rithet & Co, Royal City P Mill, Co P N Co Vic, Sun Wo Lung, S L Jones & Co, S Leiser, Schl H & E, Thos Earle, F Allice, T J Trapp & Co, T W Fletcher, Thos Shotbolt, M Martin, Vaio & Brooke, Vic Machinery Depot, W Tietjen, Yee Vy Gee, Yuen Chong, M Cohen, and Wells Fargo & Co.

BORN.

PIERCY—On the 14th inst., at 163 Menzies St., Victoria, B.C., the wife of John Piercy of a daughter.

DEATH.

FRY—At Duncan station, Quamichan, B. C., on April 16th, Henry Fry, J. P., a native of Barnscaple, Devonshire, aged 66 years and 3 months.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Notices of births and marriages are inserted in the "Colonist" without charge, when handed in by responsible persons.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Dog collars at Fox's. *

Lawn mowers and rubber hose at Cheapside. *

Try Falconer's super Flavoring extracts for pies, puddings and jellies. fr-sa

Butchers', cooks', and table cutlery at Fox's. *

Carpenter and Gardening Tools, at CHEAPSIDE. *

John Bull Ranges, at CHEAPSIDE. *

Wringers in great variety, just received at R. A. Brown & Co.'s, 80 Douglas st. *

Best English razors and shaving outfits at Fox's, 78 Government street. *

The American Eagle keeps crowding out hardware, crockery, etc., and roosts at 80 Doulgas street. *

Fire fishing tackle at Fox's, 78 Government street. *

Labor and money saved by using Pendray's Electric Soap. *

Garden Tools, cheap, at R. A. Brown & Co.'s, 80 Douglas street. *

Just received, a splendid assortment of fishing tackle of all kinds at Henry Short & Sons, 72 Douglas street. mc20-1m

Easter Cards at Hibben & Co.'s.

It will pay you to walk 40 miles to get a neat fitting suit of Scotch Cheviot Mixture, and a handsome and stylish Venetian spring overcoat from John McCallum, the fashionable tailor, 42 Broad street. 1t

Lots in Alberni City—a good investment—Apply to O'Neill & Cowie, 104 Yates St.

AMONG THE SOCIETIES.

A Busy Week with all the Secret Assemblies—A.O.U.W. Doings of Interest.

Matters Masonic—Well-Deserved Presentations—The Oddfellows More Busy Than Usual.

The Ancient Order of United Workman have had a most successful week. They have organized a Grand Lodge, in which they were materially assisted by Deputy Supreme Grand Master Sullivan. An energetic staff of grand officers were selected, and it is their intention to so present the good features of the order to the public, that it is expected the lodges and membership will be at least doubled before the Grand Lodge again meets, in Chilliwhack, next year.

On Monday next, P.M.W. Bro. Sprague, recently from Ontario, goes to Duncans for the purpose of installing a lodge of A.O.U.W.

Masonry is on the increase in Victoria, eligible men joining every day, and nearly all the brethren settling in the city becoming affiliated. Both the local lodges in the city are in a healthy condition, and with popular and energetic officers filling the chairs, peace, love and harmony prevail. A determined effort is being made to raise the necessary funds for the establishment of the contemplated Masonic Orphanage at Nanaimo. The brethren are alive to the necessity for such an institution in this province, but there is some difference of opinion as to the site. However, this will be amicably settled, and it is certain that wherever the most desirable and favorable location is, there will the orphanage be. The regular meeting of the Vancouver-Quadra Lodge will be held next Wednesday, for work in the third degree.

The entertainment under the auspices of the Y.L.I., fixed for the 27th instant, is an assured success. Regular practices are being held, and marked proficiency attained. The ladies' drill corps is particularly effective, and the 26 young ladies who will take part, will be attired as Daughters of the Regiment—an artistic and imposing uniform. The music is good, and the tableaux are very pretty. The success of the last entertainment, is sufficient guarantee of the excellence of that now announced, and the disadvantages then labored under on the previous occasions, are being overcome. A spacious stage has been erected, so that a full view of the performance can be obtained from any portion of the building.

On Thursday night last, Waverley Lodge No. 145, C.O.O.F., M.U., held its quarterly meeting, Bro. F. H. Coles, N.G., presiding, there being a good attendance of members and several visitors from other lodges in the city. A candidate for admission was duly initiated by Bro. J. Wade, D.D.G.M. The final report of the committee, appointed to arrange for the anniversary dinner, was presented and accepted. The dinner will be held at Hotel Victoria, on Tuesday evening, 19th inst., at 8 o'clock, and will be confined solely to Waverley lodge. A good programme is being arranged, and a pleasant evening is anticipated. Several minor committees were appointed, and other business done, after which the lodge closed, to meet again in two weeks.

The ladies of the W.C.T.U. are very busy arranging for their Apron Sale to-morrow afternoon. They expect a large number of visitors, and are arranging accordingly. The attractions are increasing not only for the afternoon but for the evening entertainment. Choice refreshments will be served from 5 o'clock, and ice cream will be bountifully provided. A Curiosity Shop, presided over by Mrs. Siddall, will be one of the most popular stalls in the hall. All who intend sending donations of aprons and refreshments are requested to do so during the morning. Ladies will be in attendance at the hall from 10 o'clock.

The third meeting of Loyal Golden Lodge, Nanaimo, was held on Tuesday, the 12th inst. Eighteen candidates were initiated, and the four degrees conferred by Bro. S. J. Wade, D.D.G.M. This lodge now numbers 66 members, and has 30 applications for membership. This is a good beginning, and a strong one in this district. The prospect is also bright for the opening of other lodges in this locality. The C.O.O.F., M. U., have now seven lodges on the Island, with lodges in New Westminster and Vancouver.

The young members of the congregation of the First Presbyterian church, are preparing very ardently for the entertainment to be given by them on Monday, the 25th instant. Reading, recitations and vocal and instrumental music will be renderee, and a series of tableaux will form the chief attraction of the concert, which will doubtless be as excellent as the ones previously given.

The Royal Arch Chapter, in connection with the C.O.O.F., held its regular meeting last Monday evening. After routine business was completed a candidate was admitted. One of the members of the Chapter bade farewell to his companions, duty having called him to England. Next meeting will be a very interesting one.

The usual social and dance will not take place in Sir William Wallace Hall, to-morrow night, as it might clash with attractions elsewhere. On Monday, the 25th instant, it will, however, come off. The children's singing class has also been postponed till the 25th.

The excursion committee of the I. O. O. F. will meet on Monday evening to make arrangements for the proposed visit to Seattle during the celebration to be held in that city on the 25th and 26th inst.

On Sunday, the 24th instant, the members of the C.O.O.F., will meet for church parade at 11 o'clock a.m., Cedar Hill. Many have promised to meet in full regalia. Fernwood has received a special invitation.

Great preparations are being made by the members of the B.C. St. George's society, for their annual dinner, which is to be held at the New York, on the 23d instant.

The Oddfellows of Vancouver, with their wives and families, will come to Victoria in a body on the 24th of May.

Loyal Waverley Lodge, C. O. O. F., M. U., will hold its annual dinner on Tuesday evening at the Victoria Hotel.

The regular meeting of Loyal Fernwood lodge, C. O. O. F., M. U., was held on Thursday evening, when several propositions for membership were received. Bro. Heatherbill was presented with a full set of regalia for obtaining the largest number of propositions during the last quarter.

The Columbia Lodge, I.O.O.F., will pay a fraternal visit to the Acme Lodge, next Friday night, in their lodge room.

Doing Well.

Dr. Hall, who has been in a serious condition as a result of his buggy accident some days ago, is progressing satisfactorily, and will probably be out of hospital in a few weeks.

A Handsome Present.

Mr. J. A. Fairborn, who has, during his stay in Victoria, made many friends, left here, yesterday, for his home in Montreal, after being made the recipient of a handsome gold watch and chain at a dinner given in his honor.

The Sayward Case.

According to the Post-Intelligencer the latest development in the litigation over the Port Madison mills is a suit for damages by W. P. Sayward, the owner, against Joseph Pitt and Dexter Horton & Co., for attaching all the live stock and other perishable property connected with the mills when the suit was brought last February. At that time horses, cattle, harness, etc., valued at $13,524 were seized at Port Madison and it is claimed that this damaged the plaintiff to the amount of $6,476. Provisions worth $669 were also seized at different lumber camps, and by this the plaintiff says he was damaged to the extent of $250. He therefore sues to recover $20,919.

BY TELEGRAPH THIS MORNING.

A telegram from Washington, D. C., says that the Mohican will now proceed to Puget Sound.

The rumor that John Dillon is about to retire from political life on account of a quarrel with Healy is ridiculed.

Considerable sensation has been caused by Lord Rosebery's probable or possible engagement to the Duchess of Albany.

Ten thousand delegates will be present at the Unionist convention in Belfast, and 150,000 persons will participate in the procession.

Gladstone announced, yesterday, that he considers the Newcastle programme the definite platform for the coming elections.

The storm in the southeast of England has played havoc with wires, and telegraph communication is interrupted throughout the district. There is much suffering among the volunteers who are out to take part in Easter manœuvres.

The prospect is that the cotton lock-out, in Lancashire, will be of short duration, as the employers will hold a meeting, Tuesday, to decide the question of arbitration. The struggle is unparalled in the history of the trade, as 65,000 hands are now idle, and will be increased to 150,000.

The recent nervousness of Empress Elizabeth of Austria has increased to such extent that it is feared she is about to be stricken with softening of the brain, as have been her kinsmen at the Bavarian court. She is making final preparations for her trip to China and Japan for the benefit of her health.

PERSONAL.

W. H. Redmond went over to Vancouver this morning.

F. C. Gamble came over to the city on the Islander last night.

Captain John Irving returned home from San Francisco last night.

Robert and Mrs. Grant, of Vancouver, are visiting friends in Victoria.

Miss Addie Van Volkenburgh returned home last night by the Islander.

J. W. Horne and Dr. G. L. Milne, M.'sP.P., returned from Vancouver last night.

J. L. Blair, of Winnipeg, and C. J. Korford, San Francisco, are staying at the Oriental.

A. L. W. Begg arrived from San Francisco last evening, on a visit to his father, Alex. Begg, of Crofter fame.

Rev. Arthur Beanlands, of Christ Church Cathedral, is expected home during the month. He has not yet left England.

E. L. Allen leaves here for Kootenay to-day. He intends to prospect the country thoroughly before he returns to Victoria.

Miss Gordon, eldest daughter of Wm. Gordon, Richardson street, has returned from an extended visit to Toronto.

Wm. O'Reilly, late of the Argyle House, Douglas street, has gone into business in Los Angeles, Cal., having bought out a firm in that city.

W. McKenzie, of Portland; R. Johnson and wife, of Vancouver; J. B. Johnson, of New Westminster, and Thomas Moore, of Winnipeg, are guests at the Hotel Dallas.

A telegram has been received from D. E. Campbell from Salt Lake City, which town he left on Thursday for home. He will arrive here by the Kingston to-morrow night.

P. A. O'Farrell, J. D. Cochrane and W. H. Fife, interested in the Canadian Northern Railway scheme, arrived here from Tacoma yesterday afternoon. They are registered at the Driard.

E. H. Roome, of Vancouver; John Ostander, of Richmond; P. F. Carter, of St. Paul; A. L. Begg, of San Francisco; N. E. Shaw, of Kansas; M. Newburger and J. F. Vanaun, of New York; R. W. Marsham, of Philadelphia, and Wm. Stewart, of San Francisco, are guests at the Victoria.

Among the arrivals at the Driard last night was W. G. Alexander, of New York City, accompanied by his wife. Prof. Alexander is a noted phrenologist, graduate of the Fowler & Wells Institute of New York, and will arrange to deliver a series of lectures at the Imperial Theatre.

VERSATILE.

TO THE EDITOR:—I was amused in looking over the Times, last evening, to note with what agility "Miss J. Abercrombia Rudge, M.A.," has developed into "Mr. Milton-Homer," and is giving lessons in versification.

Surely this promising young young poet does not imagine that by changing her nom-de-plume she can conceal her identity. X.X.X.

Victoria, April 14, 1892.

STOCKS IN NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, April 16.—Money on call easy, closing at 2 per cent., the only rate. Stocks were fairly active. During the first hour the market was firm. The greater part of the list under the lead of Lake Shore were ⅛ to ¾ per cent. higher at 11 o'clock than they closed on Thursday. During the closing hour the market was stronger, notwithstanding the fact that the bank statement showed a small decrease in the reserve. Coal stocks were the features. Total sales, 198,214 shares. Closing bids: Pacific Mail, 36⅞; Western Union, 91; Northwest, 124½; New York Central, 115; Northern Pacific, 22⅞; do., preferred, 22⅞; Canadian Pacific, 98; Oregon Improvement, 22; Union Pacific, 46⅞; Missouri Pacific, 69⅞; Delaware, Lackawanna & Western, 163; Reading, 61½; New England, 38⅞; Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe, 37⅞; Denver & Rio Grande, 17½; Oregon Nav., 85; Central Pacific, 31⅞; Texas Pacific, 16⅛; Great Northern, 139; Manitoba, 112⅞; Fargo Express, 143; North American, 14⅛; Bar Silver, 86 Rock Island, 87⅛; Commercial Cable, 155.

A fine selection of Children's Clothing, at 37 Johnson street.

GILMORE & MCCANDLESS.

Lots in Alberni City—a good investment—Apply to O'Neill & Cowie, 104 Yates St.

Easter Cards at Hibben & Co.'s.

Orders for engraving and lithographing promptly executed by first-class artists, at the COLONIST office. *

To the Reading Public.

Select reading matter at Kerr & Begg's bookstore. They have what you want. Opposite Bank of B.C. *

CITY COUNCIL.

A Small Meeting of the Aldermen Discuss the Victoria City Bill.

The 24th May Celebration—A Public Meeting to Arrange for the Event.

A special meeting of the Council was held yesterday evening for the purpose of discussing several matters which his Worship the Mayor deemed necessary to bring up. A notice on the bulletin board and a call up over the telephone were the only means adopted to bring the Aldermen together, and the result was a small gathering. Mayor Beaven was on hand punctually, as were also Ald. Lovell, Munn, McKillican, Styles and Humber. Ald. Hall subsequently arrived; but the City Clerk was not present, and in consequence certain documents were unobtainable, and business was limited. The Mayor called attention to the following clause inserted in "the Victoria City Private Act" by the Legislature, and requested an expression of opinion as to whether the Council desired the bill to proceed or otherwise:—

"Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, or in the Corporation of Victoria Waterworks Act 1873, the Corporation of Victoria shall not distribute water within the areas where the Esquimalt Waterworks Co. have the right to distribute water under their Act, unless the said company shall fail to furnish an adequate supply, or shall demand rates in excess of those charged by the Corporation of the City of Victoria."

"It will be observed," added His Worship, "that this clause deals with that portion of the city that is in the district of Esquimalt, which was brought within the city by the extension of the limits in January, 1891. I bring this matter before you to ask whether, under the circumstances, you deem it advisable that the bill be proceeded with or withdrawn."

ALD. LOVELL—It seems to me to be a most outrageous piece of legislation—legislating away the rights of the city. It is monstrous. I cannot understand that any person having the interest of the city at heart, could sanction such a measure.

The MAYOR—I think very much as you do; but there were 19 members of the Legislature voted for it, and but nine against.

ALD. LOVELL—Must we submit to it?

The MAYOR—The Corporation can withdraw the bill.

ALD. MUNN—And if that be done, we will have just the same powers as we had last year. Is that not so?

The MAYOR—Yes, so far as the supply of water is concerned.

ALD. STYLES—I don't feel in favor of that bill. If it passes, it deprives the city of the right of supplying the people of Victoria West with water. We have the streets and sidewalks to look after there, and if we cannot collect water rates, what is to be our revenue? Can we stop the bill?

THE MAYOR—You instructed me to introduce it. If the bill passes its third reading and is assented to, then it becomes law. It has not yet come up for its third reading. When the bill came up in Committee of the Whole, I stopped it at that stage, so as to ascertain your wishes on the subject.

ALD. STYLES—If we don't approve this, will the whole bill have to be withdrawn?

THE MAYOR answered in the affirmative.

ALD. STYLES thought it suspicious that this clause was not introduced at first.

THE MAYOR—It was brought in in the Private Bills committee.

ALD. LOVELL favored the withdrawal of the bill.

ALD. STYLES thought there might be features in the bill worth retaining.

ALD. MCKILLICAN pronounced it unjust on the part of the Legislature to introduce such a clause to the detriment of the city's interest. They would not treat their own property in that way, and should not interfere with the city's revenue. But then, there were representatives in the Legislature who cared very little for the interests of Victoria.

ALD. HUMBER asked what would be done in the case of a fire in the district. The water supplied was from the Esquimalt Co., and the city would have no right to attach to the hydrants. This might be a very serious matter.

ALD. LOVELL—The bill is not part of the municipal law?

THE MAYOR—No. It has nothing whatever to do with it.

ALD. MUNN did not think there was much to lose whether the bill passed or not; in fact it would be better to withdraw it. The interference of the Legislature in the Goldstream matter was not at all acceptable, and if private or corporate interests were to be interfered with in this manner it would doubtless prove anything but beneficial to Victoria.

ALD. HUMBER suggested that the people there should be supplied with water free of cost. This would soon pull down the company.

ALD. HALL believed that Victoria West would be a very important place in the near future, and the interests of the city in its water works should be preserved.

After a good deal of discussion it was decided to postpone the matter until Wednesday next, and to authorize the Mayor to withdraw the bill should it come up in the Legislature before that day.

ALD. HALL asked when His Worship proposed to hold a public meeting to arrange for the 24th May celebration. He hoped the Council would vote a reasonable sum for the purpose.

THE MAYOR explained that he had been instrumental in having a clause introduced into the Municipal Act which would make such a vote legal.

ALD. HUMBER thought that a vote of $1,000 from the House over the bay would be acceptable.

It was agreed to hold a public meeting on Thursday evening next, to discuss the matter of celebrating the 24th.

The Council adjourned.

At Home and Abroad.

Physicians, travellers, pioneers, settlers, invalids and all classes of people of every degree, testify to the medicinal and tonic virtues of Burdock Blood Bitters, the most popular and effective medicine extant. It cures all diseases of the stomach, liver, bowels and blood.

Draperies made to order in the most artistic manner at Weiler Bros. *

Easter Cards at Hibben & Co.'s.

Sheepskin Rugs and Mats, in new colors, at Weiler Bros. *

Easter Cards at Hibben & Co.'s.

Indemnity Paid.

By taking an accident policy in the Travellers' Life and Accident company you provide for weekly indemnity against accident, or a principal sum in case of accidental death. Hall, Goepel & Co., agents, 100 Government street. 6m.

Lots in Alberni City—a good investment—Apply to O'Neill & Cowie, 104 Yates St.

TO DEPOSITORS.

The British Columbia Land and Investment Agency, Ld.

(SUCCESSORS TO ALLSOP & MASON.)

In view of the low rate of interest given by the Dominion Savings Bank Department, and the restrictions imposed as to the amount to be deposited, this Company is now prepared to receive money on deposit, in large or small amounts, at interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, and on favorable terms as to notice, etc.

The offices of the Company have been removed to 40 Government street, the premises lately occupied by the Telegraph Company.

de19

THE

HOTEL VICTORIA

—IS—

NOW OPEN

—FOR THE—

RECEPTION OF GUESTS

—ON THE—

AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLANS.

The CAFE is an adjunct to the HOTEL, and will be open from 6 a.m. to 12 p.m.

Service and Cuisine unequalled in the City.

MERCHANTS' LUNCH

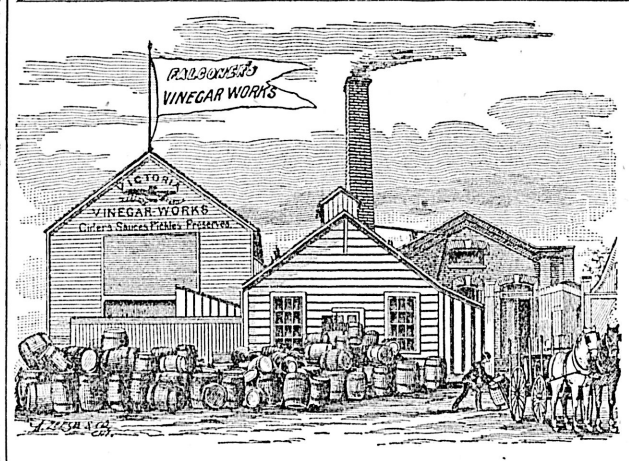
will be served in the Cafe from 11.30 a.m. to 2 p.m.

TABLE - D'HOTE - DINNER

from 6 to 8 p.m. $1.00, including wine.

P. T. PATTON, - PROPRIETOR.

ap1



(THE FALCONER BRAND.)

FALCONER'S

Vinegar, Pickles, Sauces, Catsups, Syrups, Cider AND FLAVORING EXTRACTS

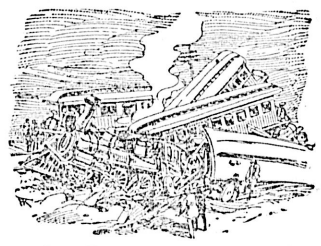
Are manufactured with great care by experienced men at 155 Yates Street, in the City of Victoria.

PATRONIZE HOME INDUSTRY.

VICTORIA VINEGAR WORKS.

JAS. H. FALCONER PROPRIETOR. ap17

SMASHED



PRICES ON SUITINGS.

I have to sell some of the large assortment of SPRING GOODS just received. My prices will defy competition. Quality and workmanship guaranteed. Call and see me.

W. A. SPRINKLING,
65 YATES STREET. ap12

H. R. FOOT & CO. BUILDERS OF YACHTS, BOATS & CANOES,
WARREN'S WHARF, mc17 JAMES BAY

JOSEPH SEARS,
DEALER IN
Paints, Oils, Colors, Varnishes,
Brushes, Window Glass, Plate Glass, Wall Paper, etc.
114 YATES STREET.
de2-12m

FLOWER POTS
From Glasgow, Scotland.
BEST MADE.
J. W. KELLER,
Corner Yates & Quadra Streets.
ap8-6m

CLEARANCE SALE

— NOW GOING ON OF —

Men's, Youth's, Boys' and Children's Suits

—AT—

SAMUEL REID'S, - 122 GOVERNMENT STREET.

To insure a speedy clearance, to make room for new goods, we are offering, for cash,

CHILDREN'S

$4.00 Suits for	$3.00
$4.50 Suits for	$3.50
$5.00 Suits for	$3.75
$5.50 Suits for	$4.15
$6.50 Suits for	$5.00
$7.00 Suits for	$5.25
$8.00 Suits for	$6.00

BOYS'

$7.00 Suits for	$5.25
$7.50 Suits for	$5.65
$8.00 Suits for	$6.00
$8.50 Suits for	$6.40
$9.00 Suits for	$6.75
$10.00 Suits for	$7.50
$11.00 Suits for	$8.25

YOUTHS'

$7.00 Suits for	$5.25
$8.00 Suits for	$6.00
$9.00 Suits for	$6.75
$9.50 Suits for	$7.15
$10.00 Suits for	$7.50
$11.00 Suits for	$8.25
$12.00 Suits for	$9.00
$12.50 Suits for	9.25

MEN'S

$10.00 Suits for	$7.50
$13.00 Suits for	$9.50
$14.00 Suits for	$10.50
$15.00 Suits for	$11.00
$16.00 Suits for	$12.00
$18.00 Suits for	$13.50
$18.50 Suits for	$14.00
$20.00 Suits for	$15.00

Sale will continue until the end of the present month.

Store will remain open until ten o'clock each evening.

SAMUEL REID,

122 GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA, B. C.

mc17-fsw

Special to THE COLONIST.]

M. QUAD'S HUMOR.

Aspirants to the Editorial Chair of the Kicker, and What Happens to Them.

The Theatrical Profession—How the Dutchman was Sold—The Confidence Trick.

[Copyright, 1892, by Charles B. Lewis.]

AN UNEXPECTED PLEASURE.—Monday morning we received a call from Henry M. Jackson, Esq., of Leavenworth, Kan., who desired to insert an ad. in The Kicker asking for information about his brother Tom, who was known to be in the town a year ago. In the course of our conversation it came out that his brother was otherwise known as "Nevada Ned," and we were able to furnish information

HIS LAST RESTING PLACE.

at once. We killed the man on Apache avenue on the 3rd day of last September, and his grave is marked "No. 9" in our cemetery. "Nevada Ned" was out for game that day, but we did not draw on him until he had fired twice.

We took Mr. Jackson out to view his brother's last resting place, and also showed him the bills to prove that we gave the departed a forty-two dollar funeral. He expressed his gratitude in the strongest language, and subscribed to The Kicker and paid a year in advance. Mr. Jackson goes from here to Tucson, and we cordially recommend him to the people of that town as a thorough gentleman. He offered to refund us the forty-two dollars, but we couldn't accept it. We make it a rule to pay all funeral expenses out of our own pocket.

GONE HOME.—As will be seen by an obituary notice published elsewhere in this issue, Major Dayton, one of our old pioneers, has passed from earth away. Whisky killed him, though you would never suspect it from reading the obituary. He played a square game of poker, but as an offset was quarrelsome, intemperate and given to promiscuous shooting. We can't say that we mourn his demise, or that he will gain anything by the change to another climate. He was the first man in this town to shoot us, and was about the only one we ever fired at who didn't drop when the gun went off. Only two days before he was taken sick he sent us word that he was camped on our trail and would split our other ear with a bullet. In the midst of life we are in death.

IT'S NO USE.—A theatrical company, traveling under the title of "The Madison Square Uncle Tom's Cabin company," opened here Friday evening to a crowded house. As the play pulled along it was discovered that there was no Uncle Tom, no dogs, no Legree. Five poor actors were trying to carry all the parts, and the only scenery used was a representation of Roman ruins. The large and critical audience sat still until the middle of the second act, and then made a rush. The Roman ruins were ruined forever, and the actors got such a bouncing about that two of them are still hiding in the underbrush along the river.

This is another proof that this town can't be longer imposed on in theatrical matters. We want as good as they have in New York or nothing. There must be nothing left out. If there are ten parts we want to see ten actors walking around the stage. If there's a mule in the play then show him up, and he's got to be alive and kicking. We are an up and up people. We pay cash and want the value of it. We appreciate a good thing, and have no use for second class material.

WE SHALL OF COURSE.—Our contemporary is out with the suggestion that the coming Fourth of July be celebrated in old fashioned style, and wants to know if the governor can't be induced to come here and deliver the oration. We don't think he can. We think he has more sense than to entertain such a thought. If there is any celebration we shall, as mayor of the town, be in it. We shall lead it. We shall deliver the oration, lead the procession, and probably boss the fireworks in the evening. There is no salary attached to our office. We were elected for the honor there is in it, and propose to squeeze the old machine perfectly dry. There may be some mayors in this territory who are satisfied with the title, but we want everything connected with it. If our esteemed contemporary—circulation 460—wants to be the means of getting somebody shot, let him encourage his idea as set forth above.

CAN'T REMEMBER.—We have received a letter from Philadelphia asking us if a young man named Victor Hugo Scott has applied at the Kicker office during the last year for a situation on the editorial staff. We can't remember, as the applicants number half a dozen per week. We have a dim sort of recollection that such a person did call, however, and that three days later he went over to Clinch Valley and the boys took him for a horse thief and laid him away. We will look over our files as soon as we get time and see how it was. Probably half the newspaper men who come this way get planted sooner or later, and it is almost impossible for us to remember names and dates and where they lie sleeping.

ABRAM JEDFOOT.

"I hain't no hand to praise myself, as yo' all know," observed Abram as he tilted his chair back against a sugar barrel in Dan Skinner's grocery and looked around over the usual assemblage. "I say I hain't no hand to praise myself, but I do consider to believe that if Christopher Columbus was a-livin to day it would be about which and tother betwixt us. I've got jest the same sort o' sneakin ambishun to do sunthin that he had, and I'd make jest as big a success of it, only—dod rot my hide!—I'm jest tied right up here a-raisin of razor backed hogs and a-lendin money to niggers at 40 per cent. a year! I orter hev 50, and mebbe a leetle morn'n that, but the've dun gone and passed a law to make a limit on sich of us as hev any milk of human kindness in our hearts. Who's got any terbacker?"

Uncle Si Johnson passed over his plug, and after wiping it off on his leg Abram bit out a liberal hunk and continued:

"Columbus was given to meditation a good deal. That's me to a dot. He was allers purty hard up fur ready cash. I also foller him in that. I can't find out that he knew anything about hogs, and I reckon that I beat him thar! It took him more'n five years to figger out that thar was a heap of land lying around loose on 'tother side of the ocean, while I believe I could hev done it in one. I reckon he's ahead in some things, while I am in others, and so it's about nip and tuck betwixt us. He got all ready and sailed away. I'd have done jest that same thing. He kept sailin till his men got skeered and demanded that he put back. Nuthin so very peart about that. He finally riz the land. He had to rize it. It was right thar to be riz. I'd hev done the same thing with both eyes shet. Bill Skinner, how's that snake bit gal o' yours a-gittin?"

"She's a-gittin tolerably, thank yo'," replied Bill

"Glad to hear it. Reckon it's gwine to be a powerful y'ar fur snakes. Wall, Columbus he diskivered America. Why not? How could he help it? She was right thar befo' him, all spread out like a bed quilt, and he had to do it. S'posen he'd bin asked to walk three miles through a swamp, as I was, to find old man Harker's dead body a-swingin to a limb, as I did—could he 'a' done it? Not by a doggone sight! He'd 'a' lost his bearins in five minits. I never could a-bear the fuss they make over him. 'Tain't nateral. 'Tain't doin right by the rest of us. Kurnel White, somebody was a-sayin as how you'd lost a mewl by sickness."

The "kurnel" admitted the truth of the report, and for the next fifteen minutes Abram talked mules. Then the late owner of the dead mule had to go, and Mr. Jedfoot resumed:

COLUMBUS WAS NOWHERE.

"Columbus sloshed around fur awhile and then returned to Spain to tell of his diskiveries. He was boosted right into popularity to once. The consarned critters yelled and hooted and cheered till they made him think he was bigger'n a guv'nor. He hadn't done nuthin, as I said befo', and he knew he hadn't, but he let 'em holler and pile on the praise and never said a word. I reckon I'd 'a' done the same, though 'twould hev bin hard on my conscience. They've got him in history and the skulo books, and every now and then yo' hear what a great man he was. Don't yo' all believe it! Jest give any of us half the show he had and see what we would do! We're ambishus and willin' but we doan' git no show. Too much doggone jealousy around, yo' see. One critter is too tarnally afraid another critter will make a reputashun and git to be county clerk clerk or sunthin. Major Davis, is that a nigger lookin into the doah?"

"Yes."

"Reckon he wants me. Reckon it's some nigger who wants five dollars and haint't willin to give over 40 per cent. interest. I hain't given to self praise, as I said befo', but put that same Christopher Columbus down in these yere parts today and what sort of a success would he make of it? Why, dod rot my hind buttons if he wouldn't be puttin a chattel mortgage on his only mewl in less'n fo' weeks! Yes, sah—yes, sah, and yo' all know I hain't a bit jealous when I say it."

CARL DUNDER TELLS THE SERGEANT HOW HE CAUGHT ON.

"Well, I hope you haven't been swindled again," remarked the fat police sergeant as Carl Dunder entered the station house the other afternoon.

"Sergeant, vhas dere some hayseeds on my coat collar?" queried Mr. Dunder in a lively way. "Schwindled? I guess not! If somebody tooks me for a spring shicken he vhas left."

"Then you begin to catch on to the customs of the country, do you?"

"I do. I vhas awfully discouraged der last time I vhas here, but now I vhas all right. Nobody can fool me again. Shust gaze on dot!"

He pulled out a gold watch and chain and handed them over with a broad grin on his face.

"Well?" queried the sergeant as he briefly examined them and sighed heavily.

"Four days ago," said Mr. Dunder, "I goes down to Toledo to see my brudder-in-law. On der train a young man comes to me und says vhas I Carl Dunder? I vhas. Dot pleases him, because he reads of me in der papers, und he knows how big hearted I vhas. He likes to raise money to buy some grave stones for his dear mother, und he vhill sell me dot watch for $200."

"Great Scots! but you didn't pay him no such price?"

"Sergeant, do you see some green grass in my eye?" chuckled Mr. Dunder. "I may be a leedle slow, but I vhas no cornfield. I say to dot young man I doan' care if he has lost six mothers. I vhill gif him seventy-five dollars und not one cent more. He feels mighty bad, but he is obliged to sell it to me. How vhas dot, sergeant—a $200 watch for seventy-five dollars! Don't catch on, eh?"

The sergeant looked very serious and did not reply, and Mr. Dunder continued:

"A stranger comes in my place der odder day und says his wife und children vhas all burned oop in a fire in Buffalo. He wants to go oudt by der first train, und it vhill be a great favor to him if I cash a chech for thirty dollars."

"But you didn't do it?"

"YOU VHAS SHEALOUS!"

"Sergeant, do I look like some catnip?" demanded Mr. Dunder, as he stepped back and straightened up. "I feels sorry for dot man, of course, but I shust tell him dot I gif him fifteen dollars und no more. If he doan' like dot he can go avhay. He takes me oop. Here vhas der check. I saves shust fifteen dollars on dot deal."

The sergeant looked at the check, which was signed "John Smith," and in a sorrowful voice he asked Mr. Dunder if he had anything else to relate.

"Vhell, I do a leedle peesness yesterday dot I like to shpeak aboudt. A man comes in my place und says vhas I Carl Dunder? I vhas. All right. He like to see me quicker dan der president. He reads of me in der papers, und he knows I vhas a sharp, shrewd man. He likes me to go into peesness mit him."

"What sort of business?"

"Vhell, it vhas a new kind of fly screen. It vhas a fly screen mit a hole in der center aboudt ssh big as a dollar. He vhas der inventor. Nopody ever invents dot idea before, und he sells me half interest for feefty dollar. It vhas worth one tousand, but he likes my name for influence, see?"

"What is the hole left for?"

"Vehll, some flies go in by der door, maybe, und dot vhas to let him go out by der window. Dot vhas a good idea, eh? I close dot bargain at feefty dollar, und I betief I make ten tousand. What vhas der matter, sergeant? Why you look at me like dot?"

The sergeant handed him watch and check, and taking him by the arm led him to the door and put him out and said:

"Mr. Dunder, I am sorry for you. You are too innocent for this world. Goodby!"

Mr. Dunder turned at the curbstone and stood and looked long at the station house door. By and by a smile crept over his face, his chin went up a foot higher, and he called out as he walked stiffly away:

"It vhas all right, sergeant! I see how she vhas. You vhas shealous of me dot I don't get shwindled some more, und dot der cows don't take me for some grass any longer! Ha! I vhas on to you like a big house, und I don't ask you no more if I buy an electric clothesline fur ten dollars und save all der rubbing und half der soap."

SQUARE WITH THE CHURCH.

There were two colored men talking in loud tones at the other end of the railway platform, and I walked down to hear what the row was about. One of them was a deacon in the colored Methodist church in town and the other a drayman. As I drew near, the deacon was flourishing a paper in his hand and saying:

"Dar's de figgers right dar! Yo' owes de church 'zactly fo'teen hundred dollars pew rent, an I'ze bin sent to see what yo's gwine ter do 'bout it."

"Fo'teen hundred dollars, eh?" queried the drayman.

"Yes, sah! Dar's de figgers, all figgered up by a white man. Yo' hain't dun paid no rent in all yo' bo'n days. Does yo' dispute dem figgers?"

"N-no, I recken not."

"An is yo' gwine ter settle?"

"Fur how much?"

"Fur how much! Why, sah, de committee don sot upon yo' last night 'till leben o'clock, an it finally dun concluded not to settle dis case short o' two hull dollars!"

"I reckon I'll dun pay it," said the drayman as he pulled out the money.

"Dat's right, sah—dat's right. Dat proves yo' was an honest, upright man. Yo' is now all squar' wid de church, an if yo' want to git up in a front pew an do shoutin nobody ha'n't gwine to pint at yo' and say de Lawd had dem fo'teen hundred dollars all charged up agin yo' on de gate posts o' heaben."

M. QUAD.

The World Enriched.

The facilities of the present day for the production of everything that will conduce to the material welfare and comfort of mankind are almost unlimited and when Syrup of Figs was first produced the world was enriched with the only perfect laxative known, as it is the only remedy which is truly pleasing and refreshing to the taste and prompt and effectual to cleanse the system gently in the Spring time or, in fact, at any time and the better it is known the more popular it becomes.

Housekeepers, refurnishing in the spring, should not fail to call at Weiler Bros., 51 to 55 Fort street. *

At the Germania To-night.

Concert by the celebrated duet, Messrs. Bullock & Farrell, of Chicago. *

E. A. McEachern, fruit importer, promises to have ripe fruit about April 20. *

Easter Cards at Hibben & Co.'s.

NYM CRINKLE'S LETTER

"Colonel Carter of Cartersville" a Delightful Stage Study.

ANOTHER GOOD SOUTHERN PLAY.

Augustus Thomas Has Skillfully Clothed F. Hopkinson Smith's Story in Scenery and Grease Paint—"The Foresters," the Circus and the Food Show.

[Special Correspondence.]

NEW YORK, March 30.—"Colonel Carter of Cartersville" is one of those sketches of southern character that everybody has heard of and knows in some degree. Every state in the Union concentrates its local peculiarities in individuals. Colonel Carter is as distinctively Virginian as Joshua Whitcomb was distinctively a New Hampshire man. And both men are known in story and song and caricature to the country. I have heard stories of Kearnal Kearter for the last twenty years, and here he is at last in his delightful entirety.

Mr. F. Hopkinson Smith got him upon paper from observation. He had no intention of making a play of him. But so voracious is the stage for something new, that every brochure and sketch that falls from the press is caught up by the manager. Dramatic agents and job actors carried this book on Broadway for months trying to find somebody who would touch it with a dramatic wand and make a stage Colonel Sellers of it.

It fell to a clever man. Mr. Augustus Thomas knows the southern type; he is by nature a deft shaper of material into theatric cogency. He took the mere outlines which the book furnished and padded them into dramatic form.

The result is the play at Palmer's theater, if indeed a sketch of character idyllically and humorously treated, without situation or suspense, can be called a play.

What the drama does is to place before us a delightful combination of personal qualities that cannot fail to interest us. These qualities are the distinctive ones seen only in the rural and isolated neighborhoods of the south, that overbearing American egoism, that intense patriotism and shabby antique chivalry so out of keeping with the practical, matter of act age, and that patriarchal aristocracy of sentiment that seems to be the outcome of the vassalage that grew up in the south. To these must be added an enthusiasm that always goes off half cocked and an impecuniosity that never interferes with the wildest fancies.

Such men in the south could never, any more than a woman, weigh material forces. They hurled themselves against the north in the war with a magnificent ardor, but without any mathematics. They had a sentiment, and they did not care to know that numbers and resources were factors. They fired the hearts with a flame of rhetoric that had no equal in the teeming cities of New England, but they had no exchequer. These men reached Parnassus in the person of John Randolph, and stood on the peaks of fanaticism in the person of Toombs. But they also in the old days of the republic planted a dauntless patriotism on our quarter decks and carried the flag around the world with a fighting instantaneousness that made it respected.

Let us concede all that the war has done for the country in eliminating and solidifying, and still there remains a sentimental pathos about the smoldering ruins of its lost conditions. Minstrelsy went out with slavery. The wild, sad strains of the plantation crept over the world. The southern darky was the father of our folk songs, and the old patriarchal home was the romantic vestige of a sleepy and pleasant feudalism.

"Colonel Carter" comes back to us like one of Tom Thorpe's sketches—now, alas! almost forgotten. It has the balmy terebenthene odor of the southern pines. It takes you out of our acute conflict to drowsy, ideal, far away conditions, where the old mansion seems to suggest Dolly Madison and Lafayette, and there is a smell of wood fires clinging yet to the old walls, and the mammies and pickaninnies furnish a flitting shadow of mediævalism. Some balsamic breath of a vanished courtliness in all this and a suggestion of Colonial pride and simplicity and quaintness softly blended.

Such is the atmosphere of "Colonel Carter;" and it is a play of personal atmosphere, not of events. The thinnest kind of a story meanders along like one of those summer streams in the south, tepid and sluggish, but it has banks of semitropical suggestiveness where the mocking bird sings and the oriole flashes a flaming wing.

Having said all this, the fact remains that "Colonel Carter" is not a play for the populace. It is prerequisite that you take some sentiment with you to the theater in order to enjoy it. Your real popular play expects you to bring nothing with you but your optic nerve and your girl. It supplies everything—imagination, fancy, poetry, spirituality, by means of restlessness and paint pot and orchestra.

Mr. Daly is just now doing this with Lord Tennyson's play of "The Foresters." His argument is something like this: "Do you doubt that Tennyson is a great poet—ask my scene painter; that 'The Foresters' is the greatest drama of the age has been proved by Sullivan's music. The people come to see Mr. Daly's production; ergo there is intrinsic merit in abstract poetry."

Of course there is ideality and sentiment and beauty in "The Foresters." So there is in a great many other things that will not adapt themselves to the theater. I have even found them in a patent office report, but I never tried to arrange them into acts. I never saw the Sermon on the Mount carved in marble, and I don't think it would be efficacious presented that way.

Whatever else Lord Tennyson may be he is not a poet who appeals to the democracy, and somehow you can't keep the democracy out of the theater any more than you can keep Mr. Daly out of Westminster abbey if he goes on this way.

"Colonel Carter" is the only novelty in town. Mr. Mansfield is playing under a bushel at the Garden theater. Whenever this brilliant actor resorts to his repertory you may know he is meditating a new play. "Merry Gotham," at the Lyceum, is not very merry and does not exactly fit the creed of the house. It's like a western Methodist in an eastern Episcopal pulpit. Dramatic gossip concentrates itself on the forthcoming fair at the Madison Square garden, where Mrs. Kendal and Miss Cayvan are to be on exhibition. Price, fifty cents.

Barnum's circus has possession of the garden at this moment, and keeps on successfully killing all public interest in the circus by making quantity take the place of quality. It reminds me of the three ringed Sunday journalism which nobody can read without a derrick.

Mr. Crane gives up the rather thin "For Money," and on the 28th begins to do something for credit. He calls it "The American Minister."

I ought to mention the extraordinary success which has attended the food show at the Lenox lyceum under the direction of the New York Retail Grocers' union.

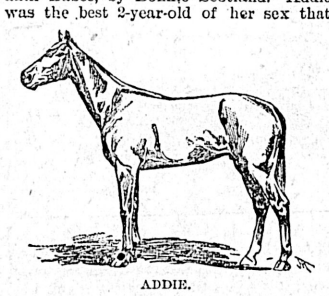
Although this enterprise is virtually an advertising scheme, it had been so admirably handled and has fed everybody so liberally that it has met with extraordinary success. The display of goods is in itself very attractive, but the plan of having everything cooked and served is the winning trick. Comely women bake you a muffin or brew you a cocktail while you wait. Mrs. Casson makes a pudding and deals it out. Society women sit all around eating mush and oatmeal with a spoon. Coffee, tea, chocolate are given away in dainty cups. Champagne runs from native fountains. Sweetness in muslin pokes ceraline into your side pocket and the pride of a household drops grits in your hat. You come away loaded down with food, and your sides stick out with steam crushed oats and granulated starch.

This busy cook shop, where everything was given away, took the fancy of the town. I think perhaps it elevated the kitchen æsthetically. We now have a clear conception of the possibility of high heel slippers and striped stockings in the culinary art. There is no reason why our waffles should not be gored and cut bias, and our sausages browned Elizabethan or baked Etruscan and served with a pale blue ribbon. Sweetness, with her sleeves rolled up and dough on her Parian finger tips, is encouraging, and leads to the hope that sooner or later we shall get soul into the washtub and spirituality itself will wash up the knives and forks.

NYM CRINKLE.

Addie Is Very Swift.

The swift mare Addie, one of the best thoroughbred 2-year-old running horses of last year, was bred at far famed Belle Meade. Her sire was Iroquois, and her dam Babee, by Bonnie Scotland. Addie was the best 2-year-old of her sex that



ADDIE.

raced in the west, Yo Tambien excepted, and won eleven out of her twenty-one starts. She was also second five times, third four times and was unplaced but once.

She was beaten by Huron and Gorman, but she also defeated the latter in three contests. At Memphis Addie captured the Ivy Leaf and Lassie stakes, and ran five furlongs in 1:02½ at Garfield park, defeating a good field. She now belongs to Pierre Lorillard.

SPORTING NOTES.

By the death of Fred O'Neil the diamond was robbed of a very clever catcher. Consumption, the foe of so many athletes, killed him.

John L. Sullivan says his fight with James J. Corbett will be his last appearance in the ring. With Slavin still after him, however, the champion will find retirement difficult.

Yale graduates in Chicago will endeavor to get the college nine to visit Chicago during the fair and play against the famous ex-collegian ball players now residing there.

Willie Windle will ride under the colors of the Manhattan Athletic club in the future. Windle formerly wore the colors of the now defunct Berkeley Athletic club, and thus gained the sobriquet "The Berkeley Flyer."

There are 832 bicycle clubs in England, with a total membership of 16,640 men.

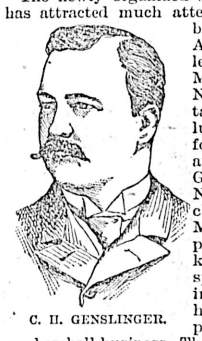
C. A. Boyle, of Pittsburg, has started on a 5,000 mile wheeling tour through the west.

Yale college baseball men have formed a new league among the classes and more of an effort than usual will be made this year to place a strong nine in the field.

Dr. Robert N. Tooker, president of the Chicago Academy of Homeopathic Physicians and Surgeons, thinks that the use of the bicycle is one of the most healthful exercises that women can indulge in.

President C. H. Genslinger.

The newly organized Southern league has attracted much attention of late in baseball circles. Atlanta, New Orleans, Memphis, Mobile, Macon, Nashville, Chattanooga and Columbus applied for membership, and Charles H. Genslinger, of New Orleans, was chosen president. Mr. Genslinger possesses a wide knowledge of sporting matters in general, and has had much experience in southern baseball business. The general opinion among admirers of the national game throughout the Southern league circuit is that Genslinger will make an admirable president.



C. H. GENSLINGER.

The salary limit of the league has been placed at $800, and on such a conservative basis the organization should surely be a financial success.

Francis Wilson's "Den."

Francis Wilson's favorite room in his New Rochelle house he calls the den, and in it he studies Napoleon and thinks out the problems of the universe whenever he has time. On its floor is a carpet which he values more highly than any rug in his splendid collection of fabrics from oriental looms. It is a rag carpet—extraordinary only in the fact that it was made by his little daughters and their grandmother. In the bookcases which tower over this rag carpet are more than 1,500 volumes, many of them rare and very valuable, and on the walls of this room as on those of many others in the house hangs a confusion of paintings and etchings by well known artists.

The Baireuth Wagner festival dates for the coming summer are as follows: July 20, 28, Aug. 1, 4, 8, 11, 15 and 17, "Parsifal;" July 21, 29, Aug. 5 and 18, "Tristan und Isolde;" July 24, Aug. 7, 12 and 20, "Tannhauser;" July 25, 31, Aug. 14 and 21, "Die Meistersinger."

PLATFORM AND STAGE.

A Busy Week for Theatre Goers—The Brilliant Corinne is Coming.

"The Spider and the Fly"—Talk of the Stage and Stage People.

THE period of activity in things theatrical that was to mark the month of April is now at hand. Victorians have laughed with Ole Olson and applauded the genius of Warde. Now, they are to enjoy the music and merriment that charining Corinne brings with her on Tuesday and Wednesday, and admire the gorgeous scenery, startling mechanical effects and the pretty girls that go to make "The Spider and The Fly"—which holds the boards Thursday and Friday.

Speaking of Frederick Warde, his two performances on Thursday and Friday evenings were as perfect artistically, as any that have been witnessed at The Victoria. Mr. Warde is above all things, thorough, and he impresses upon every member of his company the necessity of doing the littlest things well. And it is in this attention to detail just as much as in the strength and nobility of his creations that Warde shows himself a genius. The "Lion's Mouth," the opening bill for Victoria, was referred to in the COLONIST of Friday; of "Damon and Pythias, presented by the same company, just as much can be said in praise.

It is a question if there is a more popular artist on the American stage to-day than Corinne—"little Corinne" no longer. She is a favorite wherever she goes, and in the production of "Carmen Up to Data", her new burlesque, she is said to have better opportunities to display her talents than ever before. Besides, she is surrounded in a magnificent manner. The Kimball burlesque company which

CORINNE.

has heretofore consisted of about forty people, now numbers sixty, and is the largest burlesque organization in existence. They are the only company in America to-day that travel in their own special train. None of the former productions are presented this season. "Carmen Up to Data" is played exclusively. The piece is a spectacular comic opera burlesque in three acts, abounding in scenes which cannot fail to be amusing, and in situations so ridiculous as to provoke mirth. The central figure will be Corinne, who has achieved a reputation in the portrayal of the title role, or rather that of Carmencita. Her imitations of the celebrated Spanish danseuse are said to be very clever. The piece offers opportunities for exhibiting the graceful Spanish dances, and Corinne makes the most of them. The opera will be handsomely mounted. The company itself consists of forty persons, all of whom appear on the stage at one time during many of the scenes.

MINNIE THURGATE,

A great London favorite of two years ago, who since that time has made a great hit in America, but whose heart still longs for her native fogs. Incidental to the general movement of the play are two clever specialty acts, Letta, the European equilibrist, and Atroy the juggler. In the last act the tandem team, by Messrs. Forde and Morris, a novel and intensely amusing bit of stage invention, and sends the audience into roars of laughter. The piece closes with a transformation scene showing the opening of the world's fair at Chicago. Altogether, for an opening of light, frothy amusement "Spider and Fly" certainly scores a great success.

M. B. Leavitt's spectacular pantomime, "The Spider and the Fly," which holds the boards on Thursday and Friday takes the form of an extravaganza of the most approved fashion. It is produced with appropriate scenery, graceful dancers, good singers, plenty of bright, rollicking music, several clever people and an unlimited number of very beautiful and gorgeous costumes. The music, which plays a very important feature in the evening's entertainment, has been carefully arranged and the selections are new and pleasing. There is a great deal of very good dancing, well executed by a score of attractive danseuses, while the choruses, though light in volume, are well sung and given with precision. The whole performance goes with great snap, and there is plenty of "ginger" in it. The dialogue is spicy and bright. Miss Lou Royce is a very handsome woman both in form and feature, and she has a lovely, high, ringing soprano voice, which she uses with much taste and judgment. The *corps de ballet* come direct from the London Alhambra and one of the prettiest dances of the evening is the gavotte led by

McMahon's circus is working up the Coast.

Caroline Goge is working westward on the C. P. R.

The Grismer-Davis Company are playing all April in San Francisco.

Richard Mansfield wants a quarantee of $1,000 for a single performance in Victoria.

Arthur Forrest, of "Capt. Swift" fame was treated to a maquibent banquet at Seattle last week.

Mr. J. Duffield Prince, who is ahead of the Emma Juck Opera Company, is expected in Victoria to-morrow.

Mary Heath, the Comedy sunbeam of "a Turkish Bath" is singing a new song—"Poor Little Dolly"—that is extremely catching.

The sensational Gavotte and Tarantilla dances first produced at the London Alhambra are introduced in "The Spider Co., The Fly."

CONFESSIONS OF A HYPNOTISEE.

The first effect observed is that the sensitive shows the symptoms of the patient's sickness in an exaggerated form; then the operator impresses the patient with the idea that his malady has been transferred to the subject; if the patient is of a hysterical temperament he will think that, as "seeing is believing," he has really lost his disease. This accounts for the seemingly miraculous cures we hear of, for we all know that to convince hysterical patients that they are well is to make them well, unless there is actual organic derangement. I myself have been used in a large number of cases in both the Old and the New Worlds, and have seen performed some startling cures. One thing is certain, and that, from practical experience, that as an alleviator of suffering from that very distressing yet not serious class of ailments whose termination is algia—cephalalgia, nostalgia, neuralgia, myalgia, &c.—it stands unrivalled. But it is as an educational and moral agent that I expect most good from it. Dr Myers, of London, England, says: "I have seen the confirmed drunkard throw the gin bottle out of the window in extreme disgust, and I think that this is a genuine advance in therapeutics which England should be glad to learn even at second hand." Many persons arguing from the premise of popular prejudice may say, "Yes, but these advantages are more than counterbalanced by its evil effects on the unfortunate subject;" vain delusion, unpardonable mistake. I have been a subject for the last thirteen years; and far from experiencing any inconvenience from being hypnotised as many as a dozen times a day, I may say that I have actually felt physically, morally, but chiefly intellectually better for it. Not only this, but I have had unexceptional opportunities for studying the cases of other habitual, or, as Charcot calls them, "trained," hypnotic subjects, and can honestly say that they showed a higher status of intelligence than others of similar education, and were certainly benefited by it. Again, as for its use for surgical operations its value has long since been determined, and Dr. Esdaile, presidency surgeon of Bengal at Calcutta, performed, in the six years ending 1851, chiefly upon natives, no fewer than 256 surgical operations without pain, anæsthesia being produced hypnotically, some of them as serious as lithotomy and amputation above the knee. Other surgeons, including the famous Dr. Elliotson, editor of the Zoist, and house physician of the Mesmeric Infirmary London, also demonstrated its practical utility, but the discovery of chloroform soon turned the tide of attention from hypnotism to something more easily understood.—Arthur Howton, in "Open Court."

ADVICE TO MINISTERS.

Don't drive, but lead.
Don't be afraid of any man.
Don't be anybody but yourself.
Don't follow anybody's advice.
Don't lash the sinner instead of his sin.
Don't tell all you know in one sermon.
Don't feed people with unbaked dough.
Don't offer manna you have not tasted yourself.
Don't ask anyone to work harder than you do yourself.
Don't offer sentimental confection of intellectual shavings.
Don't spare the people's pockets, for therein lie their hearts.
Don't expect the Lord to be always in as big a hurry as you are.
Don't live in the third century, nor in the clouds.
Don't despise the rich, dishonor the poor, nor esteem yourself wiser than your brethren.—Ram's Horn.

THE GREAT INTERIOR

Description of the Banks of the Blackwater and the Nechaco Valley.

Illustrations Made From Photographs Taken by A. L. Poudrier, D.L.S., During Survey.

The following facts concerning the lands lining the Blackwater river and those of the Nechaco Valley are especially interesting just now, on account of the good prospects that exist of a railroad being built from a point near Bute Inlet to the eastern boundary of the province. The illustrations accompanying this article are sketched from excellent photos taken by Mr. A. L. Poudrier. D. L. S., while making surveys. We are also indebted to that gentleman for the description of the country given below.

EU-CHI-NICO LAKE

is an expansion of the Blackwater or West Road river; it has a length of about 12 miles and its width is from one-quarter to one mile. The photograph reproduced here represents very accurately the the general appearance of that stream.

The river is not large, but the numerous expansions, like the Eu-chi-nico, gives it a peculiar appearance and a character of its own very seldom met.

The south banks of the river is generally wooded; but the growth is very small and the black pine *(pinus contorta)* predominates.

The north bank is very different—it is generally in terraces or in low bluffs approaching the river. These are nearly all cleared of timber and covered with very many species of rich and succulent grasses. Bunch grass, pea vines and vetches of different species, blue joints, wild rye, sage and of a wonderful variety of wild flowers.

The few bluffs of timber are composed of poplars of zefvesie, small birch, Virginian juniper, which attain here a true-like appearance. As a grazing country it would be surpassed by few locations.

One place where the Blackwater branches into three principal streams, there is an extent of some 60 square miles of beautiful prairie land, on which numerous small lakes are scattered and where only a few pig poplars are seen. It has the appearance of a park on some great estate.

The land as a rule would be better adapted for grazing than for agriculture, though large areas of the terraces could be utilized to grow anything. The river and lake are well stocked with fish.

Of course the salmon ascends it, like nearly all the tributaries of the Fraser; but the trout and *char* are the great attraction for the fishermen. In some of the clear pools and eddies, we have enjoyed the best fly fishing on this side of Lake Superior.

At the time the exploration expedition came back from the head waters of the river in the fall of 1890, the lakes were alive with ducks and geese, and on the grassy side hills the grouse were most abundant—both blue grouse and ruffed grouse.

At Lake Eu-chi-nico, the swans were in immense numbers and they were seen only on that lake. The appearance of the party on the side hills gave them the alarm and during the whole time necessary to traverse the length of the lake, the immense white flocks kept moving about in myriads and with a deafening noise, caused by their trumpet-like call of alarm.

To a sportsman not too ambitious about big game, and contenting himself with birds and good fishing, I do not know of a more tempting ground in Canada.

The photograph showing lake, "Noolki" or "Tachic," has been taken as a typical spot, giving a true idea of

THE NECHACO VALLEY.

The Nechaco takes its source near the Cascade Mountains and flows north-easterly in a generally wooded country, till it approaches Fraser lake. From there it turns due east and follows a natural depression in the general level of the country in line with the 54th of north parallel, till it reaches the Fraser river at Fort George.

This valley has been examined by Messrs. Dawson and Macoun, of the Geological Survey of Canada, and calculated to hold about 1,000 square miles of land fit for agriculture. The explorations made by the province since has not only proved that their calculation was correct; but that a much larger extent could be rendered useful.

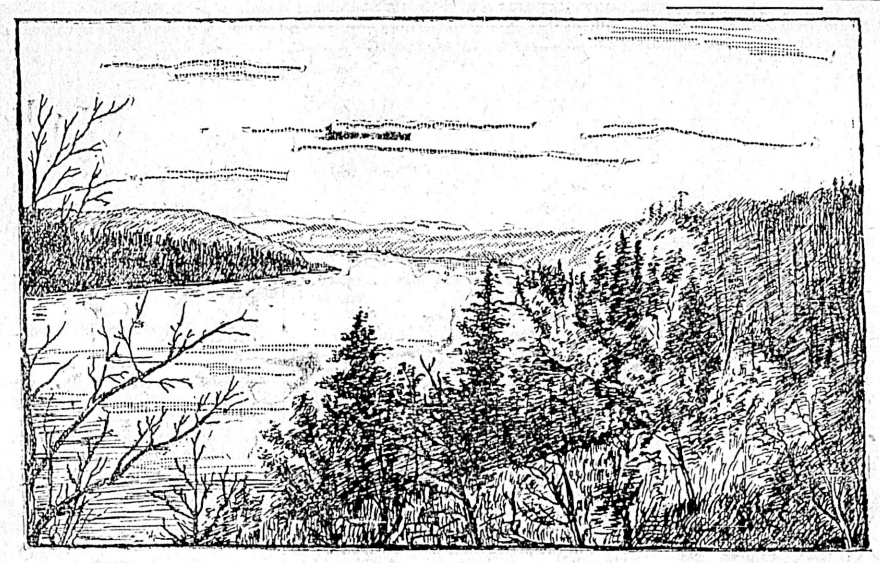
The character of the soil in the Nechaco Valley is of the richest. The large beds of "white silts," which Mr. Dawson compares to the *loess* on the Rhine, will prove some day to be of the most precious value for agricultural purposes. The ground is generally level, coming in low terraces to the river, generally covered with small thickets of balsam, aspen, poplar and dwarf birch. Large stretches are in luxuriant prairies, where the succulent grass grows waist high. As a ranching land it is beyond comparison, but it is as farming land that it will give its full value in the future, the deepness and richness of the soil rendering it inexhaustible. The geneaal level of the country is about 2,300 feet above the sea level; but this low depression following the 54th deg., latitude seems to have a more favorable climate, owing to the full sweep of the ocean winds coming between Vancouver Island and the Queen Charlotte group, and the Cascade Range being much lower in that section. By the flora the climate seemed to be very much milder than it is generally found in this latitude, and barley, oats and vegetables have been grown by the Hudson's Bay Co's employes without trouble. There is no question that appropriate wheat, such as ladoga and red fife, could be grown safely.

To the sportsman this valley would also be a favorite resort. The trout in the Nechaco do not appear to beas fine and so game as that in the Blackwater, but it is very abundant. The salmon comes up the Nechaco in enormous quantity and forms the staple food of the Indians.

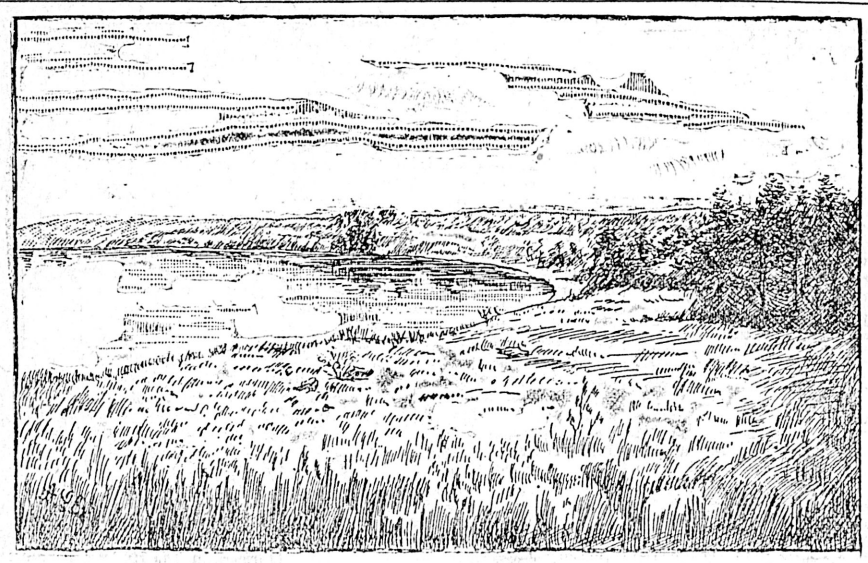
Birds are also in great abundance, but the blue grouse, this most prized of our native birds, is not so common as on the Blackwater. Bears, generally black, are commonly met with, and in winter cariboo is said to be common. The common deer is unknown.

These two valleys can be reached by pack-trail from Quesnelle, and now that the Skeena river is being improved to render it navigable by boat, the Nechaco Valley will be easily reached from Hazelton by the beautiful valleys of the Matsonkwa and Eudaka.

A. L. POUDRIER.



EU-CHI-NICO LAKE, ON BLACKWATER RIVER.



NOOLKIOR TACHIC LAKE, NICHACO VALLEY.

No Other Sarsaparilla has the merit by which Hood's Sarsaparilla has won such a firm hold upon the confidence of the people.
No Other combines the economy and strength which make "100 Doses One Dollar" true only of Hood's Sarsaparilla.
No Other possesses the Combination, Proportion, and Process which make Hood's Sarsaparilla peculiar to itself.

Hood's Pills cure Sick Headache.

Easter Cards at Hibben & Co.'s.

THE QUEEN'S ENGLISH.

It Differs in Very Material Ways From the President's.

[From the Pittsburg Dispatch.]

In England one universally hears, and most English writers use, "differ to" rather than "differ from," though when "pinned" down usually admit it to be incorrect. They "take in" the newspaper, an expression where we economise a word by only "taking" it.

"Attractive," as a personal quality, carries further to the English mind than to the American, who, for qualities beyond the social, as in a statesman or commander, would use "magnetic," and thereby acquire a finer shade of meaning. A gentleman asked me if I dion't find the English "homely," which certainly I could not be so uncomplimentary as to acknowledge in an American sense of the term. Seeing my hesitation he changed it to "hospitable," which most emphatically I could not assent to; and assent to their having the better of us in that word which so beautifully conveys its own meaning and bears not the slighest resemblence to its American prototype of ill-favored. "Clever" is short English for "intellectual," while the American use of the word is quite the reverse. "Sick" is never used but to discriminate the kind of "illness," an adoption we may wisely make. "Remember" is "mind." Furniture is not "removed" or "stored," but "warehoused." The expression "top" and "bottom" of the street or town at first strikes one singularly, but it is easier said than "upper" and "lower" part of the same, and certainly conveys the same meaning. "Stores" are "shops," and as we go "shopping" why not "shop" in shops? If in England we wish to "shop" for a "spool of thread" we ask for a "reel of cotton;" for "Canton flannel," "swansdown calico;" for "shirting, "calico," though an English writer on Americanisms asserts that we ask for a "web of muslin;" or, if we wish "samples," it is necessary to ask for "patterns."

While Americans have been much and deservedly ridiculed for their abbreviations of "gents" and "pants," I have seen both used in England, which does not, however, prove in a commendable custom, but only exemplifies the folly of "throwing stones by people who live in glass houses." "Draper," "haber-dasher," "ironmonger," &c., more briefly designate the kind of "shop" than do the American equivalents.

In pronunciation—whatever may have been his verdict as to the relative order of differerent words—this unprejudiced umpire must, if letters have any arbitary signification, give the victory to America. The corruptions of the ignorant have, however, so engrafted themselves upon the mother tongue, many times even changing the spelling—as when Rue du Roi became Rotten Row—that the true Briton looks with indulgent pity upon one who, ignorant of the valuelessness of letters in these exceptional cases, uses them with the power bestowed upon him by linguistic English authorities.

At Oxford you must never betray your noninsularity by mentioning Magdalen College, which to all good Englishmen is "Maudlin." Cholmondely is "Chumly," Leicester, "Lester;" Marylebone, "Marrowbone;" while St. John as a family name becomes "Sinjin." Clerk is universally called "clark," though by what rule "e" can be made to have the sound of "a" doth not appear; perhaps by the same rule which too many Americans apply to "very," pronouncing it "vary," until in England it is accounted an Americanism. American "railroad" is English "railway," and everything connected with it is known by a different name, some of which better conver the meaning, while in others we have the advantage. "Station" is certainly more correct than "depot," borrowed in spelling, though not in pronunciation or in signification, from the French. In England you "book" at the "booking office" with the "booking clark," while in America you "get your ticket" at the "ticket office" of the "ticket agent."

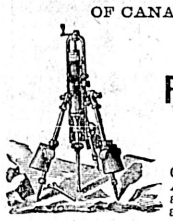
The "car" is called a "carriage," and that European vehicle partakes more of the nature of a carriage than does its American prototype. The "baggage-car" is a "luggage-van," and, of course, "baggage" is "luggage;" but why—as it is neither universally "bagged" nor "lugged"—not sacrifice economy to truth and give to it the comprehensive Latin name "impedimenta?" "Freight trains" are "goods trains," perhaps equally significant. "Checks" would be "brasses," if travellers in England ever had the good fortune to use them, and the "rails" are called "metals," neither of which words convey an idea of the use of the "metals" or their kind. "Conductors" are "guards," and, as they both conduct and "guard" the train, have perhaps equal significance. When about to start the "conductor" shouts "all aboard;" the "guard" "take your seats," so in the interests of brevity we would have the "guard" shout "all aboard." "Street car" is "tram," each perhaps equally appropriate; so again the shorter would win. The "telegraph operator" becomes "telegraph clerk;" while "operator" conveys an added dignity, we might accept "clerk"—"clark" never.

BUSINESS CARDS.

In our many perplexities, and in the various anxieties through which our pathway in life leads us; when our mind wanders and thought takes to itself wings, what allays our dissatisfied humor better than the soothing satisfaction obtained by smoking Newman No. 1 Cigar.

ap1

INGERSOLL ROCK DRILL CO.,
OF CANADA, LTD.
MONTREAL.



ROCK DRILLS
Air Compressors.
General Mining and Quarrying Machinery. A full stock of Drills and Duplicate parts always on hand.

WM. GORDON, Agent for B. C.
OFFICE: GALPIN BLOCK,
P. O. Box 787. 49½ Government St., Victoria.
oc18-su-w-f-d&w-1y

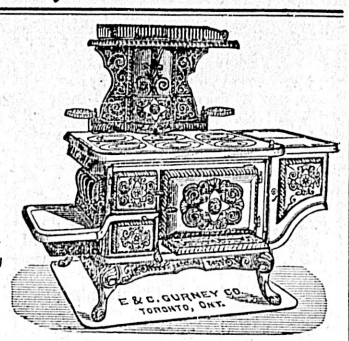
THE
JAPANESE BAZAAR
MAKE YOUR
GARDENS AND HOUSES CHARMING
Buy and plant at once
JAPAN LILY BULBS
Dwarf Shrubs, Chestnut, Persimmon, Cherry Trees and
Double - Tree - Pæonies
Just imported in fine condition by
T. S. FUTCHER,
41 FORT STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.
ja30

THE WESTERN MILLING CO.,
(LIMITED.)
REGINA, ASSA.,
DEALERS IN
SEED AND FEED GRAIN
OF ALL KINDS, ALSO
Flour, Chop Feed, Bran & Shorts
PARTIES REQUIRING
SEED OR FEED OATS OR WHEAT
WILL DO WELL TO
CORRESPOND WITH US.
mc29

REMOVAL.
JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT.
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad Street and Trounce Avenue. feb20tf

KNOWN FOR GOOD VALUE
Suits FOR Boys ALL AGES
CLOTHING HATS, NECKWEAR, UNDERCLOTHING
Suits FOR Men! ALL SIZES!
W. & J. WILSON, GOVERNMENT STREET, OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

THIS IS THE
KITCHEN WITCH,
WITHOUT DOUBT THE
Best Range in the Market
AND CAN ONLY BE BOUGHT OF



GEO. POWELL & CO.,
CHEAPSIDE—127 GOVERNMENT STREET.
A full line of Crockery, Glassware, Hardware, etc., always in stock. Prices right.

BEST AND SAFEST EXPLOSIVE.
ROBURITE
SAVES TIME, LABOR AND LIVES
Cannot be Exploded by Concussion, Friction or Fire, but Only by a Special Detonator.
Safe and Free from Danger Under all Conditions of Transit, Storage and Handling.
NO NOXIOUS FUMES.
The ROBURITE EXPLOSIVES CO., L'D.
28 YATES STREET, VICTORIA, B. C. mc24

EDISON GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.
BRITISH COLUMBIA BRANCH:
EDISON BUILDING, RICHARD STREET, VANCOUVER, B. C.
The Largest and Most Complete Stock of Gas, Electric and Combination Fixtures in Canada.
CHANDELIERS, PENDANTS, HALL LIGHTS, BRACKETS, PORTABLES, ETC., ETC., GAS AND ELECTRIC SHADES.
We are the largest manufacturers of these goods on the continent and our prices are past competition. Goods put up by competent electricians, and the highest grade of workmanship guaranteed.
FINE RESIDENCE WORK A SPECIALTY.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED. (fe3) ADDRESS, FIXTURE DEPARTMENT.

GREEN, WORLOCK & CO.,
SUCCESSORS TO GARESCHE, GREEN & CO.,
ESTABLISHED 1873.
BANKERS
VICTORIA, B. C.
DEPOSITS RECEIVED ON LIBERAL RATES OF INTEREST.
DRAFTS, ORDERS, TELEGRAPH TRANSFERS AND LETTERS OF CREDIT ISSUED DIRECT ON OVER 10,000 CITIES IN THE UNITED STATES, CANADA, EUROPE, MEXICO AND CHINA.
COLLECTIONS MADE AT EVERY POINT.
GOLD DUST PURCHASED AT HIGHEST MARKET RATES.
AGENTS FOR WELLS FARGO & CO.
an25-1yr

RECENTLY IMPORTED
Red and White Lead.
Boiled Linseed Oil,
Raw Linseed Oil,
Fire Brick, Cement, Pig Iron,
Blacksmith's Coal.
TURNER, BEETON & CO
fe9-1m

A Food! A Drink! A Medicine!
JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF
Has threefold usefulness;
As Beef Tea.
As a Stimulating Tonic.
As a Perfect Substitute for Meat.
It contains the vital principles of Prime Beef.

STEAMERS AND SHIPS.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.
Royal Mail Steamship Line,
—THE—
IMPERIAL SHORT ROUTE
—TO—
CHINA AND JAPAN.
TABLE OF SAILING,
Subject to change and individual postponement

Steamship.	Arrive Victoria About.	Leave Victoria
Empress of Japan	April 19	April 27
Empress of China	May 7	May 15
Empress of India	May 28	June 5
Empress of Japan	June 18	June 26
Empress of China	July 9	July 17
Empress of India	July 30	August 7

Round trip tickets a reduced rates on sale at Company's office. Also through tickets to all principal points on American, European and Asiatic Continents.
Tickets from Victoria **Around the World, good to go in either direction,** together with pamphlets, guide books, time tables and full information. Call on or address
ALLAN CAMERON, Agent, Government St., Victoria, B.C.
D. E. BROWN, Asst. Gen'l Pass. Ag't, Vancouver, B C.
fe28

HO! FOR THE EAST!
THE UPTON LINE
OF STEAMSHIPS.
Good Passenger Accommodation!
$300! $300! $300!
Round trip to Yokohama, Kobe and Hongkong, good for six months, only $300, including all stopover privileges. Sailing monthly from Victoria.
THE SS. "ZAMBESI,"
Due 1st April, via Honolulu.
THE SS. "BATAVIA,"
Due 15th April.
Passengers are assured of every attention comfort and civility while on board.
For further particulars and every information apply to
F. C. DAVIDGE & CO., Agents.
131 Government St.
fly7

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO.
DESPATCH A STEAMER EVERY FIVE days for San Francisco, carrying Her Majesty's mails, from Outer Wharf at 11 a.m
UMATILLA, - APRIL 18.
R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.
mar26

UNION : STEAMSHIP
COMPANY, B. C., L'D.
Head Office and Wharf - Vancouver, B C
VANCOUVER AND NANAIMO
SS. CUTCH
LEAVES C. P. R. Wharf daily at 1:00 p. m.
RETURNING from Nanaimo at 7:00 a. m.
Cargo at company's wharf until noon.
Steamers and scows always available for excursion, towing and freighting business. Ample storage accommodation on company's wharf. Particulars on application to office.
WM. WEBSTER, Manager.
Telephone 94. P. O. Box 217.
fo14-1m.

ESQUIMALT AND NANAIMO RAILWAY

Steamer ISABEL
J. E. BUTLER, Master.
On and after November 19th, 1889.
UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.
The Steamer ISABEL will sail a follow
CALLING AT WAY PORTS:
Leave Victoria for Nanaimo, Tuesdays, 5.00 a.m
" Nanaimo " Comox, Wed'days, 7.00 "
" Comox " Nanaimo, Fridays, 7.00 "
" Nanaimo " Victoria, Saturdays, 7.00 "
For freight or passage apply on board. feb1

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION COMPANY, (Limited.)
Time Table No. 17, takes effect April 1, 1892.
Vancouver Route:
Victoria to Vancouver—Daily, except Monday at 8 o'clock, a.m.
Vancouver to Victoria—Daily, except Monday at 13 o'clock or on arrival of C. P. R. No. 1 train.
New Westminster Route:
LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster Ladner's Land'g and Lulu Island—Sunday at 23 clock, Wednesdays and Fridays at o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P. R train No. 2, going east Monday.)
For Plumper Pass—Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock.
For Moresby Island—Friday at 7, o'clock.
LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria—Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Plumper Pass—Thursday and Saturda at 7 o'clock.
Northern Route:
Steamships of this Co. will leave for Fort Simpson and intermediate ports on the FIRST and FIFTEENTH of each month When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Quee Charlotte Islands
Barclay Sound Route:
Steamer MAUDE leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports the 1st and 15th, of each month.
The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.
JOHN IRVING, Manager
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent. ap1

REMOVAL.
CALEDONIAN DYE WORKS
—TO—
210 COOK STREET
Gents' clothes cleaned and dyed at reasonable rates. Ladies' garments steam finished when taken apart.
N.B.—Customers wishing their goods called for please send postal. Goods collected and delivered to all parts of the city. Pandora Avenue cars pass the works.
mc12 ROBT. C. WARD, Proprietor.

Special to THE COLONIST.]

M. QUAD'S SKETCHES.

Career of "Mocha Dick" the Whaleman's Terror.

[Copyright, 1892, by Charles B. Lewis.]

Between the years 1840 and 1859 the whaling vessels of such nations as pursued the leviathan of the deep for his commercial value encountered no less than five whales who became famous as terrors of the sea. They were "Mocha Dick," "Spotted Tom," "Shy Jack," "Ugly Jim" and "Fighting Joe." These names were of course given them by the sailors, but they came to be known to whalers of all nations. You may think it curious that one whale could be identified from another of the same size and species, but it was no more difficult than to identify a particular horse in a drove of several hundred. In other words, each leviathan has some peculiar mark or characteristic of his own, and if sighted two or three times can be identified forever afterward.

"Mocha Dick" headed the list of terrors from the start and kept his place for nineteen long years. No whale was so fiercely hunted, and none ever created so much damage among the hunters. What I am going to tell you is partly a matter of published record in England, Scotland and America, and was partly gleaned from Nantucket and New Bedford whalers who battled with the cachelot time after time, to suffer defeat on each occasion.

On the 5th day of July, 1840, the English whaling brig Desmond, being then 215 miles due west of the port of Valparaiso, Chili, sighted a lone whale which breached his full length above the surface about two miles away. The boats were lowered, but before they were within half a mile of the whale he slewed around head on to them and advanced to meet them. He struck one boat with his head and drove her under stern first and then chewed her up. He then sounded and was lost to sight for fifteen minutes. When he came up it was to lift the other boat thirty feet high on his head, and of course she was completely shattered. Oars and planks were ground fine by his teeth as he wallowed about, and two men were drowned before the whale finally went slowly off to the north. This was "Mocha Dick's" introduction to the blubber hunters. He was the largest whale any one aboard the brig had ever seen, and across his head was a scar about eight feet long, which showed almost white on the gray-black background. It was by this scar he was ever afterward identified.

The next craft to encounter "Mocha Dick" was the Russian bark Sarepta. This was on the 30th of August, almost two months later, and she was fully 500 miles to the south of the spot where he was first seen. She lowered two boats for a lone whale and killed him. The bark was three miles away, and beating down to the whale under a light breeze, when "Mocha Dick" suddenly shot out of water between the vessel and the boats. Such was his impetus that nearly his full length could be traced before he fell with a crash which could be heard for miles around. As soon as he had righted himself he made straight for the boats. One of them passed around the dead whale before he got up, but the other was caught by the sweep of his jaw as he came on and knocked to pieces. He then took up his position beside the dead whale and remained quiet for half an hour, during which interval the other boat pulled off to the bark.

Three men had been lost, and a fourth had both arms broken, while the sailors had been given such a fright that they could not be induced to attack. The vessel hung about the spot for three hours, hoping the fierce leviathan would take himself off, but finally had to sail away and leave him in possession. The dead whale was taken possession of two days later by the whaling ship John Bruce, of Nantucket, but it was no longer guarded.

The next authentic record of "Mocha Dick" was furnished by the Bristol whaler John Day, in May of the year following. She was then to the east of the Falkland islands, and was trying out blubber as she drifted with a light breeze. At 2 o'clock in the afternoon a gigantic whale breached within 300 feet of her, shooting his full length out of water, and raising such a sea by his fall that the ship rolled as if in a gale. The whale then swam slowly about, and as soon as the men caught sight of his head they identified him as "Mocha Dick." His actions were menacing, but the captain at once decided to attack him. Three boats were lowered, and as the whale made off to windward the first mate put a harpoon into him. This was the first iron "Mocha Dick" had ever felt. He sounded at once and ran for three miles, and when he came up it was to slue around and head for the boat. His action was so unexpected and his speed so great, that he caught the boat unprepared and ran right over it.

As it went under he stopped short and turned as on a pivot, beating the water all the time with flukes which measured twenty-four feet across. Nothing was left of the boat but splinters, and two of her crew were killed or drowned. The other two boats advanced to the attack, but before they were near enough to dart, the whale settled away like a lump of lead. One of the boats got hold of the floating line, but had scarcely secured it when the tricky fighter came up under the other and sent it skyward with the bottom knocked out. He then pivoted and thrashed the surface as before, and another man was lost and two others severely injured.

The crew had had enough of "Mocha Dick," and while he hauled off and lay waiting for another attack the remaining boat was hauled up and the ship sneaked away. The English captain had vowed that if he ever encountered that whale he would kill him or lose his whole outfit of men and boats, but an hour's fighting satisfied him that he had undertaken too big a job.

The particulars of the several encounters recorded above were soon known to all whalers. Some captains decided to let "Mocha Dick" severely alone, while others were ambitious to secure the credit of killing him. However, he disappeared after the fight with the John Day, and was not seen again for seventeen months. It had come to be generally believed that he had died of old age or been killed in a fight with another whale, when he suddenly turned up in the Pacific ocean off the east coast of Japan.

Here occurred the battle of his life. A coasting craft had been blown off the coast by a heavy gale and was making her way back. It was about an hour after daylight, when a big whale was seen to breach about two miles away. It was passed over as a trifling incident, but ten or fifteen minutes later the leviathan was discovered rushing down in the wake of the craft with all the steam he could put on. He was so close aboard and the sight of him threw the natives into such terror that no effort was made to escape him. He struck the craft on her stern and wrecked her in an instant, and pieces of the wreckage were carried away in his jaws as he swerved to port and swam slowly away. As the cargo of the coaster was of lumber, the men soon knocked together a raft. The craft did not go down, but sank until her decks were awash, and the men had not yet put off on their raft, when three whaling vessels appeared in sight all at once. These proved to be the Glasgow whaler Crieff, the New Bedford whaler Yankee and the English whaler Dudley.

All had heard of "Mocha Dick," but all thought him dead. By 8 o'clock the three whalers were up and had heard the story, but "Mocha Dick" had disappeared an hour before. It was agreed to separate and search for him, and that if he were found all three ships should take part in the attack and share in the credit of ridding the deep of such a terror. They did not have to hunt for the fellow, however. While the captains were planning h esuddenly showed up about a mile to windward. After his usual fashion he came to the surface under such headway that he seemed to stand on the tip of his flukes before he fell over on his side with a crash like the fall of a great building. He wallowed about for a time, and then slued around head to the whalers and remained perfectly quiet. He seemed to be asking what they were going to do about it, and the query was answered by the fall of a boat from each vessel.

These had only pulled away when three more were lowered to support them. Lots had been cast as to which boat should have the first show, and the honor had fallen to the Yankee. Her boat took a circuit to approach the whale from behind, while the other two lay on their oars to wait. The whale seemed for a time to be asleep, but all of a sudden settled away so quick that every one was dumfounded. He was about to try his old dodge of coming up under a boat, and each one of them was pulled away from the spot and a sharp watch kept for signs of his breaching.

It was twenty minutes before "Mocha Dick" showed up again. He had hoped to catch a boat, but all were too lively for him, and while he lay wallowing in the seas his fall had created the mate of the Yankee put a harpoon into him. The old fighter humped up as the iron went in, and for five minutes seemed to have been struck dead. Then he made a rush for the Scotchman's boat, ran right over it, and slued about for the Englishman. It was pulling away from him when he rushed again, caught it with a swing of his long under jaw, and the onlookers beheld a spectacle none of them ever forgot. The whale lifted his great head clear out of water with the boat in his mouth, and at one bite made matchwood of it and pulp of two of the crew who had been unable to tumble out. The crews of the two boats were now floating on the oars, and the whale pivoted and lashed the sea with his flukes to destroy them. In this manner he killed two men, but one of the reserve boats came up in gallant style and rescued the others.

The Yankee's boat was the only one fast to the whale, and after vainly trying to seize or smash it "Mocha Dick" suddenly started for the wreck of the coaster, which was floating two miles away. He made a straight course, and the three captains were agreed that his speed, when fairly under way, was not less than thirty miles an hour. As he struck the wreck he bore it down, and it rose behind him bottom side up. To prevent a collision the boat had to cut her line, and the whale soon sounded and was lost to sight. The boat started back, but had not yet reached the ships when the fighting leviathan breached under the bows of the Scotchman and carried away jibboom and bowsprite with a smash. He had planned to come up under the ship, but had missed it. As he fell upon his side and rolled over on an even keel, so to speak, he made a rush for the Yankee's boat. He was so close on that all the crew went overboard, and he picked the light craft up and chewed it as a horse does his oats.

Had it been calm "Mocha Dick" might have sunk the fleet. Luckily the breeze kept growing stronger, and as soon as the men from the Yankee's boat could be picked up the three crafts set all sail and beat an inglorious retreat, leaving the whale hunting about for more victims. From first to last "Mocha Dick" had nineteen harpoons put into him. He stove fourteen boats and caused the death of over thirty men. He stove three whaling vessels so badly that they were nearly lost, and he attacked and sunk a French merchantman and an Australian trader. He was encountered in every ocean and on every known feeding ground. He was killed off the Brazilian banks in August, 1859, by a Swedish whaler, which gathered him in with scarcely any trouble, but it has always been believed that poor old "Mocha Dick" was dying of old age. He measured 110 feet long; his girth was 57 feet; his jaw was 25 feet 6 inches long. Eight of his teeth were broken off and all others badly worn down. His big head was a mass of scars, and he had apparently lost the sight of his right eye.

OUR JIMS.

We always spoke of them as "Our Jims." They were the two best men in the camp, and "best" meant a good deal in those days. When the Orange gluch men came over to jump our claim it was our two Jims who rallied us to drive them off, leaving six dead men to be buried in the evening. When the toughs and roughs of Old Man's hill laid a claim to our diggings and appeared two to one to drive us off, it was Our Jims again who led the van and enabled us to win the victory.

Jim who? Jim what? I do not know. No one but themselves knew. Now and then some miner gave his full name, but we had no use for it. We were Jim and Bill and Pete to each other, and that alone.

Our Jims were not quarrelsome men. Big men and brave men never are. They tented together and were "pards," and how it came about that they fell out none of us ever learned. One morning, when they had been tentmates for many months, one Jim packed up and left camp. He had nothing to say—nothing beyond the statement that "Me and Jim is out." The Jim who remained made no statement whatever. Among ourselves we said that there had been a hot word dropped and picked up just when both men were out of sorts. It was hard work, that hunting for gold. We worked like slaves and lived far worse, and tentmates quarreled very often.

In a day or two we saw that the Jim who remained was troubled in his mind. He had been too proud to hold out his hand and ask the other Jim to stay, but now it was hurting him. He grew sullen and morose, and now and then he paused in his work and looked up the trail with a longing look in his eye—a longing to see the other Jim returning to camp. Five or six days had passed when a Chinaman came into camp with a note for Jim. It was written with a blackened stick on a piece of brown paper, and read:

JIM—It's a case of smallpox, and I won't ask you to come. It's just to say I'm sorry we fell out, and to bid you goodby. JIM.

It took three or four of us half an hour to make out the badly written and misspelled message, and when we had finished Our Jim walked away to his tent and began to pack up. The snowclouds were banking up in the west, and it was plain that a bad storm was at hand. The other Jim was twenty-eight miles away, sick and alone in a rude cabin at the abandoned diggings of Crazy Woman's creek. The trail led over the mountain and through valleys thick with scrub and rough with bowlders, and the Chinaman was completely broken down when he reached us.

"You won't start with that storm coming on?" we said to Jim as he came out of his tent with a pack on his back.

"Jim wants me—goodby!" he replied, and in five minutes he was out of sight.

An hour later we were all driven to shelter, and for three days and nights there was never a break in the storm. There wasn't a tent on the diggings in sight when the fourth morning came—every one snowed out of sight. If we hadn't been snowed under we should have been frozen to death by the cutting winds. Jim couldn't have made those twenty-eight miles in less than a day with no snow under his feet. We knew that he must have perished in that storm before midnight.

It was a long three weeks before the snow went off, and then two of us went up the trail. All day long we looked for the dead body of the Jim who had started out before the storm, but we did not discover it. An hour before dark we came to the abandoned diggings and caught sight of a single shanty left standing. We should find the other Jim in there—dead. Step by step we advance, dreading to look in, and yet feeling that we must. The door was fast, but the fierce gusts had torn loose some of the light boards at a corner, and we had a view of the interior. Lying on a blanket—on the earth, with another partly covering them, and lying face to face with an arm over each other, were two dead men—Our Jims. The one who had sent the Chinaman might have been raving in delirium when the other reached him through that awful storm, but he heard his voice and knew it. The one who fought his way over that snowbound trail, stumbling, falling, praying—buoyed up by the hope he would not be too late, could do nothing after his journey was ended—nothing but to lie down and die beside his partner. M. QUAD.

PRINCE MICHAEL.

Developments of Gross Inhumanity Among the Saints.

DETROIT, April 13.—The coils are fastening about "Prince Michael," and his associate in crime, Eliza Courts, and there is good prospects that both of them will spend the balance of their lives behind the iron walls. Helen Rawlinson, aged 18, who represented "Temperance" at "Good Meed," but who deserted them and returned to Toronto with her parents, has come back and made charges of a most heinous nature against both people. She arrived this morning, and after a thorough examination by the police, made a complaint in the police court.

She says that the Courts woman declared her to be Michael's spiritual wife that night, and on her refusal to do so the woman assisted Michael to criminally assault her. The penalty for such an offense is life imprisonment in Michigan, and the girl's father, being determined to press matters, Michael and Eliza may have to resort to their divine power to get out. It was expected that Michael would find a new bondsman to-day, but he did not and is still behind the bars. Bell and Richardson, two members of the colony, were arrested today for burglary, being charged with stealing coal from Mrs. Cromwell, a former member.

RUSSIAN FAMINE.

A lady writes as follows concerning the distress in the government of Kazan:—"The distress here is terrible. In the village of Temerifika I found in one hut a family consisting of a mother with four children, all perfectly naked, and in other cottages the occupants were merely draped in a few rags. The scarcity of fuel is so great that the poor wretches cut away the woodwork in their cottages bit by bit for fuel. All the cottages I have visited were completely empty. In the village of Kolokomsky I found seven men so emaciated with hunger that they could not stand on their feet, and when I gave them bread they threw themselves upon it with such avidity that I feared they would choke themselves. Hunger-typhus is spreading everywhere.

Easter Cards at Hibben & Co.'s.

Some bargains in Japanese Reed Chairs, also new line Japanese matting at Weiler Bros. *

For Over Fifty Years.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children when teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. aul-d&w-1y

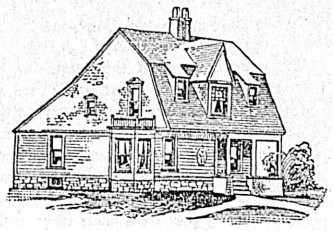
A $1,300 COTTAGE.

This Plan Has Many Advantages Over the Average Cheap House.

[Copyright, 1892, by American Press Association.]

In house building people usually expect more for the money than it is possible to give. The design here printed, however, ought to satisfy the most fastidious and exacting client. It is in the old Colonial style, one and a half stories in height, and contains a remarkable amount of available room.

The exterior, with the front porch, bay window and gambrel roof, broken by dormer windows, produces a charming variety of outline very suggestive of comfort and good cheer within. It is perhaps better adapted to an inside lot, although it would look well on a corner or in open country.

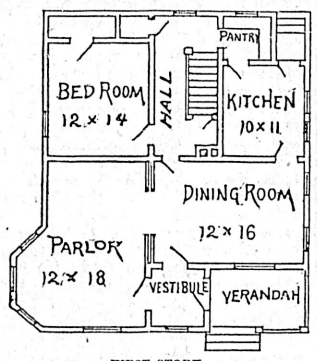


PERSPECTIVE VIEW.

One special feature of the arrangement of the rooms in the first story is the fact that the parlor and dining room are in the front of the house and both command a view of the main street. You enter the house from the veranda or front porch and first pass into a large vestibule, which can be used as a sitting room if desired. The vestibule is lighted by an elliptical window in accordance with the details of old Colonial work and set with pretty stained glass.

Some objections might be made, perhaps, to the location of the hall, since it necessitates passing through the dining room to reach the stairs.

It is true that custom has almost made it imperative that one should be able to pass directly from the front porch or vestibule to the hall and stairs; but we must remember that we are building with economical ideas as to cost and must reserve the most desirable space for the most important room, which in this special case is the parlor. Unless the staircase can be made an ornamental feature it is best located where it may be accessible but not obtrusive. In this case there is a direct passage from the street to the outside kitchen door, and communication from the kitchen to the hall through the pantry.

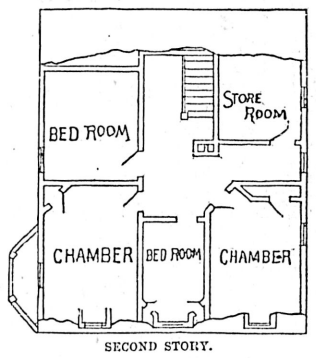


FIRST STORY.

If desired the pantry could be placed at the side where the outside steps are located and the outside door could communicate directly with the hall. But all these matters are questions of individual taste and must be decided by the owner.

In the second story we secure two good sized chambers and a small bedroom in front, with closets for each. In the rear we have a large bathroom and a storeroom.

The main hall in the second story is lighted by a dormer window and the corridor by an elliptical window similar to the window in the vestibule, but with less expensive glazing.



SECOND STORY.

A cellar extends under the entire house. The foundation walls are of brick or stone. The building above the foundation walls is frame. The walls are sheathed, covered with paper and clapboarded. No corner boards are used on the bay window, but the joints of the clapboards are mitered, which gives a very pretty effect. The roofs and sides of the dormer windows are shingled.

This house can be built where materials are cheap for $1,300, without a furnace.

D. W. KING.

Hints on Furnishing.

A house or room crowded with pictures is not in good taste, for the effect is confusing, and the beauties of few can be appreciated. The position of a picture depends somewhat upon whether it has glass or not. Place oil paintings so that the light will fall upon them obliquely if you would show them to advantage.

In ordinary rooms pictures should hang on a level with the eye. The effect of many good pictures is spoiled because they are hung too high. Only small pictures can be safely hung between windows.

We all know the delight of a closet, and alas, we know, too, the misery of doing without, so that a plan for devising the luxury can hardly come amiss. In almost all rooms the corners are practically waste space; they fill no need and supply no want, yet they are there, and they might be turned to good account. Such a simple device as fastening a strip of Japanese diagonally from wall to wall makes the foundation of a most convenient closet. It is first attached in a perfectly secure manner a little below the ceiling; then below it again is placed a brass rod, and from this hangs a pair of heavy curtains. The space can be as small or as large as the size of the room makes advisable, but it will in all cases give a triangular closet, which will not only be of service, but which will add to the effect of the room. Hooks can be hung within the space, and a shelf can fill the upper part of it.—Decorator and Furnisher.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

KASLO CITY,

KOOTENAY LAKE, B. C.

POPULATION POURING IN!

Kaslo is the Headquarters of the Great Slocan Mining Region

You Cannot Make a Better Investment
Than by Buying in Kaslo.

PRICES ARE SURE TO RAPIDLY ADVANCE

Information may be had from the various agencies in British Columbia, and in Spokane, Butte and Helena, or at the office of

IRVING & HAYWOOD,

General Agents Kaslo-Kootenay Land Co.,

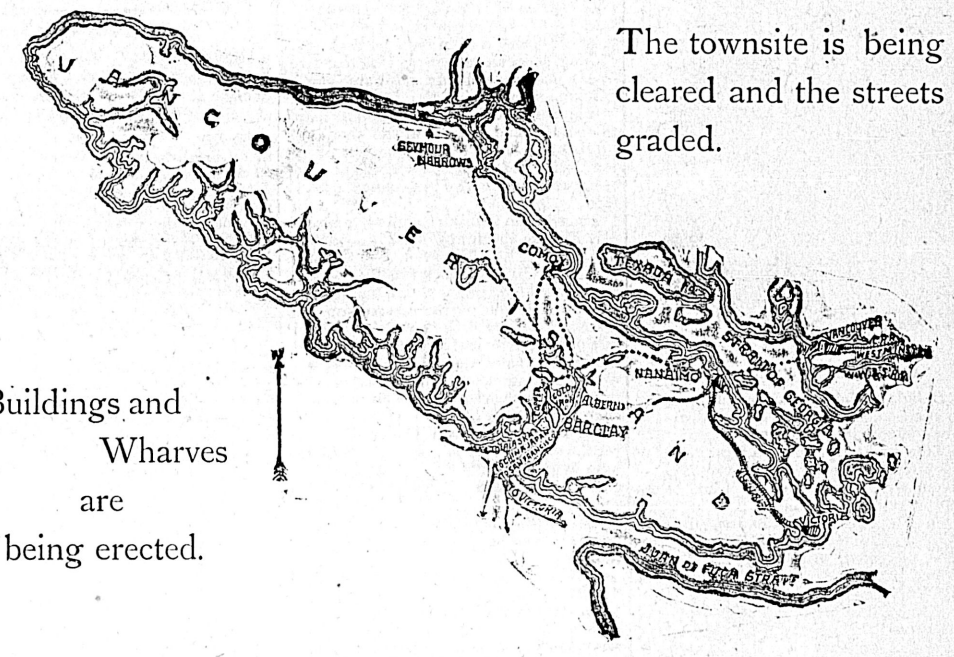
WILLIAMS' BUILDING, - 28½ BROAD ST., VICTORIA, B.C.

Look at the situation of

BARCLAY

As shown on this map, and inquire into its possibilities.

The townsite is being cleared and the streets graded.



Buildings and Wharves are being erected.

Information may be had from the undersigned.

GENERAL AGENTS:
CRANE, McGREGOR & BOGGS,
PAGE & McGREGOR,
YOUNG, BARTLETT & CO,

The Barclay Sound Land and Improvement Co.,
VICTORIA, B. C.

COAL

The New Vancouver Coal Mining and Land Co., Ltd.

FORMERLY THE VANCOUVER COAL CO.)

ARE THE LARGEST COAL PRODUCERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

THE NANAIMO COAL. (Used principally for Gas and Domestic purposes.)

THE SOUTH FIELD COAL. (Steam Fuel.)

THE NEW WELLINGTON COAL.

(House and Steam Coal.) Are mined by this Company only.

THE "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage of Gas, a high Illuminating power, unequalled by any other Bituminous Gas Coals in the world, and a superior quality of Coke.

THE "SOUTH FIELD" COAL is now used by all the leading Steamship Lines on the Pacific.

THE "NEW WELLINGTON" COAL, which was introduced early in the present year, has already become a favorite fuel for domestic purposes. It is a clean, hard coal, makes a bright and cheerful fire, and its lasting qualities make it the most economical fuel in the market.

The several Mines of the Company are connected with their Wharves at Nanaimo and Departure Bay, where ships of the largest tonnage are loaded at all states of the tide. Special dispatch is given to Mail and Ocean Steamers.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS,
Superintendent.

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE

INSURANCE COMPANY.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Messrs. TURNER, BEETON & CO. are authorized to collect all renewal premiums upon policies covering property in the Island of Vancouver, to issue policies and generally to transact all necessary business in connection with the Company's Agency.

THOMAS DAVIDSON,
Managing Director in Canada.

oc30-6m

IT IS AN ADMITTED FACT
—THAT—
THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS
are annually wasted by advertisers in not using enough
BRAINS
in the preparation of advertising matter.

Address M. H. R., Colonist Office
fe12-tf

MEN'S AND BOYS' SUMMER SUITS.
STRAW HATS, FELT HATS.
HALIFAX TWEED SUITS.
ap9-su&w

B. WILLIAMS & CO.
CLOTHIERS AND HATTERS.
97 JOHNSON STREET.

NEW SUMMER SUITS FOR MEN AND BOYS.
BEST VALUE IN THE CITY.
BEST ASSORTMENT & LOWEST PRICES.

Special Correspondence of THE COLONIST.]

NYE WRITES OF ST. JOE.

The Pony Express—The Home of Some Famous Men, Among them Jesse James.

A Few Remarks About Kate Kane, the Noted Chicago Female Lawyer.

Copyright, 1892, by Edgar W. Nye.]

IN MISSOURI,
IN THE SPRINGTIME.

St. Joe was a trading post, established in 1843, at the confluence of the Blacksnake creek with the great parent of waters. It was established by Joseph Robideaux, a Frenchman, and he is the man referred to incidentally on a tombstone up on the shores of Lake Superior. The stone reads as follows:

> This stone was erected to the memory of
> JOHN ROBIDEAUX
> Who was shot by request of his brother.

Joseph is the brother at whose request the stone was erected and who forgot to have the stone properly punctuated.

This country in the early days was invaded by the Sacs and Foxes. A humorous historian might have said the Anglo-Saxon Foxes, but that would be facetious license.

A steamboat landing was erected here at great expense by driving a pole into the river bank. Soon afterward Audubon visited the place, and with prophetic eye foretold the great future in store for St. Joseph. It is the first instance on record where the prophetic eye has been utilized in that way.

AT THE GRAVE OF ROBIDEAUX.

Robideaux laid out a townsite here and then called together the old hunters and trappers to name the little town. Mr. Robideaux had provided a large barrel of something to shatter across the bow of the newly christened craft. Each trapper suggested a name, but each name seemed to be distasteful to Joe, till Charlie Stewart, the "Old Zip Coon" of history, suggested, with his eye on the keg, that it be called St. Joseph in honor of Mr. Robideaux.

"Knock her head in," said Joe, and the barrel was busted quicker than a New York Sunday law.

General good feeling prevailed, followed by remorse and Apollinaris water.

The streets were named while the general good feeling was in the act of prevailing. They were named for the sons and daughters of whom Joseph had repeatedly found himself the parent. Among them were Messanie, Angelique, Sylvanie, Charles, Edmund, Felix, Francis, Jule, Fareon, Michel, Rosine, Antoine, Louis, Fouline, Auguste, Isabelle, Iodine, Fouberg, Robideaux, Alfonse and Poisson. The streets were the first to give out, for Joseph still had his quiver full of names.

Robideaux built a big brick store, which was known far and wide as the great building of the western country. It is now a modest sausage factory famous for its manufacture of the toothsome black-and-tan- sausage of Missouri.

Joseph has long since passed on to that eternal hunting ground where the coonskin cap is entirely superfluous. His portrait now hangs in the board of trade auditorium of the prosperous city.

St. Joe in 1860 became the starting point of the famous pony express, a daring enterprise, which no one but an American would have deemed possible. There was a Wall street scheme at that time for obtaining a subsidy of ten millions of dollars from the government for carrying the mails overland from New York to San Francisco for a year. William H. Russell, backed by Secretary of War Floyd, thought the scheme was not warranted in the interests of economy. He also offered to bet $200,000, that being all he had with him at the time, that he could put on a mail line that would cover the 1,950 miles between St. Joe and San Francisco in ten days.

The Wall street boys took the bet, and the big go-as-you-please race against time began. Mr. Russell bought 300 of the toughest and fleetest ponies he could find, and hired 125 men who could ride on horseback without painful regrets on the following day. The relays were made at ten to twenty miles apart. Each rider had to cover sixty miles, and allow himself two minutes to skip from one horse to the other with his saddle-bags of mail.

April 6, 1860, the pony express started. A gun fired on the steamer Sacramento, in the bay at San Francisco, was the signal. Billy Baker, mounted on the restless little hornet Border Ruffian, made a little cloud of dust, and, as the echo, of the big gun died away, swift as the telegram raising the salary of the operators along the line, he sped toward the Sierras.

All went well. The first rider made twenty miles in forty-nine minutes. Everything ran smoothly, notwithstanding the Indians and the deserts, till the courier reached the Platte. It was a case of Damon and Pythias, so far as high water went, and the treacherous river was more than bank full of icy water rushing over its uneasy bed of quicksand. He only thought of his employers, however, and plunged in. The steed went down like a shot and was never more seen, but the brave rider, with his bag, battled with the roaring, icy torrent till he stopped, panting and dripping, on the muddy shore, and with chattering teeth and a staggering gait started for the station ten miles away.

Sixty miles out from St. Joe, Johnny Fry awaited the arrival of the courier till it seemed to him it was too late to possibly make it. When he got his packet he had four hours to make up. It looked impossible. At St. Joseph thousands were gathered on the bluffs to see the last rider come in. People hardly breathed as the time drew near, and yet no signs of his approach.

It was getting to be a torture to wait. No one spoke. As the time was almost up a little cloud of dust rose on the western horizon, then soon after the measured beat of a pony's hoofs came pulsating on the breeze, and, lathered from head to heels, the panting pony, with wild eye and fluttering breath, came stumbling to the spot, making the last mile in one minute and fifty seconds.

St. Joe was the last residence of Jesse James. He lived here quietly, having traveled a great deal formerly by rail during his life, meeting up with strangers on the cars and conversing with them briefly on current topics. Thrown among strangers as he was so much all his life, it is not strange that at the last he courted quiet and rest with complete change of scene.

He lived in St. Joe under the nom de plume of Howard, and those who were impudent to him at that time now often start up wildly in the night and shriek with terror after dreaming that Mr. Howard has returned to life in St. Joe and with a large shotgun in one hand and a John L. Sullivan ultimatum in the other is engaged in settling up old scores.

Mr. James lived a very uneventful life at St. Joe, and the gas man who remembers now the time when he and Mr. Howard were alone in the cellar looking at the meter, and Mr. Howard spoke rather feelingly about the feeble veracity of the meter, and how he (the gas man) talked loud and got red in the face and bullied Mr. James into paying, now trembles like a leaf when he passes the house, and can hardly look a gas meter in the face.

Prior to the time Mr. James lived here, Mr. Eugene Field, now of Chicago, was a resident of St. Joe. Senator Cochran and Major Bittinger now run The Gazette and Herald, respectively, and Major John N. Edwards for years littered up the streets of St. Joe with the shattered vitals of his foes. During the hot weather it was said that Major Edwards' foes who were awaiting their turn at the undertaker's became even more offensive than they were during life.

St. Joe is a great overall center. The regalia of the Farmers' Alliance is made here in great numbers, and the overall girls throng here like blackbirds in the spring. If I had time I could stand for hours watching them with deft and agile fingers overalling and panting for the trade.

St. Joe is said to be the richest city of its size in the world. In traveling about I run across a good many of those. The richest city of its size is getting to be very plenty in America, and in numbers is only equaled by the "town which has never had what you may call a boom, but has a regular, steady and healthy growth." I wish I could remember how many of these towns I have encountered just this season.

A short time ago I visited The Bee office, in Omaha. Mr. Rosewater says it is the largest newspaper office on the globe. It is certainly the largest I ever saw. It is fireproof and very well planned for convenience.

I SAT ON THE WOODBOX.

A short time ago we passed through Callaway county, Mo. Callaway county has the honor of having seceded at one time from the state of Missouri. Acting on the principle that if a state could secede, the divine right also belonged to a county. Callaway refused to recognize the emancipation fad and also rocked back on her haunches and refused to pay taxes to the state. This ran on for some time, but at last she was forced to come back into the Union because foreign powers refused to recognize her sovereignty and her currency was not taken at par by other nations, as it was poorly printed by an amateur job printer, who did it in colors.

Crossing the river from Jefferson City I noticed the gait of a young man in a brand new suit of Fort Dodge clothes. I asked a Missouri man to look at him. He said "Yes, that's a convict just out. He still has the prison step."

He was a young man, and this Missourian to whom I spoke said that the prison was filled with young men. Why is this? Is it the result of Mr. James' erratic life, or is there some unexplained reason?

We have been in twenty state capitals this winter, and I am sorry to say that without an exception the legislature seemed to be almost entirely engaged in the task of redistricting the state. How many millions of dollars does the reader suppose it costs to redistrict the United States so as to give the prevailing party control of the legislature? This is only another item added to the great and growing expense of an election. By and by a senator will be compelled to be dishonest in order to save anything out of his salary of $5,000 per year and pay his election expenses.

I saw Kate Kane, the noted Chicago female lawyer, the other day. She is rather an aggressive woman, and has been fined repeatedly for contempt. Once she dashed a pitcher of cold water in the face of the court, and as soon as he could get the moisture out of his nose and wring out his whiskers and get a dry woolsack to sit on he fined the aggressive lawyer with a great alacrity. This winter she has been again fined, this time for using language unbecoming a gentleman.

She is a plain woman, with a firm mouth. When she looked toward my coat as though she thought of sharing it with me I gave it all to her and sat on the woodbox. Sometimes the woodbox feels sort of comfortable, I think.

Kate Kane in her practice is regarded as an aggressive woman, as I say. There is certainly nothing actionable in that statement. If so, I will take it back, but I think I am safe in saying that she is aggressive. Sometimes she is abusive also.

Once this last year she was abusing the opposing counsel and the judge mildly reprimanded her.

"You should remember," he said gently to Katie, "that while the court may permit pretty strong language at times, you gone over the bounds in this case and seemed to forget that there are ladies present."

BILL NYE.

Locating a Townsite.

BROWN'S VALLEY, Minn., April 14.—Brown's Valley presented a lively spectacle to-day. Hundreds of men are wandering about, awaiting the first note of the bugle signal, which will be sounded to-morrow, and the rush for the future Sisseton City, 12 miles north and 15 miles west of the Alley. Some excitement was created this morning by the action of a raw cavalry recruit named Dixon, who shot at a couple of Indian police while crossing to Major Wilkinson's camp with mail. Dixon shot through fright. Misses Mamie Shaler and Bessie Cole, two pretty Anamosa, Iowa, school marms, are here after land. They are unprotected, but expect a brother to arrive today. Every man in the crowd has sworn to see the "gals" located on the best half section of the reservation. The roughest camper treats them with consideration and courtesy. There are half a dozen young women here altogether.

"Respectable" Roughs.

NEW YORK, April 14.—Charles De Forest, actor, aged 22, and James C. Campbell, broker, 65 Wall street, this morning at Jefferson Market police court, were held in bail on the charge of assaulting Ernest Hutchinson, husband of Lydia Thompson, at the Fourteenth street theater, last night. The men asked Hutchinson for free admission to the theater, and on his refusal, aad, it is alleged, struck him over the head several blows with a heavy cane. Hutchinson is in a very serious condition. There are palpable evidences of concussion of the brain, serious contusion of the base of the cranium, and compound fracture of the nasal bones.

Dr. Parkhurst's Crusade.

NEW YORK, April 14.—The Rev. Dr. Charles H. Parkhurst, who gained such notoriety by his crusade against this city's dives, issued an address to the citizens of New York this morning in which he tells what methods he adopted to procure the evidence which has been the subject of much adverse criticism. His object, he says, has been solely to secure in the public mind an indictment against the police department. He does not try to defend his method, but says it was the only way in which he could cut to the quick of the whole corrupt business. He refers to the police department as an "organized and salaried criminality," which threatens the community, and says he is determined in his course and will continue it.

Fearful Fall.

NEW YORK, April 13.—Two workmen, George Pfeiffer, 67 years old, and Adolph Schenkle, 45 years old, were dashed to their death, this afternoon, by falling from the roof of the Waldorf, the new hotel being constructed by the Astor family on the corner of Fifth avenue and Thirty-third street. The men fell 12 stories, a distance of 95 feet, to the sidewalk below, and were crushed almost beyond recognition. The awful sight was witnessed by many persons who were promenading on the avenue, and several of the women among them fainted.

A Newspaper's Loss.

WASHINGTON CITY, April 13.—A 9 o'clock this morning fire was discovered in the engine room, adjoining the stock and press room of the Evening Star office, and, although an alarm was promptly given, and the entire department responded immediately, the fire spread rapidly toward the interior of the block, and soon reached the stereotyping and composing rooms on the third and fourth floors. The second, third and fourth floors were gutted, and the pressroom was badly damaged. The stereotyping room is in ruins, but the machinery is not seriously damaged.

At Rio de Janeiro there was a manifestation, last Sunday, in favor of ex-Dictator Da Fonseca, now in prison. Admiral Wandonkolk, who was formerly Minister of Marine, has disappeared.

REPORT ON AGRICULTURE.

The Crops of 1891 Above the Average Everywhere In the Dominion.

The Good Work of the Several Experimental Farms—Increased Immigration to Canada.

From our own Correspondent.

OTTAWA, April 7, 1892.

The annual report of the Minister of Agriculture states that the season of 1891 has given bountiful returns to the Canadian farmer in all parts of the Dominion, almost every important crop having yielded considerably above the average of past years. In British Columbia crops of every sort have been very satisfactory, the area of cultivated land is being radidly increased, agriculture and stock-raising are making good progress and fruit growing is becoming so general, that at the present rate of growth, this Province will soon become a large exporter of fruit. The total importation of cattle into the Dominion during last year was: cattle, 3,473; sheep, 40,467; swine, 381; mules, 76; horses, 3,507. At Victoria, B. C., there were entered 909 cattle, 33,197 sheep, 54 swine, 63 mules, and 409 horses. The class of stock imported at Victoria is reported by the Veterinary inspector there as good. The importation of swine has fallen off, attributable, according to the Inspector, to the enforcement of the regulation for quarantining the animals for 21 days. The increase in sheep may be attributed to the fact of the steamers that formerly ran between Vancouver and the Sound ports being withdrawn, causing all the stock to enter by Victoria. California sent 178 sheep and all the imports are reported by the Inspector to have been free from disease.

The exports of live stock to the United States, via Canadian maritime ports, were, cattle, 108,947; sheep, 32,157; showing a decrease of 13,265 cattle and 11,623 sheep. Mr. Carling points with pleasure to the fact that the inspectors at British ports failed to discover a single case of contagious disease in the cattle exported from Canada during the past year. Owing, presumably, to the great difference in ocean freight rates, 3,088 catttle and 711 sheep were shipped from Montreal via Boston, Portland and New York, to Liverpool, but not being inspected to the circumstance, could not be included in the Inspector's returns. The quality of the fat cattle shipped continues to improve, but many store cattle are still sent forward. The province of Manitoba contributed its first shipment of stall fed cattle to the English market in May last, and Mr. Dyke reports these as a "grand lot of animals." He says they compare most favorably with the best imported cattle from other parts or the Dominion or from the United States. The market was good at the time, and the lot made as good, if not better, prices than any similar animals imported from the Dominion during the last six years.

Freedom from disease of a serious nature continues in live stock throughout the entire Dominion, the only disease which has required inspection being pronounced by the Veterinary Inspector, on investigation, to be anthrax and tuber colosius; the same remarks apply to hogs, amongst which, with the exception of swine plague or hog cholera, in limited locations, no serious diseases have been reported. Professor Andrew Smith, of Toronto, is of opinion that in the vicinity of large cities, swine are kept in a very unsanitary condition and are fed upon offal, which is the means of producing disease. The active measures taken in some parts of Ontario and the slaughter of both healthy and diseased animels with a view of preventing the spread of the disease had the effect of checking the outbreak.

Some very interesting information is given respecting the work of the Experimental farms. The distribution of thoroughbred stock of the most approved breeds for dairy purposes and for beef is proving to be a very useful measure, especially on the western plains. Three of the branch Experimental farms have been thus supplied, and as soon as the buildings now in progress are completed, it is intended to forward some other supplies to Agassiz B. C. The distribution of young trees and of seeds to settlers in the prairie districts of the North West, has awakened much interest in tree culture. Young groves of trees are springing up in every direction, and before many years have passed most of the more thrifty settlers will have thus materially improved the appearance of their homes and have added to their comforts by the shelter these trees will give.

The plantation of both small and large trees on the Experimental farm at Agassiz has during the past season been greatly extended, and almost every promising variety is now established there for the purpose of ascertaining the comparative result of each sort and its general usefulness to the Province.

Since the appointment of a dairy commissioner for the Dominion, an increasing interest in dairying has been awakened in all the Provinces of the Dominion. During the course of the year Professor Robertson addressed 49 conventions of farmers, dairymen and others, interested in improved methods of agriculture. The report contains some interesting statistics with regard to the exports of dairy products. In 1890 1,951,585 lbs of butter valued at $340,131 were exported. Last year this quantity had risen to 3,768,101 lbs valued at $602,175, a substantial increase. The export of cheese from 1868 onwards indicate a continuous increase and furnish a splendid record. In 1890, 94,260,187 lbs valued at $9,372,212 were exported while last year high water mark was reached by the exportation of 106,202,140 lbs valued at $9,508,800.

The report continues to show that in all the miscelaeneous branches, patents, copy rights, trade marks, &c., has increased.

The total arrival of Immigrant passengers and Immigrant settlers last year was 187,378, as against 178,921, in 1890. Of this number 37,114 entered at Custom Houses with settlers effects. The number of Immigrants who arrived last year, and reported by the Agent to the Department as having stated their intention to settle in Canada, was 82,165, as against 75,067 in 1890. The children brought out from workhouses in Great Britian in 1890 were inspected by the officers of the Department and their reports are generally very satisfactory.

Mr. John Jessop, Agent at Victoria, B. C. furnishes a report dealing largely with all matters of interest connected with the island of Vancouver. He reports agriculture as making progress in all settled portions of the island, and new localities opening out on the coast. He reports large areas as leased on Queen Charlotte and contiguous islands for lumber purposes. Fruit growing, mining, lumbering and fishing are the chief occuptions for the immigrants to apply themselves to, in each of which, with care and industry there is every probablity of eventual success. There is a tendency for the laborer to remain in the city with an expectation of employment rather than to go a few miles up the island with the certainty of work on a farm. The building industry in Victoria he represents as being very brisk and as a consequence there is no lack of employment for mechanics, but he does not recommend those who are doing well elsewhere to go to Victoria in the expectation of bettering themselves.

Mr. Sutherland, the agent at Vancouver, B. C., reports a considerable increase over last year in the number remaining in the country, and a marked decrease in the number going to the United States. This he attributes to the fact that nearly all the free lands suitable for farming, on the Pacific coast sites, are taken up or held by capitalists, and a depression in buisness caused large numbers of mechanics and laborers to come north seeking work in British territory. Mr. Sutherland states that as the lands available and suitable for farming become each year further away from the Canadian Pacific railway, and so from easy access, it is very desirable that as much land should be opened up by the Dominion Government for settlemant as practicable. The amount of land placed under crop last year exceeded that of 1890 by about twenty per cent. Considerable progress was made in clearing and cultivating the land for fruit-growing, and thousands of young fruit trees were planted out. Ordinary fruits ripened well, with the exception of plum, cherry and pear trees, which were partially destroyed in bloom, owing to the cold weather. Interesting details respecting the mainland will be found in Mr. Sutherland's report, and his tables show the nationalities, occupation and destinations of those passing through his hands.

LACHIE WULSON ON LOVE.

"It'll no dae, Marget; I tell ye, it'll no dae. Fine I ken ye dinna think as muckle o' me noo, as when ye pit yer heid on my shouther an' tellt me ye were a' my ain."

"Man, Lachie, what's wrang wi' ye? I'm share I dae my best to please ye and mak' ye comfortable."

"To please me! Is that a' that a wife's guid for? I tell ye, Marget, as I've often tellt ye wi' the tear in my e'e, I'll tak' ludgin's, an' then ye'll fin' the want o' the watter when the waal rins dry. Dae ye think I mairritt ye only that ye would please me an' mak' me comfortable?"

"What mair dae ye want, Lachie?"

"O, wumman, did ye no talk poetry to me, an' cry that ye lo'ed me mair than tongue could tell? And did I no say: 'Marget, I feel like Burns when he wrote o' his ain dearie—

> 'To see her was to love her,
> An' love but her for ever!'

"Noo, answer me that, Marget."

"Weel, dae ye no' feel like Burns noo?"

"Ay; but I dinna think you feel like Burns' lass that he spook aboot. Man, wumman, I wid gi'e anything to see you pittin' on you nice bit lovin' smile ye had when I askit ye if ye wid like a pie or a tairt, an' ye said ye wid jist tak' a few broth. O, Marget, it was the beautiful, heavenly shape o' yer mou' when ye said that wee word that went fair to my heart."

"But, Lachie, ye ken fine coortship is clean different frae marriage."

"Why should it be, Marget? I wud like to ken what mak's you think that a wumman should be like a turtle dove, cooin' awa' as sweet as honey, an' the minute she's marriet turn as soor as vinegar in the mou'."

"Come, come, Lachie, ye ken as weel as I dae that I have never been soor to you, and if ye dinna tak' me as I am, ye maun jist leave me. My certis, I wid like to see you in ludgin' for a week. It wad mak' ye think mair o' yer ain hame wi' its cosy fire-en' and a' the comforts that a sair, hauden-doon wife can—O-o-o-o!"

"Whisht, Marget, my wumman. Dinna greet like that. There's a guid lass. Man, I was only jokin', Marget. I'm sayin'; whaur was that shop ye were talking aboot wi' the fine bennet in the window? I say, Marget, dinna greet like that, my lass; was it the Trongate ye said? Here noo, get on yer things, and we'll gang awa and see't."

"O, Lachie, ye're an awfu' yin, but, faigs I lo'e ye weel."

"Eh, what's that, Marget? Come awa' then, and as true's onything, I'll buy ye that bonnet. But mind ye, nae mair soor plooms for me. Ye maunna thraw yer mou' into an ill-natur'd girn, for it'll no dae, Marget; I tell ye it'll no dae."—The Glasgow Bailie.

Cold Weather Trials.

DEAR SIRS,—This fall and winter I suffered from neuralgia in my face, and had the best medical advice without avail. I at last thought of trying B. B. B., and after using one bottle, have not felt any symptoms of neuralgia since. I regard it as a fine family medicine. J. T. DROST, Heaslip, Man.

WOMAN'S WORLD.

Handsome Fabrics to be Worn During the Coming Season.

Some of the New Hats and Bonnets to be Seen To-day—Flowers and Trimmings.

It may seem rather premature to mention summer materials at this early date, but artistic fashions for developing the dainty, light-weight textures have already made their appearance, and summer gowns may now be safely made up by women who do not care to defer this work until the more enervating weather sets in. The assortment of ginghams, organdies and challies is little less than bewildering, and the designs are fully as attractive as those displayed by the silken fabrics. The Bedford ginghams have exactly the effect of Bedford cord, although the cords are not as clearly defined as in the wool goods. These ginghams are shown in solid colors, in two-toned effects and in colored and white stripes.

The Jacquard gauze ginghams are delicate and sheer, as the name implies, and have grounds of heliotrope, pale blue, pink and canary, figured in every instance with odd devices in white. A neat gingham has a heliotrope back ground, upon which detached clover leaves in white and in dark heliotrope are wrought with the effect of embroidery. Isfode, gray, heliotrope and light and dark blue are popular colors in these goods, but pea-green and canary are newer, and are consequently accorded special favor.

Plain and dotted organdies are figured with floral devices.

Mousseline de l'Inde is as sheer and smooth as nainsook, and quite as cool as organdy. The grounds are either white or colored, and are figured with contrasting dots, serpentine stripes, flowers and numerous other handsome designs.

For lawn parties and other outdoor fetes no cotton material is more dressy than the embroidered net and batiste flouncings, which are invariably made up with plain fabrics to match.

Prominent among the net flouncings are the Pompadour and guipure varieties. The former is a black Irish-point net, embroidered with colored flowers and bouquets like the Pompadour silks. Guipure flouncing is presented in colors and shows a hem-stitched border and open-work embroidery wrought in bands of graduated widths.

Challies show flowers, polka dots, lozenge-shaped spots, stripes and other designs on black, white and colored grounds. On a cream surface are seen detached conventionalized pink rosebuds; a similar ground is illuminated with a heliotrope vine and gray flowers that look as though painted in water-colors. A pretty challis for half mourning has a light-gray ground, bearing dark-gray flowers. Navy blue challies are figured with white stripes, polka dots and flowers, and a black ground displays groups of tiny red brick. All the fashionable colors are seen in this larger class of printed woollens, and they are handled as artistically as in any other wool fabric. Fluffy modes are better suited to the challies than those showing severe outlines, especially in the bodice. The plain French skirts display the goods to excellent advantage; and when thin fabrics are made up in such a skirt a firm binding of sateen or silk should be added. I recently beheld a very pretty challis made up for summer wear. On a cream surface were scattered delicately colored pansies. The dress was made quite plain, the skirt being the plain French style, firmly lined with sateen, and a little ruffle at the bottom to produce the correct flare; the bodice was quite plain, cut in a peak at the back and front; its appearance was greatly enhanced by a jablot of cream lace falling down the front of the bodice.

It is stated, with more or less emphasis, that grenadines will be even more popular this summer than last; and if genuine beauty of design and texture may be taken as a criterion, there can be little doubt that these goods will strongly rival Cohing silk and drapery nets—indeed, there is every probability that they will be more generally worn than the nets. As a rule, the designs in the grenadines will appear to best advantage against foundations of colored silk, and the goods will generally be made up in this way, except in street gowns, for which black foundations are in best taste.

Nature herself never dreamed of more beautiful flowers than those shown by the milliners. If you are difficult to please it does not matter, for from the orchid, in every variety, to the huge crysanthemum, from the great crimson rose to the tiny wild one, from tulips and annunciation lilies down to the tiny violet and tinier forget-me-not, every flower of the field and hot-house is represented, and you can take your choice. The violets were so popular last year, that it seemed as if they could not have the same favor shown them again; but it is certain that they will be just as much in vogue, the preference being given, however, to the dark Russian rather than the lighter ones. Small wreaths and bandeaux of flowers are seen, and as they can be arranged on a hat to form the trimming, they appeal to the amateur milliner.

It may be said that the tendency is towards small hats, supposing that hats embrace bonnets. Still, while the hats are not tiny, they are smaller than those shown during the winter, and the bonnets are not much larger than the plateau, which has been found capable of holding so much that is decorative although it is so small in size.

Lace bids fair to overflow everything in riotous waves, fans and jabots. The shade chosen is oftenest that matching the straw, the dead white not being either becoming or so effective. In black lace the French, which has been so long used in millinery, continues to hold its own, although the patterns that are very light are given the preference over the heavy ones. A few bonnets are made entirely of lace, but they are very often so thoroughly decorated with it that it is difficult to decide where the lace begins and the straw ends.

Very broad moire ribbons are showing on some of the new bonnets for ties, the intention being that they shall be arranged under the chin in stiff loops and with long ends. But it is doubtful if this will be a fashion that will obtain. The velvet ribbon is more becoming, as its tendency is to soften the skin, and certainly the narrow ties are more comfortable than the wide ones.

Black straw hats are frequently preferred to light-colored ones for early summer wear. A stylish black chip has a bell crown, and a broad brim faced with a shirring of black lace, that shows in a tiny frill at the edge. A frill of finely plaited lace falls softly over the brim, and two bows of velvet ribbon, that rise from frills of closely plaited lace are placed at the back. At the left side toward the back is adjusted a bunch of yellow jonquills.

Although just at first so many of the bonnets and hats seem elaborate, it is certain that simpler and plainer styles will be shown a little later on.

Although heavy veiling is shown, the lighter veils will be used, especially with bonnets.

In choosing the material for your coat, just remember that it must be becoming, not only in color but also in material. A very smart plaid watering, or a close check may be suitable for your friend who is tall and slender, but on you who are short and plump it will have the effect of making you appear at least an inch shorter, consequently you want to avoid that. On stout women, generally, a smooth, plain cloth is most desirable, but I do not advise either the light greys, the biscuits, or the wood colors, for they seem to add to the flesh, take away from the height, and be everything but what they should be—becoming.

The light coats are most becoming to women who have dark hair, and clear, rosy skin; they make pale women look sallow.

Do not make the mistake of getting coats that are too elaborate for the places you will wear them, and the frocks with which they will be worn. Instead, choose a simple coat of good material, that is well made, and which will be becoming to you. Never have a coat too tight; it may fit perfectly without requiring an effort to button it. The coat that fits without wrinkling, or dragging, which does not pull at the seams, nor show any strain on the button holes, and yet which seems close fitting, is the one that is really the smart jacket.

Although coats of silk and lace were much worn last season, still they bid fair to have a decided vogue given to them this year. They look so extremely well over a plain silk or lace skirt, and the liking for them is easily understood. Very often ribbons are combined with the lace, and then an extremely elaborate effect is achieved.

The first of Spring sewing is sure to be the little cotton frocks for the small children of all ages, and they can be gotten out of the way before the more important garments are begun. Girls' frocks must visit the wash-tub regularly, so bear this in mind and sacrifice fuss to cleanliness. Buy sufficient goods for new sleeves, and turn up deep hems, for cotton will shrink, and children are equally determined to grow. Trim with embroidery, Point de Genes lace—this lace use very sparingly—and fancy cotton braid, which is so easy to iron. In place of pique, buy cotton corduroy; be as plentiful as you can with stripes and plaides and ginghams; slip in at least a couple of white dresses, a divinity and a nainsook, or an embroidered flouncing, and do not forget one or two pretty rosebud, violet or forget-me-not cambrics. White guimpes, of tucked or feather-stitched wainsook, may be worn with any and all of these frocks, and they may be, with or without the white sleeves, ending in a tiny rolled cuff. The white ones are clean and dainty in appearance, but add to the washing; and when making up clothes in the Spring I would advise everyone "doing them up themselves" to think ahead how they will fancy ironing all of these "extra touches" on a July day.

In small plaids, and checks forming plaids, the ginghams appear in blue, pink and tan shades, cross-barred with yellow, red and such bright contrasts. They are undoubtedly very pretty when made up on the bias; but when so cut they will pull askew when straightened out for ironing. All of these skirts are gathered, two breadths answering for the tiniest tots, and three being in the skirt of a girl of five years. The low-neck waist, worn over a guimpe, has a frill of gingham or embroidery, and, if made high-necked, the frill may simulate a bertha. Coat sleeves, full at the top, have an edging or turn-over cuff of embroidery, while with white sleeves attached to the guimpe the dress sleeves are tiny puffs. If a belt is worn, have it of insertion, though many of the gathered skirts are sewed to the round waist, with buttons in the back, and have only under-arm and shoulder seams. Over a glimpse of tucked nainsook the low waist is perfectly plain, or gathered top and bottom. A little vest of embroidery is sometimes seen, also bretelle frills of gingham, or edging from the waist line in front, over the shoulders, to the waist at the back. High waists are trimmed with narrow vests, a square of touched nainsook, jacket fronts finished with edging, and opening over a flat front of embroidery, or a plaited one of the gingham. Other waists are full from the shoulders and creased at the waist line in surplice fashion over a V of embroidery. Girdle pieces, forming a point in front, are sewed in the side seams, and tucked fronts also appear. The collar is of narrow edging, turned over. White or ecru Irish point lace trims some elaborate cotton frocks, as a yoke, cuffs and girdle.

MEDICAL HINTS.

Cure for Dyspepsia.

As is well known, this troublesome complaint arises from over-eating, the use of too much rich food, neglected constipation, lack of exercise, bad air, etc. The food should be thoroughly chewed and never bolted or swallowed in haste, stimulants must be avoided and exercise taken if possible. A remedy which has rarely failed to give prompt relief and effect permanent cures, even in the most obstinate cases, is Burdock Blood Bitters. It acts by regulating and toning the digestive organs, removing costiveness and increasing the appetite and restoring health and vigor to the system. As a case in point we quote from a letter written by Miss L. A. Kuhn, of Hamilton, Ont.:—"Two years ago life seemed a burden. I could not eat the simplest food without being in dreadful misery in my stomach, under my shoulders and across the back of my neck. Medical advice failed to procure relief, and seeing B. B. B. advertised, I took two bottles of it, and have been entirely free from any symtoms of my complaint since."

This gives very conclusive proof of the efficiency of this wonderful remedy.

A few elegant French China Dinner Services at Weiler Bros. *